

Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit IBERT

Getting Started Guide

UG971 (Vivado Design Suite v2015.1) April 27, 2015



Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Revision
09/20/2013	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
09/24/2013	1.0.1	Updated the Notice of Disclaimer, page 2..
11/07/2013	2.0	Updated for Vivado® Design Suite 2013.3. Updated most figures in Chapter 1 , VC7222 IBERT Getting Started Guide . Figure 1-31 and Figure 2-11 were renamed <i>Design Sources File Hierarchy</i> . Deleted Figures 2-12 and Figure 3-9, <i>Synthesize Out-Of-Context Module</i> . The name of the project ZIP file changed to <code>rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2013-3.zip</code> . Replaced Figure 3-8, <i>Set As Out Of Context Module</i> with <i>Design Sources File Hierarchy</i> screen. Deleted Figure 3-12, <i>Edit the Implementation Setting</i> . Updated Appendix A , Additional Resources and Legal Notices links.
01/22/2014	3.0	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2013.4. Updated Figure 1-11 , Figure 1-13 , Figure 1-14 , Figure 1-15 , Figure 1-27 , Figure 1-28 , Figure 1-29 , Figure 1-33 , Figure 2-1 , and Figure 3-5 .
04/16/2014	4.0	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2014.1. Updated 30 graphics in Chapters 1, 2, and 3. File lists changed under Extracting the Project Files . The ZIP project file name changed to <code>rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2014-1.zip</code> . <i>Launching the Vivado Design Suite Software</i> was changed to <i>Setting Up the Vivado Design Suite</i> in the Running the GTH IBERT Demonstration , page 9 and Running the GTZ IBERT Demonstration , page 28 sections, and <i>In Case of RX Bit Errors</i> was added to both sections.
06/12/2014	5.0	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2014.2. Updated Figure 1-10 , Figure 1-11 , Figure 1-19 , Figure 1-20 , Figure 1-23 , Figure 1-27 , Figure 1-30 , Figure 1-33 , Figure 2-1 , Figure 2-4 , Figure 2-8 , Figure 2-11 , Figure 2-14 , Figure 2-16 , Figure 3-2 , through Figure 3-5 , Figure 3-8 , Figure 3-11 , and Figure 3-13 . Added device programming information in Starting the SuperClock-2 Module , page 20 and Starting the SuperClock-2 Module , page 36. Updated Viewing GTH Transceiver Operation and Viewing GTZ Transceiver Operation .
09/17/2014	5.1	Changed cable quantity from two to one under Requirements . Added a note about cable quantity in Running the GTZ IBERT Demonstration . Updated clock connection information in GTZ Transceiver Clock Connection . Added a Caution regarding BullsEye cable use in Attach the GTZ Quad Connector . Added a note about the cable connection in Figure 1-24 and before Figure 1-33 . Replaced Figure 3-3 .
10/09/2014	6.0	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2014.3. Added BullsEye cable instructions to Viewing GTH Transceiver Operation . Updated Figure 1-10 , Figure 1-11 , Figure 1-14 , Figure 1-19 , Figure 2-2 , Figure 2-4 , Figure 2-8 , Figure 2-9 , Figure 2-14 , Figure 3-5 , and Figure 3-11 .
11/24/2014	7.0	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2014.4. The ZIP project file name changed to <code>rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2014-4.zip</code> . The board revision changed from Rev B to Rev 1 (Figure 1-1). Updated Figure 1-10 , Figure 1-19 , Figure 1-20 , Figure 2-4 , and Figure 2-8 .

Date	Version	Revision
04/27/2015	2015.1	Updated for Vivado Design Suite 2015.1. The ZIP project file name changed to <code>rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2015-1.zip</code> . Updated Figure 1-4 , Figure 1-10 , Figure 1-15 , Figure 1-18 , Figure 1-29 , Figure 1-31 , Figure 1-32 , Figure 2-1 , Figure 2-4 , Figure 2-8 , Figure 3-1 , and Figure 3-5 . Version changed to match the software release.

