

## Introduction

The Xilinx LogiCORE™ IP FIFO Generator is a fully verified first-in first-out (FIFO) memory queue for applications requiring in-order storage and retrieval. The core provides an optimized solution for all FIFO configurations and delivers maximum performance (up to 500 MHz) while utilizing minimum resources. Delivered through the Xilinx CORE Generator™ software, the structure can be customized by the user including the width, depth, status flags, memory type, and the write/read port aspect ratios.

The FIFO Generator core supports Native interface FIFOs and AXI4 interface FIFOs. The Native interface FIFO cores include the original standard FIFO functions delivered by the previous versions of the FIFO Generator (up to v6.2). Native interface FIFO cores are optimized for buffering, data width conversion and clock domain decoupling applications, providing in-order storage and retrieval.

AXI4 interface FIFOs are derived from the Native interface FIFO. Three AXI4 interface styles are available: AXI4-Stream, AXI4 and AXI4-Lite.

For more details on the features of each interface, see [Features, page 2](#).

<b>LogiCORE IP Facts</b>	
<b>Core Specifics</b>	
Supported FPGA Device Families <sup>(1)</sup>	Zynq-7000, Artix-7, Virtex-7, Kintex-7, Virtex-6, Virtex-5, Virtex-4, Spartan-6, Spartan-3A/3AN/3A DSP, Spartan-3E, Spartan-3
Supported User Interfaces	AXI4-Stream, AXI4, AXI4-Lite
Performance and Resources Used	See <a href="#">Table 20</a> through <a href="#">Table 26</a>
<b>Provided with Core</b>	
Documentation	Product Specification User Guide Release Notes Migration Guide <sup>(2)</sup>
Design Files	NGC
Example Design	VHDL
Test Bench	VHDL
Constraints File	Xilinx Constraints File
Simulation Model	Verilog Behavioral <sup>(3)</sup> VHDL Behavioral <sup>(3)</sup> Verilog Structural VHDL Structural
Instantiation Template	VHDL, Verilog
<b>Design Tool Requirements</b>	
Implementation	Xilinx ISE v13.4
Simulation <sup>(4)</sup>	Mentor Graphics ModelSim Cadence Incisive Enterprise Simulator
<b>Support</b>	
Provided by Xilinx, Inc.	

1. For the complete list of supported devices, see [Table 2, page 6](#), [Table 6, page 18](#) and the [release notes](#) for this core.
2. The Migration Guide provides instructions for converting legacy Asynchronous FIFO and Synchronous FIFO LogiCORE IP cores to FIFO Generator cores.
3. Behavioral models do not model synchronization delay. See the "Simulating Your Design" section of UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide* for details.
4. For the supported versions of the tools, see the [ISE Design Suite 13: Release Notes Guide](#).

## Features

### Common Features

- Supports Native, AXI4-Stream, AXI4 and AXI4-Lite interfaces
- FIFO depths up to 4,194,304 words
- FIFO data widths from 1 to 1024 bits
- Independent or common clock domains
- VHDL example design and demonstration test bench demonstrating the IP core design flow, including how to instantiate and simulate it
- Fully configurable using the Xilinx CORE Generator

### Native FIFO Specific Features

- Symmetric or Non-symmetric aspect ratios (read-to-write port ratios ranging from 1:8 to 8:1)
- Synchronous or asynchronous reset option
- Selectable memory type (block RAM, distributed RAM, shift register, or built-in FIFO)
- Option to operate in Standard or First-Word Fall-Through modes (FWFT)
- Full and Empty status flags, and Almost Full and Almost Empty flags for indicating one-word-left
- Programmable Full and Empty status flags, set by user-defined constant(s) or dedicated input port(s)
- Configurable handshake signals
- Hamming Error Injection and Correction Checking (ECC) support for block RAM and Built-in FIFO configurations
- Embedded register option for block RAM and built-in FIFO configurations

### AXI4 FIFO Features

- Supports all three AXI4 interface protocols - AXI4, AXI4-Stream, and AXI4-Lite
- Symmetric aspect ratios
- Asynchronous active low reset
- Selectable configuration type (FIFO, Register Slice, or Pass Through Wire)
- Selectable memory type (block RAM, or distributed RAM)
- Selectable application type (Data FIFO, Packet FIFO, or low latency FIFO)
- Operates in First-Word Fall-Through mode (FWFT)
- Configurable Ready and Valid handshake signals mappable to Native FIFO Full and Empty flags, to Almost Full and Almost Empty flags for one-word-left, as well as to Programmable Full and Empty levels
- Configurable Interrupt signals
- Auto-calculation of FIFO width based on AXI signal selections and data and address widths
- Hamming Error Injection and Correction Checking (ECC) support for block RAM FIFO configurations

## Native Interface FIFOs

The Native interface FIFO can be customized to utilize block RAM, distributed RAM or built-in FIFO resources available in some FPGA families to create high-performance, area-optimized FPGA designs.

Standard mode and First Word Fall Through are the two operating modes available for Native interface FIFOs.

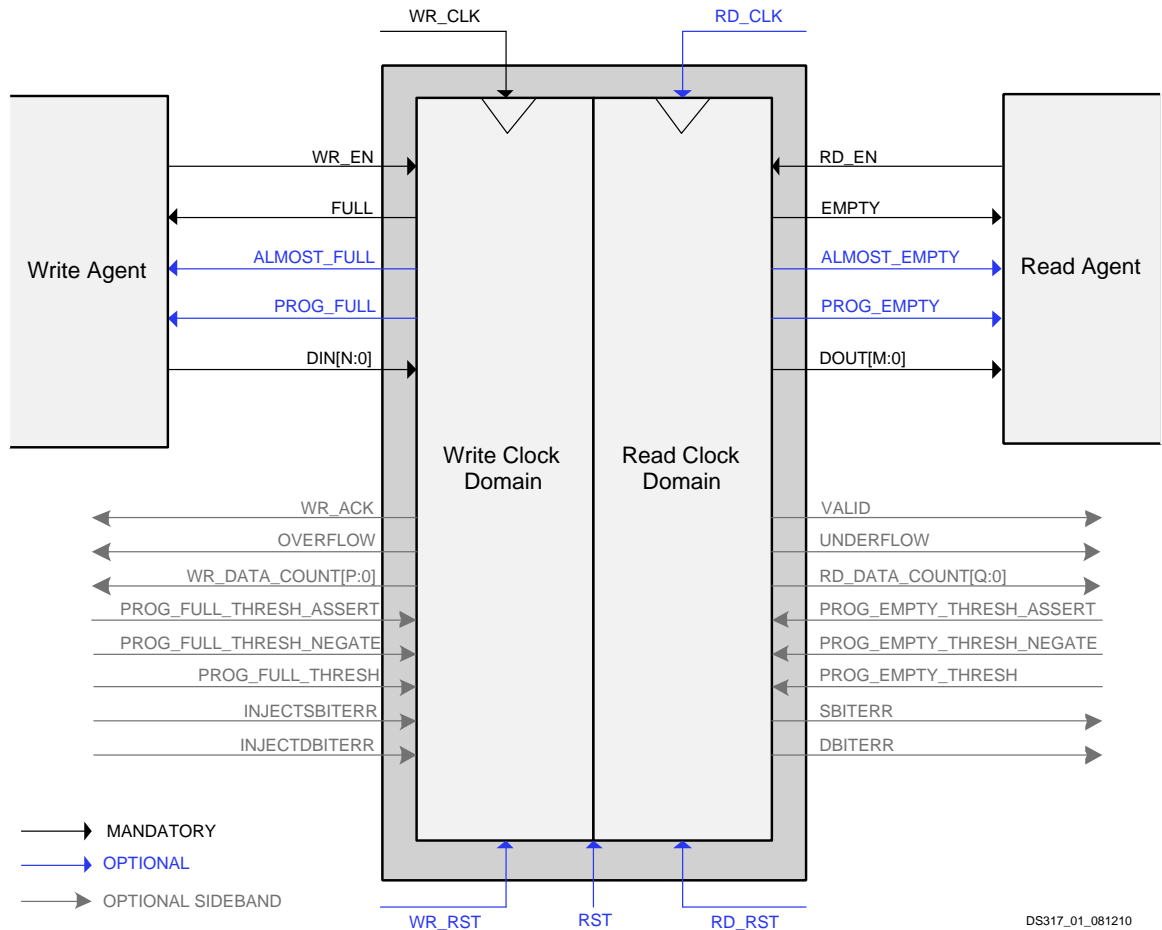


Figure 1: Native FIFOs Signals

## Native FIFO Applications

In digital designs, FIFOs are ubiquitous constructs required for data manipulation tasks such as clock domain crossing, low-latency memory buffering, and bus width conversion. Figure 2 highlights just one of many configurations that the FIFO Generator supports. In this example, the design has two independent clock domains and the width of the write data bus is four times wider than the read data

bus. Using the FIFO Generator, the user is able to rapidly generate solutions such as this one, that is customized for their specific requirements and provides a solution fully optimized for Xilinx FPGAs.

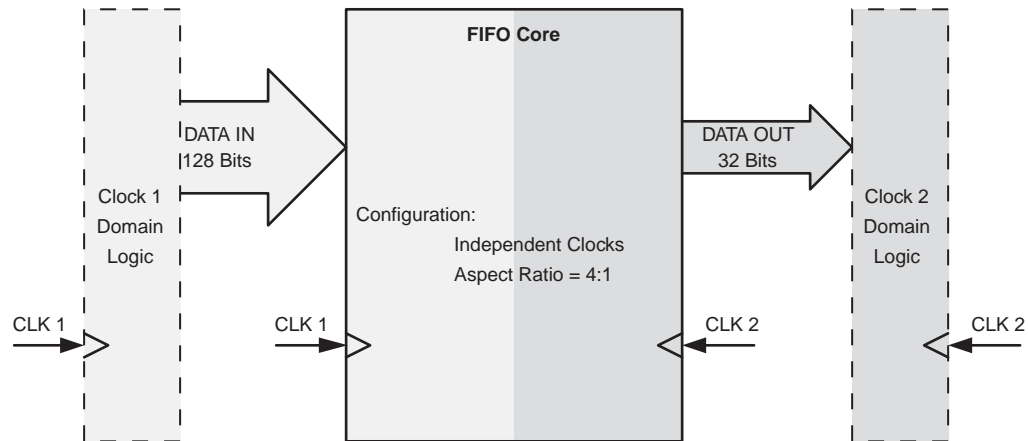


Figure 2: FIFO Generator Application Example

## Native FIFO Feature Overview

### Clock Implementation and Operation

The FIFO Generator enables FIFOs to be configured with either independent or common clock domains for write and read operations. The independent clock configuration of the FIFO Generator enables the user to implement unique clock domains on the write and read ports. The FIFO Generator handles the synchronization between clock domains, placing no requirements on phase and frequency. When data buffering in a single clock domain is required, the FIFO Generator can be used to generate a core optimized for that single clock.

### Zynq-7000, 7 Series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA Built-in FIFO Support

The FIFO Generator supports the Zynq™-7000, Virtex®-6, Virtex-5, and 7 series (Artix™-7, Virtex-7, and Kintex™-7) FPGA built-in FIFO modules, enabling large FIFOs to be created by cascading the built-in FIFOs in both width and depth. The core expands the capabilities of the built-in FIFOs by utilizing the FPGA fabric to create optional status flags not implemented in the built-in FIFO macro. The built-in Error Correction Checking (ECC) feature in the built-in FIFO macro is also available to the user.

See the appropriate FPGA user guide for frequency requirements.

### Virtex-4 FPGA Built-in FIFO Support

Support of the Virtex-4 FPGA built-in FIFO allows generation of a single FIFO primitive complete with fabric implemented flag patch, described in "Solution 1: Synchronous/Asynchronous Clock Work-Arounds," in [UG070](#), *Virtex-4 FPGA User Guide*.