Table of Contents

Revision History	2
Chapter 1: VC7222 IBERT Getting Started Guide	
Overview	5
Requirements.....	6
Setting Up the VC7222 Board for GTH and GTZ IBERT Testing.....	7
Extracting the Project Files	7
Running the GTH IBERT Demonstration	9
Running the GTZ IBERT Demonstration	28
SuperClock-2 Frequency Table	43
Chapter 2: Creating the GTH IBERT Core	
Chapter 3: Creating the GTZ IBERT Core	
Appendix A: Additional Resources and Legal Notices	
Xilinx Resources	71
Solution Centers.....	71
References	71
Please Read: Important Legal Notices	72
Appendix B: Warranty	

VC7222 IBERT Getting Started Guide

Overview

This document provides a procedure for setting up the Virtex®-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board to run the Integrated Bit Error Ratio Test (IBERT) demonstration using the Vivado® Design Suite. The designs required to run the IBERT demonstration are stored in the Secure Digital (SD) memory card provided with the VC7222 board. A copy of the designs can also be found at the [Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit documentation website](#).

The VC7222 board is described in detail in *Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board User Guide* (UG965) [Ref 1].

The IBERT GTH demonstration operates one GTH Quad at a time. The procedure consists of:

1. [Setting Up the VC7222 Board for GTH and GTZ IBERT Testing, page 7](#)
2. [Extracting the Project Files, page 7](#)
3. [Connecting the GTH Transceivers and Reference Clocks, page 9](#)
4. [Configuring the FPGA, page 15](#)
5. [Setting Up the Vivado Design Suite, page 17](#)
6. [Starting the SuperClock-2 Module, page 20](#)
7. [Viewing GTH Transceiver Operation, page 26](#)
8. [Closing the IBERT Demonstration, page 27](#)

The IBERT GTZ demonstration operates 8 GTZ lanes using both Q300A and Q300B. The procedure consists of:

1. [Connecting the GTZ Transceiver and Reference Clocks, page 28](#)
2. [Configuring the FPGA, page 33](#)
3. [Setting up the Vivado Design Suite, page 35](#)
4. [Starting the SuperClock-2 Module, page 20](#)

5. [Viewing GTZ Transceiver Operation, page 41](#)
 6. [Closing the IBERT Demonstration, page 43](#)
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Requirements

The hardware and software required to run the GTH and GTZ IBERT demonstration are listed here:

- Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board. The kit includes:
 - One SD card containing the IBERT demonstration designs
 - One Samtec BullsEye™ cable
 - One skew-matched reference clock cable set
 - Eight SMA female-to-female (F-F) adapters
 - Six 50Ω SMA terminators
 - GTH transceiver power supply module (installed on board)
 - GTZ transceiver power supply module (installed on board)
 - SuperClock-2 module, Rev 1.0 (installed on board)
 - 12V DC power adapter
 - USB cable, standard-A plug to Micro-B plug
- Host PC with:
 - SD card reader
 - USB ports
 - Vivado Design Suite 2015.1

The hardware and software required to rebuild the IBERT demonstration designs are:

- Vivado Design Suite 2015.1
- Host PC with a version of the Windows operating system supported by the Vivado Design Suite

Setting Up the VC7222 Board for GTH and GTZ IBERT Testing



CAUTION! The VC7222 board can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Follow standard ESD prevention measures when handling the board.

When the VC7222 board ships from the factory, it is already configured for the GTH IBERT demonstration described in this chapter. If the board has been re-configured, it must be returned to the default setup before running the IBERT demonstrations.