### First-Word Fall-Through (FWFT)

The first-word fall-through (FWFT) feature provides the ability to look-ahead to the next word available from the FIFO without issuing a read operation. When data is available in the FIFO, the first word falls through the FIFO and appears automatically on the output bus (DOUT). FWFT is useful in applications that require low-latency access to data and to applications that require throttling based on

the contents of the data that are read. FWFT support is included in FIFOs created with block RAM, distributed RAM, or built-in FIFOs in the Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 or Virtex-5 devices.

### Supported Memory Types

The FIFO Generator implements FIFOs built from block RAM, distributed RAM, shift registers, or the Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA built-in FIFOs. The core combines memory primitives in an optimal configuration based on the selected width and depth of the FIFO. The following table provides best-use recommendations for specific design requirements. The generator also creates single primitive Virtex-4 FPGA built-in FIFOs with the fabric implemented flag patch described in “Solution 1: Synchronous/Asynchronous Clock Work-Arounds,” in the *Virtex-4 FPGA User Guide*.

Table 1: Memory Configuration Benefits

	Independent Clocks	Common Clock	Small Buffering	Medium-Large Buffering	High Performance	Minimal Resources
Zynq-7000, 7 Series, Virtex-6, and Virtex-5 FPGA with Built-in FIFO	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Block RAM	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Shift Register		✓	✓		✓	
Distributed RAM	✓	✓	✓		✓	

### Non-Symmetric Aspect Ratio Support

The core supports generating FIFOs with write and read ports of different widths, enabling automatic width conversion of the data width. Non-symmetric aspect ratios ranging from 1:8 to 8:1 are supported for the write and read port widths. This feature is available for FIFOs implemented with block RAM that are configured to have independent write and read clocks.

### Embedded Registers in block RAM and FIFO Macros

In Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 and Virtex-4 FPGA block RAM and FIFO macros, embedded output registers are available to increase performance and add a pipeline register to the macros. This feature can be leveraged to add one additional latency to the FIFO core (DOUT bus and VALID outputs) or implement the output registers for FWFT FIFOs. The embedded registers available in Zynq-7000, 7 series, and Virtex-6 FPGAs can be reset (DOUT) to a default or user programmed value for common clock built-in FIFOs. See Embedded Registers in block RAM and FIFO Macros in UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide* for more information.

### Error Injection and Correction (ECC) Support

The block RAM and FIFO macros are equipped with built-in Error Correction Checking (ECC) in the Virtex-5 FPGA architecture and built-in Error Injection and Correction Checking in the Zynq-7000, 7 series, and Virtex-6 FPGA architectures. This feature is available for both the common and independent clock block RAM or built-in FIFOs.

## Native FIFO Supported Devices

Table 2 shows the families and sub-families supported by the Native FIFO Generator. For more details about device support, see the [Release Notes](#).

Table 2: Supported FPGA Families and Sub-Families

FPGA Family	Sub-Family
Virtex-7	
Virtex-7 -2L	
Virtex-7 -2G	
Virtex-7	XT
Kintex-7	
Kintex-7-2L	
Artix-7	
Zynq-7000	
Virtex-6 XC	CXT/LXT/SXT/HXT
Virtex-6 XQ	LXT/SXT
Virtex-6 -1L XC	LXT/SXT
Virtex-6 -1L XQ	LXT/SXT
Spartan-6 XC	LX/LXT
Spartan-6 XA	LX/LXT
Spartan-6 XQ	LX/LXT
Spartan-6 -1L	XC LX
Spartan-6 -1L	XQ LX
Virtex-5 XC	LX/LXT/SXT/TXT/FXT
Virtex-5 XQ	LX/LXT/SXT/FXT
Virtex-4 XC	LX/SX/FX
Virtex-4 XQ	LX/SX/FX
Virtex-4 XQR	LX/SX/FX
Spartan-3 XC	
Spartan-3 XA	
Spartan-3A XC	3A / 3A DSP / 3AN
Spartan-3A XA	3A / 3A DSP
Spartan-3E XC	
Spartan-3E XA	

## Native FIFO Configuration and Implementation

Table 3 defines the supported memory and clock configurations.

Table 3: FIFO Configurations

Clock Domain	Memory Type	Non-symmetric Aspect Ratios	First-word Fall-Through	ECC Support	Embedded Register Support
Common	Block RAM		✓	✓	✓ (1)
Common	Distributed RAM		✓		
Common	Shift Register				
Common	Built-in FIFO <sup>(2)</sup>		✓ (3)	✓	✓ (1)
Independent	Block RAM	✓	✓	✓	✓ (1)
Independent	Distributed RAM		✓		
Independent	Built-in FIFO <sup>(2), (4)</sup>		✓ (3)	✓	

1. Embedded register support is only available for Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 and Virtex-4 FPGA block RAM-based FIFOs, as well as Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA common clock built-in FIFOs.
2. The built-in FIFO primitive is only available in the Virtex-6, Virtex-5 and Virtex-4 architectures.
3. FWFT is supported for Built-in FIFOs in Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 devices only.
4. For non-symmetric aspect ratios, use the block RAM implementation (feature not supported in built-in FIFO primitive).

### Common Clock: Block RAM, Distributed RAM, Shift Register

This implementation category allows the user to select block RAM, distributed RAM, or shift register and supports a common clock for write and read data accesses. The feature set supported for this configuration includes status flags (full, almost full, empty, and almost empty) and programmable empty and full flags generated with user-defined thresholds.

In addition, optional handshaking and error flags are supported (write acknowledge, overflow, valid, and underflow), and an optional data count provides the number of words in the FIFO. In addition, for the block RAM and distributed RAM implementations, the user has the option to select a synchronous or asynchronous reset for the core. For Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA designs, the block RAM FIFO configuration also supports ECC.

### Common Clock: Zynq-7000, 7 Series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 or Virtex-4 FPGA Built-in FIFO

This implementation category allows the user to select the built-in FIFO available in the Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 or Virtex-4 FPGA architecture and supports a common clock for write and read data accesses. The feature set supported for this configuration includes status flags (full and empty) and optional programmable full and empty flags with user-defined thresholds.

In addition, optional handshaking and error flags are available (write acknowledge, overflow, valid, and underflow). The Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA built-in FIFO configuration also supports the built-in ECC feature.

### Independent Clocks: Block RAM and Distributed RAM

This implementation category allows the user to select block RAM or distributed RAM and supports independent clock domains for write and read data accesses. Operations in the read domain are synchronous to the read clock and operations in the write domain are synchronous to the write clock.

The feature set supported for this type of FIFO includes non-symmetric aspect ratios (different write and read port widths), status flags (full, almost full, empty, and almost empty), as well as programmable full and empty flags generated with user-defined thresholds. Optional read data count and write data count indicators provide the number of words in the FIFO relative to their respective clock domains. In addition, optional handshaking and error flags are available (write acknowledge, overflow, valid, and underflow). For Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA designs, the block RAM FIFO configuration also supports ECC.

### Independent Clocks: Zynq-7000, 7 Series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 or Virtex-4 FPGA Built-in FIFO

This implementation category allows the user to select the built-in FIFO available in the Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 or Virtex-4 FPGA architecture. Operations in the read domain are synchronous to the read clock and operations in the write domain are synchronous to the write clock.

The feature set supported for this configuration includes status flags (full and empty) and programmable full and empty flags generated with user-defined thresholds. In addition, optional handshaking and error flags are available (write acknowledge, overflow, valid, and underflow). The Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA built-in FIFO configuration also supports the built-in ECC feature.

### Native FIFO Feature Summary

[Table 4](#) summarizes the supported FIFO Generator features for each clock configuration and memory type. For detailed information, see UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide*.

**Table 4: FIFO Configurations Summary**

FIFO Feature	Independent Clocks			Common Clock		
	Block RAM	Distributed RAM	Built-in FIFO	Block RAM	Distributed RAM, Shift Register	Built-in FIFO
Non-symmetric Aspect Ratios <sup>(1)</sup>	✓					
Symmetric Aspect Ratios	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Almost Full	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Almost Empty	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Handshaking	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Data Count	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Programmable Empty/Full Thresholds	✓	✓	✓ <sup>(2)</sup>	✓	✓	✓ <sup>(2)</sup>
First-Word Fall-Through <sup>(3)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Synchronous Reset				✓	✓	
Asynchronous Reset	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓ <sup>(4)</sup>	✓



Table 4: FIFO Configurations Summary (Cont'd)

FIFO Feature	Independent Clocks			Common Clock		
	Block RAM	Distributed RAM	Built-in FIFO	Block RAM	Distributed RAM, Shift Register	Built-in FIFO
DOUT Reset Value	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓ (5)
ECC	✓ (6)		✓ (6)	✓ (6)		✓ (6)
Embedded Register	✓ (7)			✓ (7)		✓ (7)

1. For applications with a single clock that require non-symmetric ports, use the independent clock configuration and connect the write and read clocks to the same source. A dedicated solution for common clocks will be available in a future release. Contact your Xilinx representative for more details.
2. For built-in FIFOs, the range of Programmable Empty/Full threshold is limited to take advantage of the logic internal to the macro.
3. First-Word-Fall-Through is not supported for the shift RAM FIFOs and Virtex-4 built-in FIFOs.
4. Asynchronous reset is optional for all FIFOs built using distributed and block RAM.
5. DOUT Reset Value is supported only in Zynq-7000, 7 series, and Virtex-6 FPGA common clock built-in FIFOs.
6. ECC is only supported for the Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGAs and block RAM and built-in FIFOs.
7. Embedded register option is only supported in Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6, Virtex-5 and Virtex-4 FPGA block RAM FIFOs, as well as Zynq-7000, 7 series, Virtex-6 and Virtex-5 FPGA common clock built-in FIFOs. See <BL Blue>Embedded Registers in block RAM and FIFO Macros.

## Native FIFO Port Summary

Table 5 describes all the FIFO Generator ports. For detailed information about any of the ports, see Chapter 3, Core Architecture, in the *FIFO Generator User Guide*.

Table 5: FIFO Generator Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
RST	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
SRST	I	Yes	No	Yes
CLK	I	No	No	Yes
DATA_COUNT[C:0]	O	Yes	No	Yes
Write Interface Signals				
WR_CLK	I	No	Yes	No
DIN[N:0]	I	No	Yes	Yes
WR_EN	I	No	Yes	Yes
FULL	O	No	Yes	Yes
ALMOST_FULL	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_FULL	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
WR_DATA_COUNT[D:0]	O	Yes	Yes	No
WR_ACK	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
OVERFLOW	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_FULL_THRESH	I	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 5: FIFO Generator Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_FULL_THRESH_NEGATE	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
WR_RST	I	Yes	Yes	No
INJECTSBITERR	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
INJECTDBITERR	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
Read Interface Signals				
RD_CLK	I	No	Yes	No
DOUT[M:0]	O	No	Yes	Yes
RD_EN	I	No	Yes	Yes
EMPTY	O	No	Yes	Yes
ALMOST_EMPTY	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_EMPTY	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
RD_DATA_COUNT[C:0]	O	Yes	Yes	No
VALID	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
UNDERFLOW	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_EMPTY_THRESH	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_NEGATE	I	Yes	Yes	Yes
SBITERR	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBITERR	O	Yes	Yes	Yes
RD_RST	I	Yes	Yes	No

## AXI4 Interface FIFOs

AXI4 interface FIFOs are derived from the Native interface FIFO, as shown in Figure 3. Three AXI4 interface styles are available: AXI4-Stream, AXI4 and AXI4-Lite. In addition to applications supported by the Native interface FIFO, AXI4 FIFOs can also be used in AXI4 System Bus and Point-to-Point high speed applications.

Use the AXI4 FIFOs in the same applications supported by the Native Interface FIFO when you need to connect to other AXI functions. AXI4 FIFOs can also be integrated into an EDK embedded system IP by using the EDK Create/Import Peripheral (CIP) wizard. Refer to Chapter 7: Creating Your Own Intellectual Property of the EDK Concepts, Tools and Techniques Guide for details.

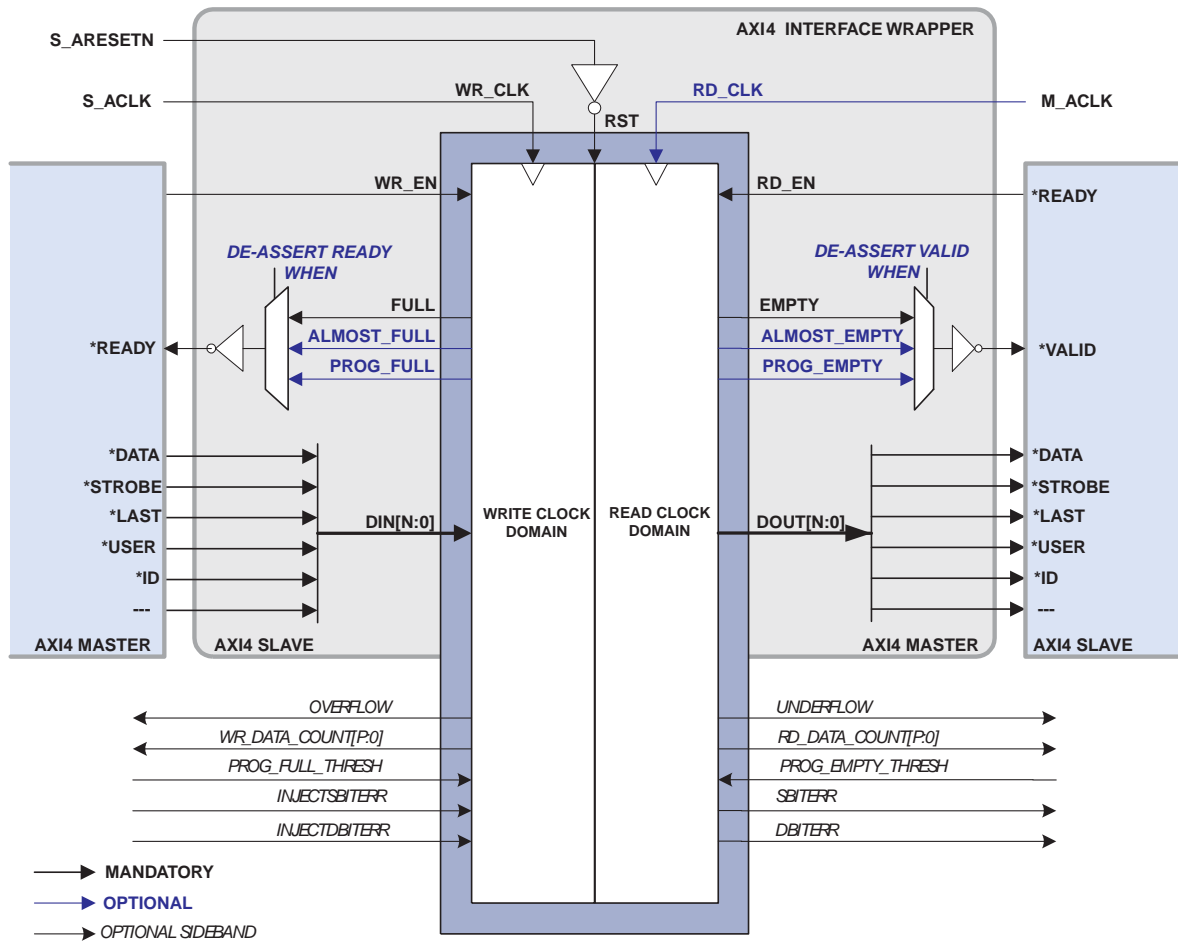


Figure 3: AXI4 FIFO Derivation

The AXI4 interface protocol uses a two-way VALID and READY handshake mechanism. The information source uses the VALID signal to show when valid data or control information is available

on the channel. The information destination uses the READY signal to show when it can accept the data. Figure 4 shows an example timing diagram for write and read operations to the AXI4 FIFO.

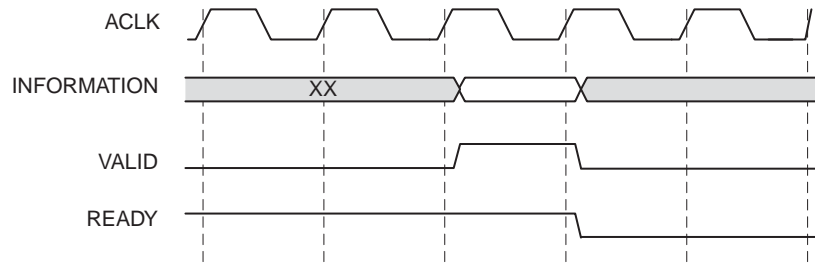


Figure 4: AXI4-FIFO Timing Diagram

In Figure 4, the information source generates the VALID signal to indicate when the data is available. The destination generates the READY signal to indicate that it can accept the data, and transfer occurs only when both the VALID and READY signals are high.

Because AXI4 FIFOs are derived from Native interface FIFOs, much of the behavior is common between them. The READY signal is generated based on availability of space in the FIFO and is held high to allow writes to the FIFO. The READY signal is pulled low only when there is no space in the FIFO left to perform additional writes. The VALID signal is generated based on availability of data in the FIFO and is held high to allow reads to be performed from the FIFO. The VALID signal is pulled low only when there is no data available to be read from the FIFO. The INFORMATION signals are mapped to the DIN and DOUT bus of Native interface FIFOs. The width of the AXI4 FIFO is determined by concatenating all of the INFORMATION signals of the AXI4 interface. The INFORMATION signals include all AXI4 signals except for the VALID and READY handshake signals.

AXI4 FIFOs operate only in First-Word Fall-Through mode. The First-Word Fall-Through (FWFT) feature provides the ability to look ahead to the next word available from the FIFO without issuing a read operation. When data is available in the FIFO, the first word falls through the FIFO and appears automatically on the output bus.

## AXI4 FIFO Applications

### AXI4-Stream FIFOs

AXI4-Stream FIFOs are best for non-address-based, point-to-point applications. Use them to interface to other IP cores using this interface (for example, AXI4 versions of DSP functions such as FFT, DDS, and FIR Compiler).

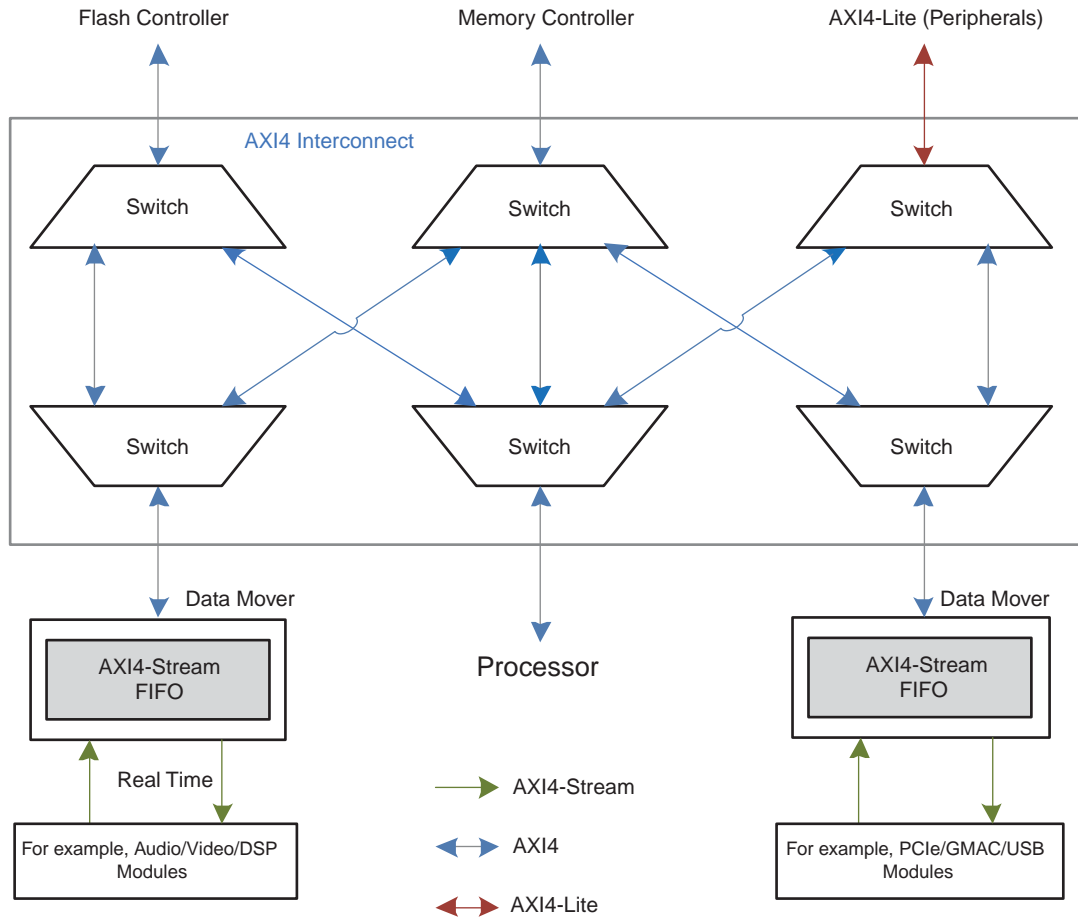


Figure 5: AXI4-Stream Application Diagram

Figure 5 illustrates the use of AXI4-Stream FIFOs to create a Data Mover block. In this application, the Data Mover is used to interface PCI Express, Ethernet MAC and USB modules which have a LocalLink to an AXI4 System Bus. The AXI4 Interconnect and Data Mover blocks shown in Figure 5 are Embedded IP cores which are available in the Xilinx Embedded Development Kit (EDK).

AXI4-Stream FIFOs support most of the features that the Native interface FIFOs support in first word fall through mode. Use AXI4-Stream FIFOs to replace Native interface FIFOs to make interfacing to the latest versions of other AXI4 LogiCORE IP functions easier.

## AXI4 FIFOs (Memory Mapped)

The full version of the AXI4 Interface is referred to as AXI4. It may also be referred to as AXI Memory Mapped. Use AXI4 FIFOs in memory mapped system bus designs such as bridging applications requiring a memory mapped interface to connect to other AXI4 blocks.

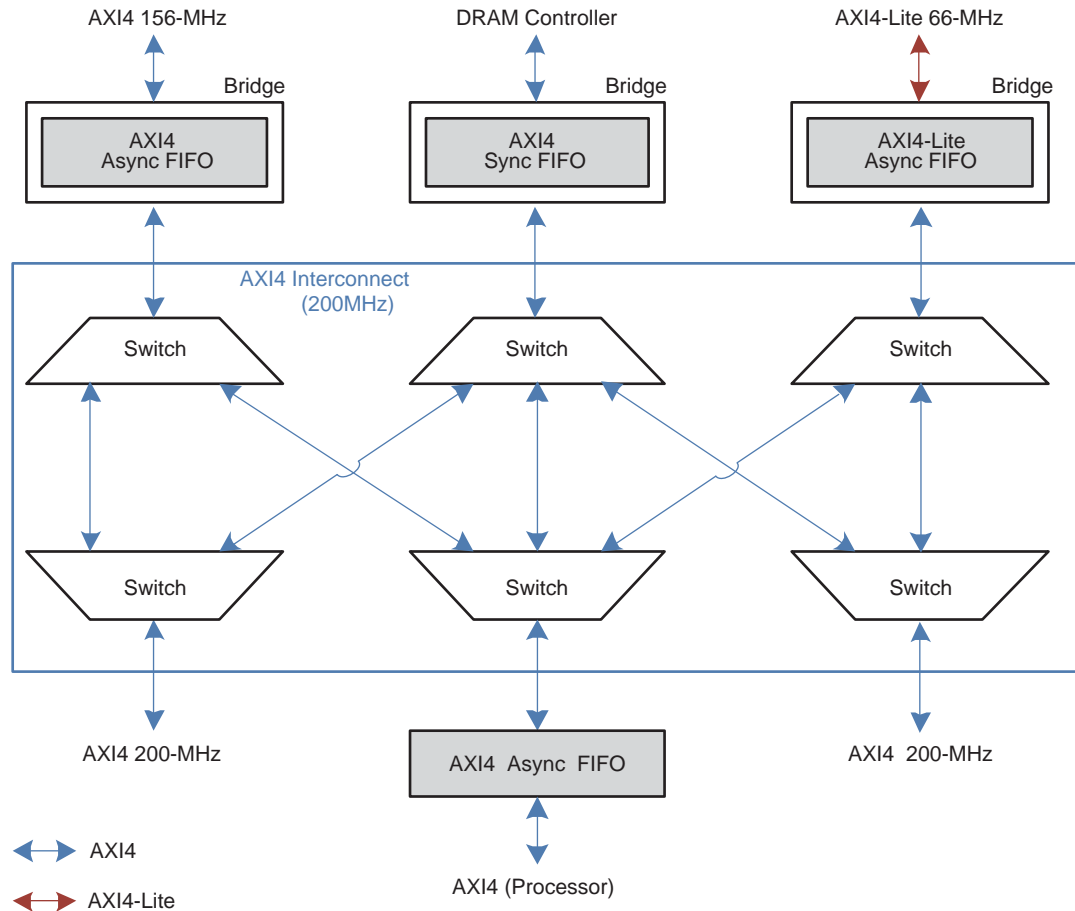


Figure 6: AXI4 Application Diagram

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Figure 6 shows an example application for AXI4 FIFOs where they are used in AXI4-to-AXI4 bridging applications enabling different AXI4 clock domains running at 200, 100, 66, and 156 MHz to communicate with each other. The AXI4-to-AXI4-Lite bridging is another pertinent application for AXI4 FIFO (for example, for performing protocol conversion). The AXI4 FIFOs can also be used inside an IP core to buffer data or transactions (for example, a DRAM Controller). The AXI4 Interconnect block shown in Figure 6 is an Embedded IP core which is available in the Xilinx Embedded Development Kit (EDK).