1. Move all jumpers and switches to their default positions. The default jumper and switch positions are listed in *Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board User Guide* (UG965) [Ref 1].
2. Install the GTH and GTZ transceiver power modules into connectors J29 – J102, and J5 and J71, respectively.
3. Install the SuperClock-2 module:
 - a. Align the three metal standoffs on the bottom side of the module with the three mounting holes in the SuperClock-2 module interface of the VC7222 board.
 - b. Using three 4-40 x 0.25 inch screws, firmly screw down the module from the bottom of the VC7222 board.
 - c. On the SuperClock-2 module, place a jumper across pins 2 - 3 (2V5) of the CONTROL VOLTAGE header, J18, and place another jumper across Si570 INH header J11.
 - d. Screw down a 50Ω SMA terminator onto each of the six unused Si5368 clock output SMA connectors: J7, J8, J12, J15, J16, and J17.

Extracting the Project Files

The Vivado project files required to run the IBERT demonstration are located in `rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2015-1.zip` on the SD card provided with the VC7222 board. These files are also available online at the [Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit documentation website](#).

The ZIP file contains these files:

- BIT files

```
vc7222_ibert_q113_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q114_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q115_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q213_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q214_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q215_325.bit  
vc7222_ibert_q300_225.bit  
vc7222_uarttest.bit
```

- Probe files

```
vc7222_ibert_q113_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q114_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q115_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q213_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q214_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q215_debug_nets.ltx  
vc7222_ibert_q300_debug_nets.ltx
```

- Tcl scripts

```
add_scm2.tcl  
setup_scm2_325_00_GTH.tcl  
setup_scm2_225_00_GTZ.tcl
```

The Tcl scripts are used to help merge the IBERT and SuperClock-2 source code (described in [Chapter 2, Creating the GTH IBERT Core](#) and in [Chapter 3, Creating the GTZ IBERT Core](#)) and to set up the SuperClock-2 module (described in [Starting the SuperClock-2 Module, page 20](#) in the GTH section and [Starting the SuperClock-2 Module, page 36](#) in the GTZ section).

To copy the files from the SD memory card:

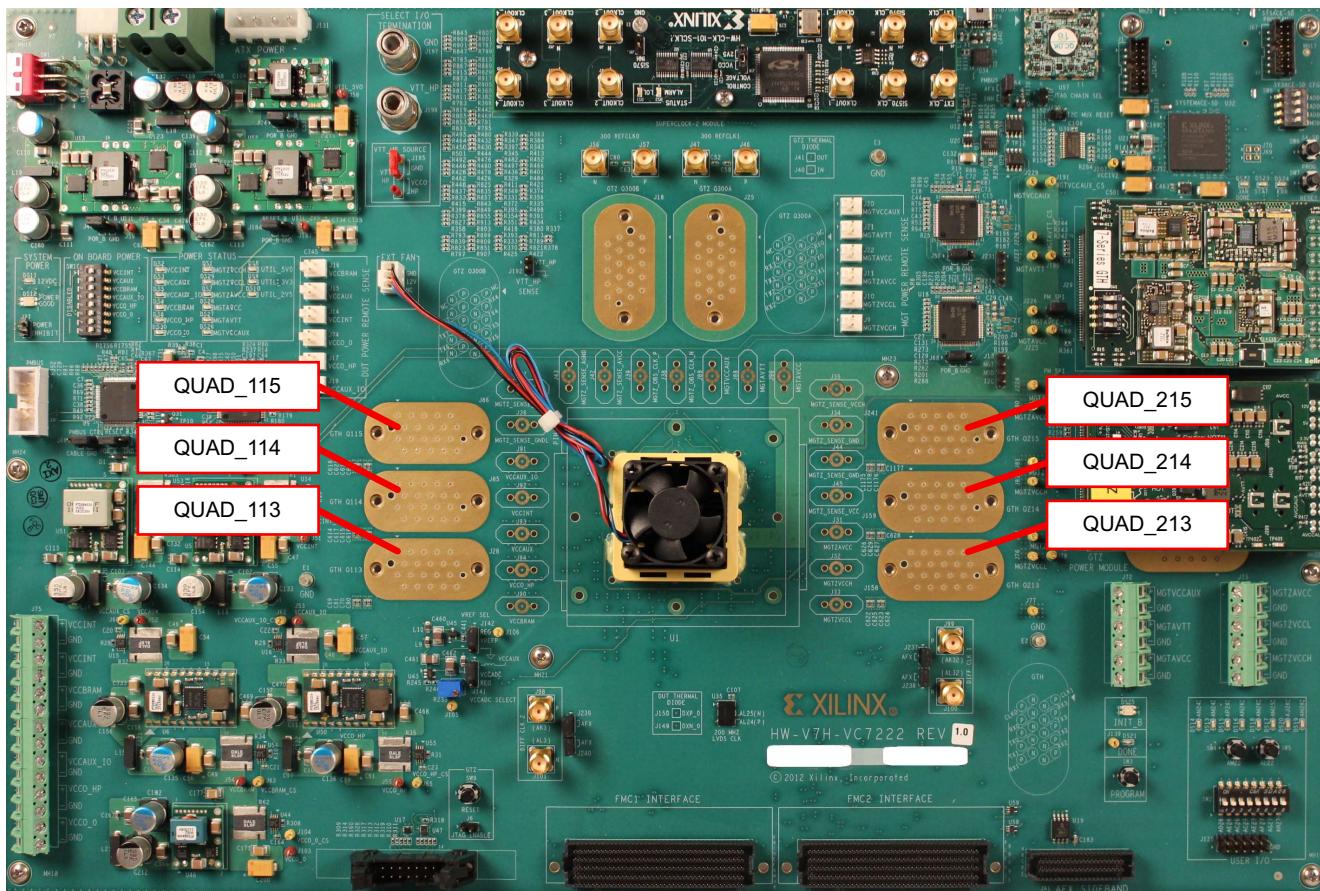
1. Connect the SD card to the host computer.
2. Locate the file `rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2015-1.zip` on the SD memory card.
3. Unzip the files to a working directory on the host computer.