## AXI4-Lite FIFOs

The AXI4-Lite interface is a simpler AXI interface that supports applications that only need to perform simple Control/Status Register accesses, or peripherals access.

Figure 7 shows an AXI4-Lite FIFO being used in an AXI4 to AXI4-Lite bridging application to perform protocol conversion. The AXI4-Lite Interconnect in Figure 7 is also available as an Embedded IP core in the Xilinx Embedded Development Kit (EDK).

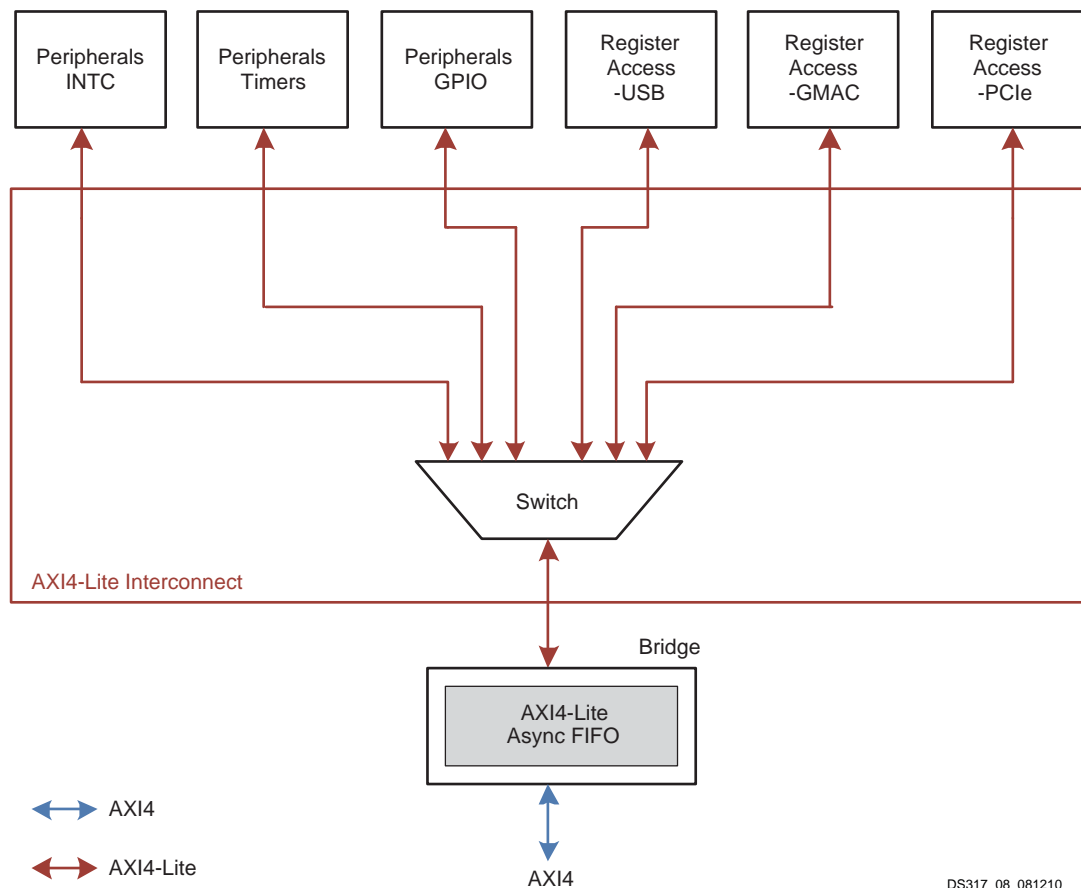


Figure 7: AXI4-Lite Application Diagram

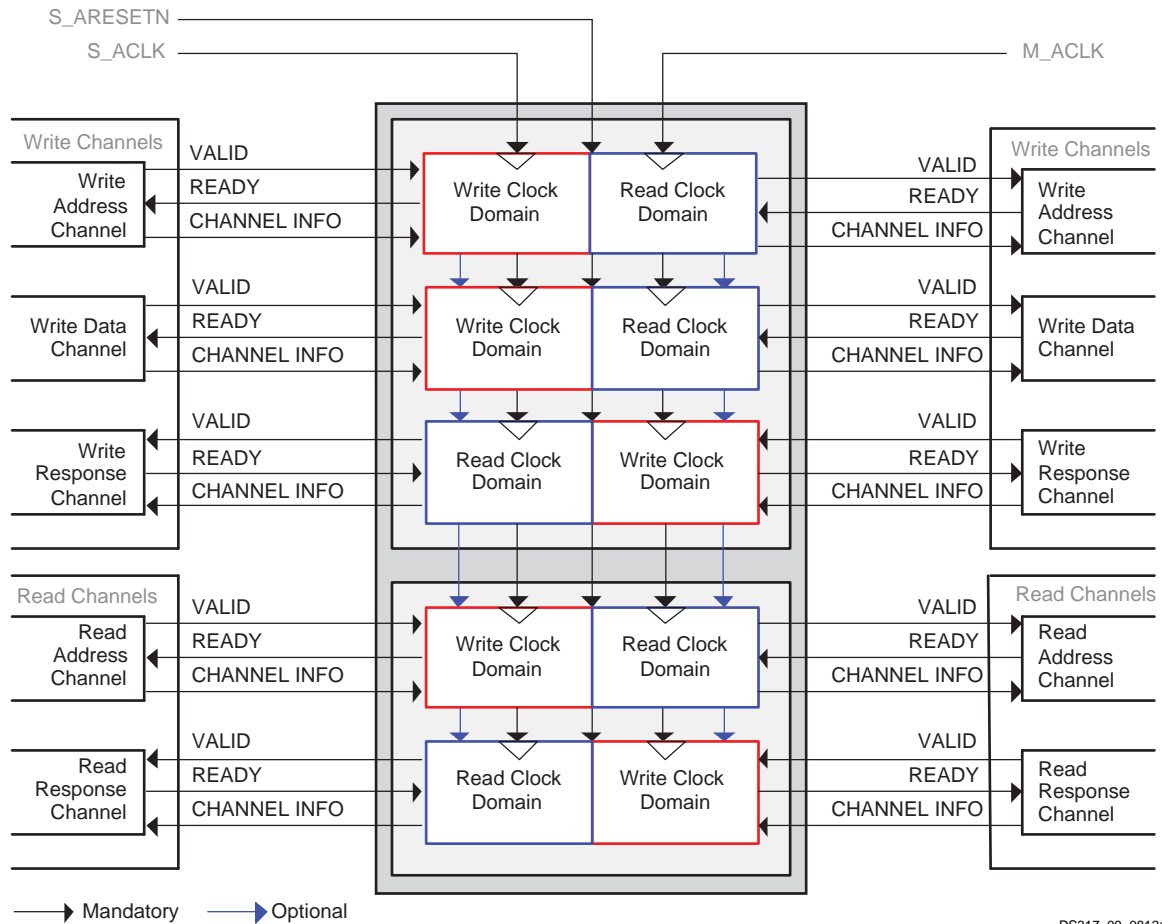
## AXI4 FIFO Feature Overview

### Easy Integration of Independent FIFOs for Read and Write Channels

For AXI4 and AXI4-Lite interfaces, AXI4 specifies Write Channels and Read Channels. Write Channels include a Write Address Channel, Write Data Channel and Write Response Channel. Read Channels include a Read Address Channel and Read Data Channel. The FIFO Generator provides the ability to generate either Write Channels or Read Channels, or both Write Channels and Read Channels for AXI4. Three FIFOs are integrated for Write Channels and two FIFOs are integrated for Read Channels. When both Write and Read Channels are selected, the FIFO Generator integrates five independent FIFOs.

For AXI4 and AXI4-Lite interfaces, the FIFO Generator provides the ability to implement independent FIFOs for each channel, as shown in Figure 8. For each channel, the core can be independently

configured to generate a block RAM or distributed memory-based FIFO. The depth of each FIFO can also be independently configured.



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Figure 8: AXI4 Block Diagram

### Clock and Reset Implementation and Operation

For the AXI4-Stream, AXI4 and AXI4-Lite interfaces, all instantiated FIFOs share clock and asynchronous active low reset signals (as shown Figure 8). In addition, all instantiated FIFOs can support either independent clock or common clock operation.

The independent clock configuration of the FIFO Generator enables the user to implement unique clock domains on the write and read ports. The FIFO Generator handles the synchronization between clock domains, placing no requirements on phase and frequency. When data buffering in a single clock domain is required, the FIFO Generator can be used to generate a core optimized for a single clock by selecting the common clock option.

### Automatic FIFO Width Calculation

AXI4 FIFOs support symmetric widths for the FIFO Read and Write ports. The FIFO width for the AXI4 FIFO is determined by the selected interface type (AXI4-Stream, AXI4 or AXI4-Lite) and user-selected signals and signal widths within the given interface. The AXI4 FIFO width is then calculated automatically by the aggregation of all signal widths in a respective channel.

For more details on width calculation, refer to UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide*.



## Supported Configuration, Memory and Application Types

The FIFO Generator provides selectable configuration options: FIFO, Register Slice and Pass Through Wire. The core implements FIFOs built from block RAM or distributed RAM memory types. Depending on the application type selection (Data FIFO, Packet FIFO, or low latency FIFO), the core combines memory primitives in an optimal configuration based on the calculated width and selected depth of the FIFO.

## Error Injection and Correction (ECC) Support

The block RAM macros are equipped with built-in Error Injection and Correction Checking in the Zynq-7000, 7 series, and Virtex-6 FPGA architectures. This feature is available for both the common and independent clock block RAM FIFOs.

For more details on Error Injection and Correction, see UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide*.

## AXI4 Slave Interface for Performing Writes

AXI4 FIFOs provide an AXI4 Slave interface for performing Writes. In [Figure 4](#), the AXI4 Master provides INFORMATION and VALID signals; the AXI4 FIFO accepts the INFORMATION by asserting the READY signal. The READY signal will be de-asserted only when the FIFO is either Full, Almost Full or when the Programmable Full threshold is reached. The de-assertion of READY can be controlled by setting “Deassert READY When” option.

## AXI4 Master Interface for Performing Reads

The AXI4 FIFO provides an AXI4 Master interface for performing Reads. In [Figure 4](#), the AXI4 FIFO provides INFORMATION and VALID signals; upon detecting a READY signal asserted from the AXI4 Slave interface, the AXI4 FIFO will place the next INFORMATION on the bus. The VALID signal will be de-asserted only when the FIFO is either Empty, Almost Empty or when the FIFO Occupancy is less than the Programmable Empty threshold. The de-assertion of VALID can be controlled by setting the “Deassert VALID When” option.

## Packet FIFO Option

The Packet FIFO configuration delays the start of packet (burst) transmission until the end (LAST beat) of the packet is received. This ensures uninterrupted availability of data once master-side transfer begins, thus avoiding source-end stalling of the AXI data channel. This is valuable in applications in which data originates at a master device. Examples of this include a real-time signal channels that operate at a lower data-rate than the downstream AXI switch and/or slave destination, such as a high-bandwidth memory.

The Packet FIFO principle applies to both AXI4 memory-mapped burst transactions (both write and read) and AXI4-Stream packet transmissions. This feature is sometimes referred to as “store-and-forward”, referring to the behavior for memory-mapped writes and stream transmissions. For memory-mapped reads, transactions are delayed until there are enough vacancies in the FIFO to guarantee uninterrupted buffering of the entire read data packet, as predicted by the AR-channel transaction. Read transactions do not actually rely on the RLAST signal.

## AXI4 FIFO Supported Devices

Table 6 shows the families and sub-families supported by the FIFO Generator. For more details about device support, see the [Release Notes](#).

Table 6: Supported FPGA Families and Sub-Families

FPGA Family	Sub-Family
Virtex-7	
Virtex-7 -2L	
Virtex-7 -2G	
Virtex-7 XT	
Kintex-7	
Kintex-7 -2L	
Artix-7	
Zynq-7000	
Virtex-6 XC	CXT/LXT/SXT/HXT
Virtex-6 XQ	LXT/SXT
Virtex-6 -1L XC	LXT/SXT
Virtex-6 -1L XQ	LXT/SXT
Spartan-6 XQ	LX/LXT
Spartan-6 -1L XC	LX
Spartan-6 -1L XQ	LX

## AXI4 FIFO Feature Summary

Table 7 summarizes the supported FIFO Generator features for each clock configuration and memory type. For detailed information, see UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide*.

Table 7: AXI4 FIFO Configuration Summary

FIFO Options	Common Clock		Independent Clock	
	Block RAM	Distributed Memory	Block RAM	Distributed Memory
Full <sup>(1)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Almost Full <sup>(1)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Programmable Full <sup>(1)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Empty <sup>(2)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Almost Empty <sup>(2)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Programmable Empty <sup>(2)</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
Data Counts	✓	✓	✓	✓
ECC	✓		✓	
Interrupt Flags	✓	✓	✓	✓

1. Mapped to S\_AXIS\_TREADY/S\_AXI\_AWREADY/S\_AXI\_WREADY/M\_AXIS\_BREADY/S\_AXI\_ARREADY/M\_AXIS\_RREADY depending on the Handshake Flag Options in the GUI.
2. Mapped to M\_AXIS\_TVALID/M\_AXI\_AWVALID/M\_AXI\_WVALID/S\_AXIS\_BVALID/M\_AXI\_ARVALID/S\_AXI\_RVALID depending on the Handshake Flag Options in the GUI.

## AXI4 FIFO Port Summary

### AXI4 Global Interface Ports

Table 8: AXI4 FIFO - Global Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>Global Clock and Reset Signals Mapped to FIFO Clock and Reset Inputs</b>				
M_ACLK	Input	Yes	Yes	No
S_ACLK	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_ARESETN	Input	No	Yes	Yes

### AXI4-Stream FIFO Interface Ports

Table 9: AXI4-Stream FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Stream Interface: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXIS_TVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Stream Interface: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXIS_TDATA[m-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TKEEP[m/8-1:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TLAST	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TID[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TDEST[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
M_AXIS_TUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Stream Interface: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXIS_TVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Stream Interface: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXIS_TDATA[m-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TKEEP[m/8-1:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TLAST	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TID[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TDEST[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
S_AXIS_TUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Stream FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				

Table 9: AXI4-Stream FIFO Interface Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
AXIS_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXIS_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXIS_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXIS_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

## AXI4 FIFO Interface Ports

### Write Channels

Table 10: AXI4 Write Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Address Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) bus</b>				
S_AXI_AWID[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWADDR[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWLEN[7:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWSIZE[2:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWBURST[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWLOCK[2:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWCACHE[4:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWPROT[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWQOS[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWREGION[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_AWVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Address Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_AWID[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWADDR[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWLEN[7:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWSIZE[2:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWBURST[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWLOCK[2:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWCACHE[4:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWPROT[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWQOS[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWREGION[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_AWVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Write Address Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				

Table 10: AXI4 Write Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
AXI_AW_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AW_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AW_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 11: AXI4 Write Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Data Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_WID[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WDATA[m-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WLAST	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_WVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Data Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_WID[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WDATA[m-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WLAST	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_WVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes

Table 11: AXI4 Write Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4 Write Data Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_W_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_W_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_W_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 12: AXI4 Write Response Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Response Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_BID[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_BRESP[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_BUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Response Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
S_AXI_BVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_BREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Response Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_BID[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_BRESP[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_BUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Write Response Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
M_AXI_BVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_BREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Write Response Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_B_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 12: AXI4 Write Response Channel FIFO Interface Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
AXI_B_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_B_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_B_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No



**Read Channels**

*Table 13: AXI4 Read Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports*

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Address Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_ARID[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARADDR[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARLEN[7:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARSIZE[2:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARBURST[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARLOCK[2:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARCACHE[4:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARPROT[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARQOS[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARREGION[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_ARVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface, Read Address Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_ARID[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARADDR[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARLEN[7:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARSIZE[2:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARBURST[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARLOCK[2:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARCACHE[4:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARPROT[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARQOS[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARREGION[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_ARVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Read Address Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_AR_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 13: AXI4 Read Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports (Cont'd)

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
AXI_AR_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AR_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 14: AXI4 Read Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Common Clock	Independent Clocks
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Data Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_RID[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RDATA[m-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RRESP[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RLAST	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RUSER[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
S_AXI_RVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface Read Data Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_RID[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RDATA[m-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RRESP[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RLAST	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RUSER[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Interface, Read Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_RVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4 Read Data Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_R_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 14: AXI4 Read Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Common Clock	Independent Clocks
AXI_R_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_R_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_R_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

## AXI4-Lite FIFO Interface Ports

### Write Channels

Table 15: AXI4-Lite Write Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Address Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_AWADDR[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWPROT[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_AWVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_AWREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Address Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_AWADDR[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWPROT[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_AWVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_AWREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Write Address Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_AW_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AW_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AW_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AW_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 16: AXI4-Lite Write Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Data Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_WDATA[m-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_WVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_WREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Data Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_WDATA[m-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WSTRB[m/8-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_WVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_WREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Write Data Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_W_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_W_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_W_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_W_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 17: AXI4-Lite Write Response Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Response Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_BRESP[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Response Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
S_AXI_BVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_BREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Response Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_BRESP[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Write Response Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
M_AXI_BVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_BREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Write Response Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_B_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_B_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_B_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_B_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

**Read Channels**

Table 18: AXI4-Lite Read Address Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Address Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_ARADDR[m:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARPROT[3:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
S_AXI_ARVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_ARREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Address Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_ARADDR[m:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARPROT[3:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Address Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
M_AXI_ARVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_ARREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Read Address Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_AR_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AR_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_AR_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_AR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No

Table 19: AXI4-Lite Read Data Channel FIFO Interface Ports

Port Name	Input or Output	Optional Port	Port Available	
			Independent Clocks	Common Clock
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Data Channel: Information Signals Derived from FIFO Data Output (DOUT) Bus</b>				
S_AXI_RDATA[m-1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RRESP[1:0]	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Read Interface</b>				
S_AXI_RVALID	Output	No	Yes	Yes
S_AXI_RREADY	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Data Channel: Information Signals Mapped to FIFO Data Input (DIN) Bus</b>				
M_AXI_RDATA[m-1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RRESP[1:0]	Input	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Interface Read Data Channel: Handshake Signals for FIFO Write Interface</b>				
M_AXI_RVALID	Input	No	Yes	Yes
M_AXI_RREADY	Output	No	Yes	Yes
<b>AXI4-Lite Read Data Channel FIFO: Optional Sideband Signals</b>				
AXI_R_PROG_FULL_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH[m:0]	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_INJECTSBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_INJECTDBITERR	Input	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_SBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_DBITERR	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_OVERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_WR_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_R_UNDERFLOW	Output	Yes	Yes	Yes
AXI_R_RD_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	No	Yes
AXI_R_DATA_COUNT[m:0]	Output	Yes	Yes	No



## Resource Utilization and Performance

### Native FIFO Resource Utilization and Performance

Performance and resource utilization for a Native interface FIFO varies depending on the configuration and features selected during core customization. The following tables show resource utilization data and maximum performance values for a variety of sample FIFO configurations.

The benchmarks were performed while adding two levels of registers on all inputs (except clock) and outputs having only the period constraints in the UCF. To achieve the performance shown in the following tables, ensure that all inputs to the FIFO are registered and that the outputs are not passed through many logic levels.

**Note:** The Shift Register FIFO is more suitable in terms of resource and performance compared to the Distributed Memory FIFO, where the depth of the FIFO is around 16 or 32.

Table 20 identifies the results for a FIFO configured without optional features. Benchmarks were performed using the following devices:

- Artix-7 (XC7A350T- FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-7 (XC7V2000T-FLG1925-1)
- Kintex-7 (XC7K480T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-6 (XC6VLX760-FF1760-1)
- Virtex-5 (XC5VLX330T-FF1738-1)
- Virtex-4 (XC4VLX200-FF1513-10)
- Spartan-6 (XC6SLX150T-FGG900-2)

Table 20: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured without Optional Features

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Common Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	270	47	48	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	325	114	48	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	325	112	48	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	335	39	48	1	0	0
		Virtex-5	320	45	53	1	0	0
		Virtex-4	335	39	48	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	275	79	48	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	265	66	60	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	350	121	60	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	355	127	60	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	325	61	60	2	0	0
		Virtex-5	305	55	65	2	0	0
		Virtex-4	325	61	60	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	245	91	60	4	0	0

Table 20: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured without Optional Features (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Common Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	250	254	68	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	345	309	65	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	350	324	65	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	380	252	68	0	0	176
		Virtex-5	305	260	69	0	0	176
		Virtex-4	380	252	68	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	230	257	73	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	325	66	52	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	420	109	52	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	440	110	52	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	465	47	52	0	0	22
		Virtex-5	380	49	57	0	0	22
		Virtex-4	465	47	52	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	265	55	53	0	0	22
Independent Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	265	82	132	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	335	141	132	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	335	150	132	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	330	73	132	1	0	0
		Virtex-5	320	77	136	1	0	0
		Virtex-4	330	73	132	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	277	114	132	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	275	100	172	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	340	157	172	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	350	187	172	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	325	61	60	2	0	0
		Virtex-5	300	55	65	2	0	0
		Virtex-4	325	61	60	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	245	91	60	4	0	0

Table 20: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured without Optional Features (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Independent Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	275	279	148	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	355	338	148	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	370	354	148	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	350	293	148	0	0	176
		Virtex-5	320	292	152	0	0	176
		Virtex-4	400	281	148	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	245	300	154	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	365	67	110	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	445	124	110	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	475	145	110	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	485	64	110	0	0	22
		Virtex-5	395	69	113	0	0	22
		Virtex-4	475	65	110	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	315	82	110	0	0	22
Shifting Register FIFO	512 x 16	Artix-7	195	711	53	0	496	22
		Kintex-7	250	768	53	0	497	0
		Virtex-7	240	768	53	0	496	0
		Virtex-6	325	375	53	0	256	0
		Virtex-5	290	389	56	0	256	0
		Virtex-4	325	375	53	0	256	0
		Spartan-6	190	422	67	0	256	0
	64 x 16	Artix-7	300	126	44	0	64	0
		Kintex-7	420	162	44	0	64	0
		Virtex-7	410	179	44	0	64	0
		Virtex-6	465	70	44	0	32	0
		Virtex-5	425	83	47	0	32	0
		Virtex-4	465	70	44	0	32	0
		Spartan-6	275	89	45	0	32	0

Table 21 provides results for FIFOs configured with multiple programmable thresholds. Benchmarks were performed using the following devices:

- Artix-7 (XC7A350T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-7 (XC7V2000T-FLG1925-1)
- Kintex-7 (XC7K480T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-6 (XC6VLX760-FF1760-1)
- Virtex-5 (XC5VLX330T-FF1738-1)

- Virtex-4 (XC4VLX200-FF1513-10)
- Spartan-6 (XC6SLX150T-FGG900-2)

Table 21: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Multiple Programmable Thresholds

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Common Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	245	76	72	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	325	130	72	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	325	139	72	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	335	75	72	1	0	0
		Virtex-5	320	74	77	1	0	0
		Virtex-4	325	72	76	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	270	99	72	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	265	97	90	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	340	152	90	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	375	156	90	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	330	91	90	2	0	0
		Virtex-5	305	92	95	2	0	0
		Virtex-4	330	91	90	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	255	126	90	4	0	0
Common Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	250	282	95	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	355	345	88	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	350	338	88	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	370	278	88	0	0	176
		Virtex-5	300	289	93	0	0	176
		Virtex-4	325	288	88	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	230	288	97	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	290	83	70	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	400	136	70	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	335	128	70	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	455	69	70	0	0	22
		Virtex-5	380	69	75	0	0	22
		Virtex-4	425	63	70	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	260	77	71	0	0	22

Table 21: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Multiple Programmable Thresholds (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Independent Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	265	116	152	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	325	168	152	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	330	181	152	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	335	119	152	1	0	0
		Virtex-5	320	105	156	1	0	0
		Virtex-4	335	119	152	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	255	145	152	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	285	144	197	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	350	202	197	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	320	221	197	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	330	91	90	2	0	0
		Virtex-5	305	92	95	2	0	0
		Virtex-4	320	153	197	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	260	187	197	0	0	0
Independent Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	255	311	169	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	355	376	169	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	365	382	169	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	355	315	169	0	0	176
		Virtex-5	320	320	172	0	0	176
		Virtex-4	355	315	169	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	255	324	174	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	345	92	124	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	450	136	124	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	470	159	124	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	485	90	124	0	0	22
		Virtex-5	400	90	127	0	0	22
		Virtex-4	485	90	124	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	315	101	124	0	0	22

Table 21: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Multiple Programmable Thresholds (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Shifting Register FIFO	512 x 16	Artix-7	190	756	76	0	512	0
		Kintex-7	245	814	76	0	512	0
		Virtex-7	225	819	76	0	512	0
		Virtex-6	305	399	75	0	256	0
		Virtex-5	285	416	78	0	256	0
		Virtex-4	300	400	75	0	256	0
		Spartan-6	215	433	81	0	256	0
	64 x 16	Artix-7	295	130	61	0	64	0
		Kintex-7	400	177	61	0	64	0
		Virtex-7	400	176	61	0	64	0
		Virtex-6	435	88	60	0	32	0
		Virtex-5	425	105	63	0	32	0
		Virtex-4	435	88	60	0	32	0
		Spartan-6	255	124	60	0	32	0

Table 22 provides results for FIFOs configured to use the Virtex-5 FPGA built-in FIFO. The benchmarks were performed using the following devices:

- Artix-7 (XC7A350T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-7 (XC7V2000T-FLG1925-1)
- Kintex-7 (XC7K480T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-6 (XC6VLX760-FF1760-1)
- Virtex-5 (XC5VLX330T-FF1738-1)

Table 22: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Virtex-5 and Virtex-6 FIFO36 Resources

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Read Mode	Performance (MHz)	LUTs	FFs	FIFO36	
Common Clock FIFO36 (Basic)	512 x 72	Artix-7	Standard	265	3	7	1	
			FWFT	255	3	9	1	
		Kintex-7	Standard	320	2	7	1	
			FWFT	310	3	9	1	
		Virtex-7	Standard	215	2	7	1	
			FWFT	290	4	9	1	
		Virtex-6	Standard	325	2	7	1	
			FWFT	325	3	9	1	
		Virtex-5	Standard	305	2	7	1	
			FWFT	305	4	4	1	
		16k x 8	Artix-7	Standard	225	8	11	4
				FWFT	220	9	15	4
	Kintex-7		Standard	265	8	11	4	
			FWFT	270	8	15	4	
	Virtex-7		Standard	205	7	11	4	
			FWFT	235	8	15	4	
	Virtex-6		Standard	270	7	11	4	
			FWFT	275	7	15	4	
	Virtex-5	Standard	300	12	11	4		
		FWFT	280	15	15	4		

Table 22: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Virtex-5 and Virtex-6 FIFO36 Resources (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Read Mode	Performance (MHz)	LUTs	FFs	FIFO36
Common Clock FIFO36 (With Handshaking)	512 x 72	Artix-7	Standard	260	7	11	1
			FWFT	250	6	12	1
		Kintex-7	Standard	320	6	11	1
			FWFT	300	6	12	1
		Virtex-7	Standard	210	6	11	1
			FWFT	300	6	12	1
		Virtex-6	Standard	320	6	11	1
			FWFT	325	7	12	1
	Virtex-5	Standard	305	6	11	1	
		FWFT	305	8	12	1	
	16k x 8	Artix-7	Standard	220	11	15	4
			FWFT	225	14	18	4
		Kintex-7	Standard	250	11	15	4
			FWFT	270	12	18	4
		Virtex-7	Standard	250	10	15	4
			FWFT	215	11	18	4
Virtex-6		Standard	260	10	15	4	
		FWFT	280	9	18	4	
Virtex-5	Standard	250	14	15	4		
	FWFT	295	18	18	4		



Table 22: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Virtex-5 and Virtex-6 FIFO36 Resources (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Read Mode	Performance (MHz)	LUTs	FFs	FIFO36
Independent Clock FIFO36 (Basic)	512 x 72	Artix-7	Standard	300	3	7	1
			FWFT	305	3	7	1
		Kintex-7	Standard	385	2	7	1
			FWFT	385	2	7	1
		Virtex-7	Standard	315	2	7	1
			FWFT	315	2	7	1
		Virtex-6	Standard	325	3	7	1
			FWFT	325	3	9	1
	Virtex-5	Standard	305	7	2	1	
		FWFT	305	9	4	1	
	16k x 8	Artix-7	Standard	255	6	7	4
			FWFT	245	5	7	4
		Kintex-7	Standard	335	5	7	4
			FWFT	345	5	7	4
		Virtex-7	Standard	250	5	7	4
			FWFT	320	5	7	4
Virtex-6		Standard	305	8	7	4	
		FWFT	320	6	7	4	
Virtex-5	Standard	295	8	7	4		
	FWFT	295	8	7	4		

Table 22: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Virtex-5 and Virtex-6 FIFO36 Resources (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	FPGA Family	Read Mode	Performance (MHz)	LUTs	FFs	FIFO36
Independent Clock FIFO36 (With Handshaking)	512 x 72	Artix-7	Standard	280	7	18	1
			FWFT	345	6	10	1
		Kintex-7	Standard	410	8	18	1
			FWFT	410	5	10	1
		Virtex-7	Standard	330	7	18	1
			FWFT	400	5	10	1
		Virtex-6	Standard	405	8	18	1
			FWFT	325	5	12	1
	Virtex-5	Standard	450	8	18	1	
		FWFT	450	6	10	1	
	16k x 8	Artix-7	Standard	255	10	18	4
			FWFT	265	8	10	4
		Kintex-7	Standard	315	10	18	4
			FWFT	315	8	10	4
		Virtex-7	Standard	220	9	18	4
			FWFT	210	8	10	4
Virtex-6		Standard	335	14	18	4	
		FWFT	355	13	10	4	
Virtex-5	Standard	305	12	18	4		
	FWFT	310	11	10	4		

Table 23 provides results for FIFOs configured to use the Virtex-4 built-in FIFO with patch. The benchmarks were performed using a Virtex-4 (XC4VLX200-FF1513-10) FPGA.

Table 23: Benchmarks: FIFO Configured with Virtex-4 FIFO16 Patch

FIFO Type	Depth x Width	Clock Ratios	Performance (MHz)	LUTs	FFs	FIFO16s
Built-in FIFO (basic)	512x36	$WR\_CLK \geq RD\_CLK$	210	118	114	0
		$RD\_CLK > WR\_CLK$	210	115	110	0
Built-in FIFO (Handshaking)	512x36	$WR\_CLK \geq RD\_CLK$	210	121	119	0
		$RD\_CLK > WR\_CLK$	210	117	115	0

## AXI4 FIFO Resource Utilization and Performance

Table 24 provides the default configuration settings for the benchmarks data. Table 25 shows benchmark information for AXI4 and AXI4-Lite configurations. The benchmarks were obtained using the following devices:

- Artix-7 (XC7A350T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-7 (XC7V2000T-FLG1925-1)
- Kintex-7 (XC7K480T-FFG1156-1)

- Virtex-6 (XC6VLX760-FF1760-1)
- Spartan-6 (XC6SLX150T-FGG900-2)

Table 24: AXI4 and AXI4-Lite Default Configuration Settings

AXI Type	FIFO Type	Channel Type	ID, Address and Data Width	FIFO Depth x Width
AXI4	Distributed RAM	Write Address	ID = 4 Address = 32 Data = 64 <sup>a</sup>	16 x 66
	Block RAM	Write Data		1024 x 77
	Distributed RAM	Write Response		16 x 6
	Distributed RAM	Read Address		16 x 66
	Block RAM	Read Data		1024 x 71
AXI4-Lite	Distributed RAM	Write Address	ID = 4 Address = 32 Data = 32	16 x 35
	Block RAM	Write Data		1024 x 36
	Distributed RAM	Write Response		16 x 2
	Distributed RAM	Read Address		16 x 35
	Block RAM	Read Data		1024 x 34

Table 25: AXI4 and AXI4-Lite Resource Utilization

FIFO Type	Clock Type	FPGA Family	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
AXI4	Common Clock	Artix-7	260	344	601	5	0	92
		Kintex-7	315	231	601	2	0	92
		Virtex-7	179	326	601	5	0	92
		Virtex-6	310	326	601	5	0	92
		Spartan-6	240	482	481	4	0	92
	Independent Clock	Artix-7	231	430	894	5	0	92
		Kintex-7	335	394	768	2	0	92
		Virtex-7	194	453	895	5	0	92
		Virtex-6	290	411	895	5	0	92
		Spartan-6	245	535	768	4	0	92
AXI4-Lite	Common Clock	Artix-7	245	234	457	4	0	52
		Kintex-7	350	194	457	2	0	52
		Virtex-7	214	238	457	4	0	52
		Virtex-6	324	288	457	4	0	52
		Spartan-6	230	509	465	8	0	52
	Independent Clock	Artix-7	240	343	752	4	0	52
		Kintex-7	350	273	650	2	0	52
		Virtex-7	190	394	752	4	0	52
		Virtex-6	325	358	752	4	0	52
		Spartan-6	252	635	756	8	0	52

Table 26 provides benchmarking results for AXI4-Stream FIFO configurations. The benchmarks were obtained using the following devices:

- Artix-7 (XC7A350T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-7 (XC7V2000T-FLG1925-1)
- Kintex-7 (XC7K480T-FFG1156-1)
- Virtex-6 (XC6VLX760-FF1760-1)
- Spartan-6 (XC6SLX150T-FGG900-2)

Table 26: AXI4-Stream Resource Utilization

FIFO Type	FPGA Family	Depth x Width	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Common Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	254	55	67	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	355	116	67	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	329	109	67	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	334	55	67	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	277	86	67	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	260	79	79	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	325	123	79	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	325	117	79	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	335	73	79	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	276	124	79	2	0	0
Common Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	259	262	87	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	378	318	83	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	349	321	83	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	300	258	87	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	220	268	92	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	308	61	71	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	445	121	71	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	466	115	71	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	475	53	71	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	301	63	72	0	0	22

Table 26: AXI4-Stream Resource Utilization (Cont'd)

FIFO Type	FPGA Family	Depth x Width	Performance (MHz)	Resources				
				LUTs	FFs	Block RAM	Shift Register	Distributed RAM
Independent Clock FIFO (Block RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	266	87	151	1	0	0
		Kintex-7	355	151	151	1	0	0
		Virtex-7	325	159	151	1	0	0
		Virtex-6	330	108	151	1	0	0
		Spartan-6	274	120	151	1	0	0
	4096 x 16	Artix-7	282	127	190	2	0	0
		Kintex-7	355	171	190	2	0	0
		Virtex-7	350	201	190	2	0	0
		Virtex-6	325	109	190	2	0	0
		Spartan-6	244	171	190	4	0	0
Independent Clock FIFO (Distributed RAM)	512 x 16	Artix-7	110	283	167	0	0	176
		Kintex-7	375	351	167	0	0	176
		Virtex-7	395	363	167	0	0	176
		Virtex-6	415	293	167	0	0	176
		Spartan-6	239	310	171	0	0	176
	64 x 16	Artix-7	340	103	128	0	0	22
		Kintex-7	485	154	128	0	0	22
		Virtex-7	495	173	128	0	0	22
		Virtex-6	476	95	128	0	0	22
		Spartan-6	280	127	128	0	0	22

## Supplemental Information

The following sections provide additional information about working with the FIFO Generator core.

### Compatibility with Older FIFO Cores

The FIFO Generator Migration Kit can be used to migrate from legacy FIFO cores (Asynchronous FIFO v6.x and Synchronous FIFO v5.x cores) and older versions of the FIFO Generator core to the latest version of the FIFO Generator core.

Use the `fifo_migrate.pl` script shipped with the FIFO Migration Kit zip file ([xapp992.zip](#)), and XAPP992, *FIFO Generator Migration Guide*, to migrate older FIFO cores to the most recent version. In addition, UG175, *LogiCORE IP FIFO Generator User Guide*, contains migration information with details about migrating to an AXI4 Interface FIFO Generator.

### Auto-Upgrade Feature

The FIFO Generator core has an auto-upgrade feature for updating older versions of the FIFO Generator core to the latest version. The auto-upgrade feature can be seen by right clicking any pre-existing FIFO Generator core in your project in the Project IP tab of CORE Generator.

There are two types of upgrades that you can perform: chose what version to upgrade to, or automatically upgrade the core to the latest version:

- Select Upgrade Version, and Regenerate (Under Current Project Settings): This upgrades an older FIFO Generator core version (4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 7.2 , 8.1 or 8.2) to the intermediate version you select -- v5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 7.2, 8.1, 8.2 or 8.3.
- Upgrade to Latest Version, and Regenerate (Under Current Project Settings): This automatically upgrades an older FIFO Generator core to the latest version. Use this option to upgrade any earlier version of FIFO Generator (4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 7.2, 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3) to v8.4.

## Native FIFO SIM Parameters

Table 27 defines the Native FIFO SIM parameters used to specify the configuration of the core. These parameters are only used while instantiating the core in HDL manually or while calling the CORE Generator dynamically. This parameter list does not apply to a core generated using the CORE Generator GUI.

Table 27: Native FIFO SIM Parameters

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
1	C_COMMON_CLOCK	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Independent Clock</li> <li>• 1: Common Clock</li> </ul>
2	C_DATA_COUNT_WIDTH	Integer	Width of DATA_COUNT bus (1 – 23)
3	C_DIN_WIDTH	Integer	Width of DIN bus (1 – 1024) Width must be > 1 for ECC with Double bit error injection
4	C_DOUT_RST_VAL	String	Reset value of DOUT Hexadecimal value, 0 - 'F's equal to C_DOUT_WIDTH
5	C_DOUT_WIDTH	Integer	Width of DOUT bus (1 – 1024) Width must be > 1 for ECC with Double bit error injection
6	C_ENABLE_RST_SYNC	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Do not synchronize the reset (WR_RST/RD_RST is directly used, available only for independent clock)</li> <li>• 1: Synchronize the reset</li> </ul>
7	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No error injection</li> <li>• 1: Single bit error injection</li> <li>• 2: Double bit error injection</li> <li>• 3: Single and double bit error injection</li> </ul>
8	C_FAMILY	String	Device family (for example, Virtex-5 or Virtex-6)
9	C_FULL_FLAGS_RST_VAL	Integer	Full flags rst val (0 or 1)
10	C_HAS_ALMOST_EMPTY	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Core does not have ALMOST_EMPTY flag</li> <li>• 1: Core has ALMOST_EMPTY flag</li> </ul>
11	C_HAS_ALMOST_FULL	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Core does not have ALMOST_FULL flag</li> <li>• 1: Core has ALMOST_FULL flag</li> </ul>
12	C_HAS_DATA_COUNT	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Core does not have DATA_COUNT bus</li> <li>• 1: Core has DATA_COUNT bus</li> </ul>
13	C_HAS_OVERFLOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Core does not have OVERFLOW flag</li> <li>• 1: Core has OVERFLOW flag</li> </ul>

Table 27: Native FIFO SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
14	C_HAS_RD_DATA_COUNT	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have RD_DATA_COUNT bus</li> <li>1: Core has RD_DATA_COUNT bus</li> </ul>
15	C_HAS_RST	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have asynchronous reset (RST)</li> <li>1: Core has asynchronous reset (RST)</li> </ul>
16	C_HAS_SRST	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have synchronous reset (SRST)</li> <li>1: Core has synchronous reset (SRST)</li> </ul>
17	C_HAS_UNDERFLOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have UNDERFLOW flag</li> <li>1: Core has UNDERFLOW flag</li> </ul>
18	C_HAS_VALID	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have VALID flag</li> <li>1: Core has VALID flag</li> </ul>
19	C_HAS_WR_ACK	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have WR_ACK flag</li> <li>1: Core has WR_ACK flag</li> </ul>
20	C_HAS_WR_DATA_COUNT	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have WR_DATA_COUNT bus</li> <li>1: Core has WR_DATA_COUNT bus</li> </ul>
21	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Common-Clock Block RAM/Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>1: Common-Clock Shift RAM FIFO</li> <li>2: Independent Clocks Block RAM/Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>3: Virtex-4 Built-in FIFO</li> <li>4: Virtex-5 Built-in FIFO</li> <li>5: Virtex-6 Built-in FIFO</li> </ul>
22	C_MEMORY_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Block RAM</li> <li>2: Distributed RAM</li> <li>3: Shift RAM</li> <li>4: Built-in FIFO</li> </ul>
23	C_MSGON_VAL	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Disables timing violation on cross clock domain registers</li> <li>1: Enables timing violation on cross clock domain registers</li> </ul>
24	C_OVERFLOW_LOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: OVERFLOW active high</li> <li>1: OVERFLOW active low</li> </ul>
25	C_PRELOAD_LATENCY	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: First-Word Fall-Through with or without Embedded Register</li> <li>1: Standard FIFO without Embedded Register</li> <li>2: Standard FIFO with Embedded Register</li> </ul>
26	C_PRELOAD_REGS	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Standard FIFO without Embedded Register</li> <li>1: Standard FIFO with Embedded Register or First-Word Fall-Through with or without Embedded Register</li> </ul>
27	C_PRIM_FIFO_TYPE	String	Primitive used to build a FIFO (Ex. "512x36")
28	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold <sup>(1)</sup>
29	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_NEGATE_VAL	Integer	PROG_EMPTY negate threshold <sup>(1)</sup>

Table 27: Native FIFO SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
30	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: No programmable empty</li> <li>1: Single programmable empty thresh constant</li> <li>2: Multiple programmable empty thresh constants</li> <li>3: Single programmable empty thresh input</li> <li>4: Multiple programmable empty thresh inputs</li> </ul>
31	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(1)</sup>
32	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_NEGATE_VAL	Integer	PROG_FULL negate threshold <sup>(1)</sup>
33	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: No programmable full</li> <li>1: Single programmable full thresh constant</li> <li>2: Multiple programmable full thresh constants</li> <li>3: Single programmable full thresh input</li> <li>4: Multiple programmable full thresh inputs</li> </ul>
34	C_RD_DATA_COUNT_WIDTH	Integer	Width of RD_DATA_COUNT bus (1 - 23)
35	C_RD_DEPTH	Integer	Depth of read interface (16 – 4194305)
36	C_RD_FREQ	Integer	Read clock frequency (1 MHz - 1000 MHz)
37	C_RD_PNTR_WIDTH	Integer	log <sub>2</sub> (C_RD_DEPTH)
38	C_UNDERFLOW_LOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: UNDERFLOW active high</li> <li>1: UNDERFLOW active low</li> </ul>
39	C_USE_DOUT_RST	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Does not reset DOUT on RST</li> <li>1: Resets DOUT on RST</li> </ul>
40	C_USE_ECC	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Does not use ECC feature</li> <li>1: Uses ECC feature</li> </ul>
41	C_USE_EMBEDDED_REG	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Does not use BRAM embedded output register</li> <li>1: Uses BRAM embedded output register</li> </ul>
42	C_USE_FWFT_DATA_COUNT	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Does not use extra logic for FWFT data count</li> <li>1: Uses extra logic for FWFT data count</li> </ul>
43	C_VALID_LOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: VALID active high</li> <li>1: VALID active low</li> </ul>
44	C_WR_ACK_LOW	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: WR_ACK active high</li> <li>1: WR_ACK active low</li> </ul>
45	C_WR_DATA_COUNT_WIDTH	Integer	Width of WR_DATA_COUNT bus (1 – 23)
46	C_WR_DEPTH	Integer	Depth of write interface (16 – 4194305)
47	C_WR_FREQ	Integer	Write clock frequency (1 MHz - 1000 MHz)
48	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH	Integer	log <sub>2</sub> (C_WR_DEPTH)

1. See the FIFO Generator GUI for the allowable range of values.

## AXI4 FIFO SIM Parameters

Table 28 defines the AXI4 SIM parameters used to specify the configuration of the core. These parameters are only used while instantiating the core in HDL manually or while calling the CORE



Generator dynamically. This parameter list does not apply to a core generated using the CORE Generator GUI.

**Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters**

	<b>SIM Parameter</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	C_INTERFACE_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Native FIFO</li> <li>1: AXI4 FIFO</li> </ul>
2	C_AXI_TYPE	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4-Stream</li> <li>1: AXI4</li> <li>2: AXI4-Lite</li> </ul>
3	C_HAS_AXI_WR_CHANNEL	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have Write Channel<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>1: Core has Write Channel<sup>(1)</sup></li> </ul>
4	C_HAS_AXI_RD_CHANNEL	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have Read Channel<sup>(2)</sup></li> <li>1: Core has Read Channel<sup>(2)</sup></li> </ul>
5	C_HAS_SLAVE_CE <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have Slave Interface Clock Enable</li> <li>1: Core has Slave Interface Clock Enable</li> </ul>
6	C_HAS_MASTER_CE <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have Master Interface Clock Enable</li> <li>1: Core has Master Interface Clock Enable</li> </ul>
7	C_ADD_NGC_CONSTRAINT <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not add NGC constraint</li> <li>1: Core adds NGC constraint</li> </ul>
8	C_USE_COMMON_UNDERFLOW <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have common UNDERFLOW flag</li> <li>1: Core has common UNDERFLOW flag</li> </ul>
9	C_USE_COMMON_OVERFLOW <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have common OVERFLOW flag</li> <li>1: Core has common OVERFLOW flag</li> </ul>
10	C_USE_DEFAULT_SETTINGS <sup>(3)</sup>	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not use default settings</li> <li>1: Core uses default settings</li> </ul>
11	C_AXI_ID_WIDTH	Integer	ID Width
12	C_AXI_ADDR_WIDTH	Integer	Address Width
13	C_AXI_DATA_WIDTH	Integer	Data Width
14	C_HAS_AXI_AWUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have AWUSER</li> <li>1: Core has AWUSER</li> </ul>
15	C_HAS_AXI_WUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have WUSER</li> <li>1: Core has WUSER</li> </ul>
16	C_HAS_AXI_BUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have BUSER</li> <li>1: Core has BUSER</li> </ul>
17	C_HAS_AXI_ARUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have ARUSER</li> <li>1: Core has ARUSER</li> </ul>
18	C_HAS_AXI_RUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core does not have RUSER</li> <li>1: Core has RUSER</li> </ul>
19	C_AXI_AWUSER_WIDTH	Integer	AWUSER Width

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
20	C_AXI_WUSER_WIDTH	Integer	WUSER Width
21	C_AXI_BUSER_WIDTH	Integer	BUSER Width
22	C_AXI_ARUSER_WIDTH	Integer	ARUSER Width
23	C_AXI_RUSER_WIDTH	Integer	RUSER Width
24	C_HAS_AXIS_TDATA	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TDATA</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TDATA</li> </ul>
25	C_HAS_AXIS_TID	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TID</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TID</li> </ul>
26	C_HAS_AXIS_TDEST	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TDEST</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TDEST</li> </ul>
27	C_HAS_AXIS_TUSER	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TUSER</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TUSER</li> </ul>
28	C_HAS_AXIS_TREADY	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TREADY</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TREADY</li> </ul>
29	C_HAS_AXIS_TLAST	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TLAST</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TLAST</li> </ul>
30	C_HAS_AXIS_TSTRB	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TSTRB</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TSTRB</li> </ul>
31	C_HAS_AXIS_TKEEP	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: AXI4 Stream does not have TKEEP</li> <li>1: AXI4 Stream has TKEEP</li> </ul>
32	C_AXIS_TDATA_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TDATA Width
33	C_AXIS_TID_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TID Width
34	C_AXIS_TDEST_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TDEST Width
35	C_AXIS_TUSER_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TUSER Width
36	C_AXIS_TSTRB_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TSTRB Width
37	C_AXIS_TKEEP_WIDTH	Integer	AXI4 Stream TKEEP Width
38	C_WACH_TYPE	Integer	Write Address Channel type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO</li> <li>1: Register Slice</li> <li>2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>
39	C_WDCH_TYPE	Integer	Write Data Channel type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO</li> <li>1: Register Slice</li> <li>2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>
40	C_WRCH_TYPE	Integer	Write Response Channel type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO</li> <li>1: Register Slice</li> <li>2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>
41	C_RACH_TYPE	Integer	Read Address Channel type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO</li> <li>1: Register Slice</li> <li>2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>

**Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)**

	<b>SIM Parameter</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
42	C_RDCH_TYPE	Integer	Read Data Channel type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Register Slice</li> <li>• 2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>
43	C_AXIS_TYPE	Integer	AXI4 Stream type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Register Slice</li> <li>• 2: Pass Through Logic</li> </ul>
44	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
45	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
46	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
47	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
48	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
49	C_REG_SLICE_MODE_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream configuration type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Fully Registered</li> <li>• 1: Light Weight</li> </ul>
50	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>
51	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
52	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>
53	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>
54	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>
55	C_IMPLEMENTATION_TYPE_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream Implementation type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Common Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 2: Common Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 11: Independent Clock Block RAM FIFO</li> <li>• 12: Independent Clock Distributed RAM FIFO</li> </ul>
56	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>
57	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>
58	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>
59	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
60	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>
61	C_APPLICATION_TYPE_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream Application type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Data FIFO</li> <li>• 1: Packet FIFO<sup>(3)</sup></li> <li>• 2: Low Latency Data FIFO</li> </ul>
62	C_USE_ECC_WACH	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for Write Address Channel</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for Write Address Channel</li> </ul>
63	C_USE_ECC_WDCH	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for Write Data Channel</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for Write Data Channel</li> </ul>
64	C_USE_ECC_WRCH	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for Write Response Channel</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for Write Response Channel</li> </ul>
65	C_USE_ECC_RACH	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for Read Address Channel</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for Read Address Channel</li> </ul>
66	C_USE_ECC_RDCH	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for Read Data Channel</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for Read Data Channel</li> </ul>
67	C_USE_ECC_AXIS	Integer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: ECC option not used for AXI4 Stream</li> <li>• 1: ECC option used for AXI4 Stream</li> </ul>
68	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_WACH	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for Write Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>
69	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_WDCH	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for Write Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
70	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_WRCH	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for Write Response Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>
71	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_RACH	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for Read Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>
72	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_RDCH	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for Read Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>
73	C_ERROR_INJECTION_TYPE_AXIS	Integer	ECC Error Injection type for AXI4 Stream <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: No Error Injection</li> <li>• 1: Single Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 2: Double Bit Error Injection</li> <li>• 3: Single Bit and Double Bit Error Injection</li> </ul>
74	C_DIN_WIDTH_WACH	Integer	DIN Width of Write Address Channel bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).
75	C_DIN_WIDTH_WDCH	Integer	DIN Width of Write Data Channel bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).
76	C_DIN_WIDTH_WRCH	Integer	DIN Width of Write Response Channel bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).
77	C_DIN_WIDTH_RACH	Integer	DIN Width of Read Address Channel bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).
78	C_DIN_WIDTH_RDCH	Integer	DIN Width of Read Data Channel bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).
79	C_DIN_WIDTH_AXIS	Integer	DIN Width of AXI4 Stream bus (1 - 1024). Width is the accumulation of all signal's width of this channel (except AWREADY and AWVALID).

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
80	C_WR_DEPTH_WACH	Integer	FIFO Depth of Write Address Channel
81	C_WR_DEPTH_WDCH	Integer	FIFO Depth of Write Data Channel
82	C_WR_DEPTH_WRCH	Integer	FIFO Depth of Write Response Channel
83	C_WR_DEPTH_RACH	Integer	FIFO Depth of Read Address Channel
84	C_WR_DEPTH_RDCH	Integer	FIFO Depth of Read Data Channel
85	C_WR_DEPTH_AXIS	Integer	FIFO Depth of AXI4 Stream
86	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_WACH	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_WACH})$
87	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_WDCH	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_WDCH})$
88	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_WRCH	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_WRCH})$
89	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_RACH	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_RACH})$
90	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_RDCH	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_RDCH})$
91	C_WR_PNTR_WIDTH_AXIS	Integer	$\text{Log}_2(\text{C\_WR\_DEPTH\_AXIS})$
92	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1 Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>
93	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1 Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>
94	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1 Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>
95	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1, Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>
96	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1, Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
97	C_HAS_DATA_COUNTS_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have Data Counts</li> <li>1: FIFO has Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 1, Write/Read Data Count if C_COMMON_CLOCK = 0</li> </ul>
98	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>
99	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>
100	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>
101	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>
102	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>
103	C_HAS_PROG_FLAGS_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: FIFO does not have the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> <li>1: FIFO has the option to map Almost Full/Empty or Programmable Full/Empty to READY/VALID</li> </ul>



Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
104	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
105	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
106	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
107	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
108	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
109	C_PROG_FULL_TYPE_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 5: FULL is mapped to READY</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_FULL is mapped to READY</li> </ul>
110	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WACH	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for Write Address Channel
111	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WDCH	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for Write Data Channel
112	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WRCH	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for Write Response Channel
113	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_RACH	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for Read Address Channel

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
114	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_RDCH	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for Read Data Channel
115	C_PROG_FULL_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_AXIS	Integer	PROG_FULL assert threshold <sup>(4)</sup> for AXI4 Stream
116	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_WACH	Integer	Write Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
117	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_WDCH	Integer	Write Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
118	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_WRCH	Integer	Write Response Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
119	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_RACH	Integer	Read Address Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
120	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_RDCH	Integer	Read Data Channel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
121	C_PROG_EMPTY_TYPE_AXIS	Integer	AXI4 Stream <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 or 3: PROG_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 5: EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> <li>• 6: ALMOST_EMPTY is mapped to VALID</li> </ul>
122	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WACH	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for Write Address Channel <sup>(4)</sup> .
123	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WDCH	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for Write Data Channel <sup>(4)</sup> .
124	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_WRCH	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for Write Response Channel <sup>(4)</sup> .
125	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_RACH	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for Read Address Channel <sup>(4)</sup> .

Table 28: AXI4 SIM Parameters (Cont'd)

	SIM Parameter	Type	Description
126	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_RDCH	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for Read Data Channel <sup>(4)</sup> .
127	C_PROG_EMPTY_THRESH_ASSERT_VAL_AXIS	Integer	PROG_EMPTY assert threshold for AXI4 Stream <sup>(4)</sup> .

1. Includes Write Address Channel, Write Data Channel and Write Response Channel.
2. Includes Read Address Channel, Read Data Channel.
3. Presently this feature is not supported.
4. See the FIFO Generator GUI for the allowable range of values.

## Verification

Xilinx has verified the FIFO Generator core in a proprietary test environment, using an internally developed bus functional model. Tens of thousands of test vectors were generated and verified, including both valid and invalid write and read data accesses.

## References

1. UG175, *FIFO Generator User Guide*
2. *AXI4 AMBA® AXI Protocol Version: 2.0 Specification*
3. *AMBA® 4 AXI4-Stream Protocol Version: 1.0 Specification*

## Support

Xilinx provides technical support for this LogiCORE product when used as described in the product documentation. Xilinx cannot guarantee timing, functionality, or support of product if implemented in devices that are not defined in the documentation, if customized beyond that allowed in the product documentation, or if changes are made to any section of the design labeled *DO NOT MODIFY*.

## Ordering Information

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For more information, please visit the [FIFO Generator core page](#).

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## Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document:

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
4/23/04	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
5/21/04	1.1	Support for Virtex-4 built-in FIFO implementation.

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
11/11/04	2.0	Updated for Xilinx software v6.3i.
04/28/05	2.1	The original product specification has been divided into two documents - a data sheet and a user guide. The document has also been updated to indicate core support of first-word fall-through feature and Xilinx software v7.1i.
8/31/05	2.2	Updated Xilinx v7.1i to SP3, removed references to first-word fall-through as new in this release. Updated basic FIFO benchmark value to reflect increased performance.
1/18/06	2.3	Minor updates for release v2.3, advanced ISE support to 8.1i.
7/13/06	3.0	Added support for Virtex-5, ISE to v8.2i, core version to 3.1
9/21/06	4.0	Core version updated to 3.2, support for Spartan-3A added to Facts table.
2/15/07	5.0	Updates to Xilinx tools 9.1i, core version 3.3.
4/02/07	5.5	Added support for Spartan-3A DSP devices, upgraded Cadence IUS version to 5.7
8/8/07	5.6	Updated to Xilinx tools v9.2i; Cadence IUS v5.8.
10/10/07	6.0	Updated for IP2 Jade Minor release.
3/24/08	7.0	Updated core to version 4.3; Xilinx tools to 10.1.
9/19/08	8.0	Updated core to version 4.4; Xilinx tools 10.1, SP3.
12/17/08	8.0.1	Early access documentation.
4/24/09	9.0	Updated core to version 5.1 and Xilinx tools to version 11.1.
6/24/09	10.0	Updated core to version 5.2 and Xilinx tools to version 11.2.
6/24/09	10.1	Updated <a href="#">Resource Utilization and Performance, page 33</a> .
9/16/09	11.0	Updated core to version 5.3 and Xilinx tools to version 11.3.
4/19/10	12.0	Updated core to version 6.1 and Xilinx tools to version 12.1.
7/23/10	13.0	Updated core to version 6.2 and Xilinx tools to version 12.2.
9/21/10	14.0	Updated core to version 7.2 and Xilinx tools to version 12.3. Added <a href="#">AXI4 Interface FIFOs</a> .
3/1/11	15.0	Updated core to version 8.1 and Xilinx tools to version 13.1. Added support for Kintex-7 and Virtex-7 FPGAs.
6/22/11	16.0	Updated core to v8.2 and Xilinx ISE Design Suite to v13.2. Added support for Zynq-7000 and Artix-7 FPGAs.
10/19/11	17.0	Updated core to v8.3 and Xilinx ISE Design Suite to v13.3.
1/18/12	18.0	Updated core to v8.4 and Xilinx ISE Design Suite to v13.4.

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