Running the GTH IBERT Demonstration

The GTH IBERT demonstration operates one GTH Quad at a time. This section describes how to test GTH Quad 115, while the remaining GTH Quads are tested following similar steps.

Connecting the GTH Transceivers and Reference Clocks

[Figure 1-1](#) shows the locations for all the GTH transceiver Quads on the Rev. 1 VC7222 board.



UG971_c1_01_102914

Figure 1-1: GTH Quad Location

Note: Figure 1-1 is for reference only and might not reflect the current revision of the board.

All GTH transceiver pins and reference clock pins are routed from the FPGA to a connector pad which interfaces with the Samtec BullsEye connector. **Figure 1-2 A** shows the connector pad, and **Figure 1-2 B** shows the connector pinout.

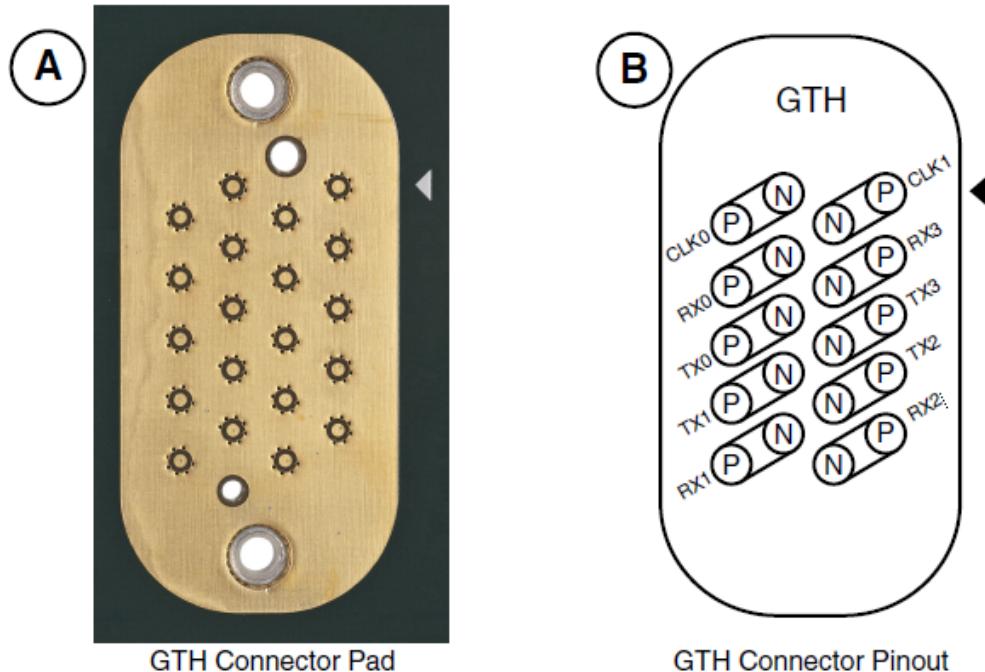

UG971_c1_02_080213

Figure 1-2: A – GTH Connector Pad. B – GTH Connector Pinout

The SuperClock-2 module provides LVDS clock outputs for the GTH transceiver reference clock in the IBERT demonstration. [Figure 1-3](#) shows the location of the differential clock SMA connections on the clock module which can be connected to the reference clock cables.

Note: The image in [Figure 1-3](#) is for reference only and might not reflect the current revision of the board.

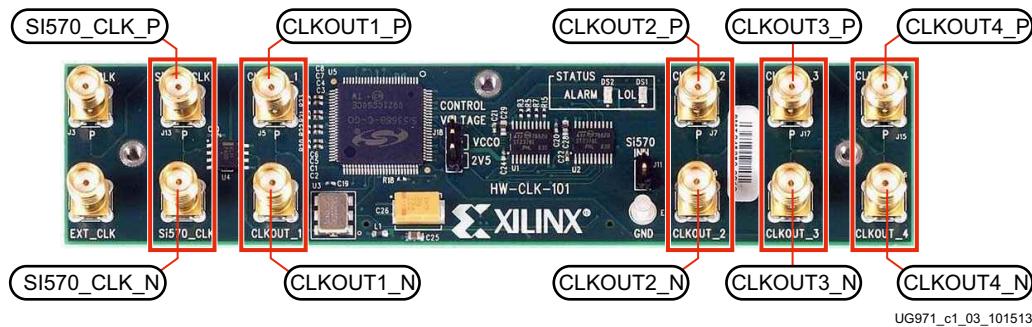


Figure 1-3: SuperClock-2 Module Output Clock SMA Locations

The four SMA pairs labeled CLKOUT provide LVDS clock outputs from the Si5368 clock multiplier/jitter attenuator device on the clock module. The SMA pair labeled Si570_CLK provides LVDS clock output from the Si570 programmable oscillator on the clock module.

Note: The Si570 oscillator does not support LVDS output on Rev. B and earlier revisions of the SuperClock-2 module.

For the GTH IBERT demonstration, the output clock frequencies are preset to 325.00 MHz. For more information regarding the SuperClock-2 module, see the *HW-CLK-101-SCLK2 SuperClock-2 Module User Guide* (UG770) [[Ref 2](#)].

Attach the GTH Quad Connector

Before connecting the BullsEye cable assembly to the board, firmly secure the blue elastomer seal provided with the cable assembly to the bottom of the connector housing, if it is not already inserted (see [Figure 1-4](#)).

Note: [Figure 1-4](#) is for reference only and might not reflect the current version of the connector.



Figure 1-4: BullsEye Connector with Elastomer Seal

Attach the Samtec BullsEye connector to the GTH Quad 115 (Figure 1-5), aligning the two indexing pins on the bottom of the connector with the guide holes on the board. Hold the connector flush with the board and fasten it by tightening the two captive screws.

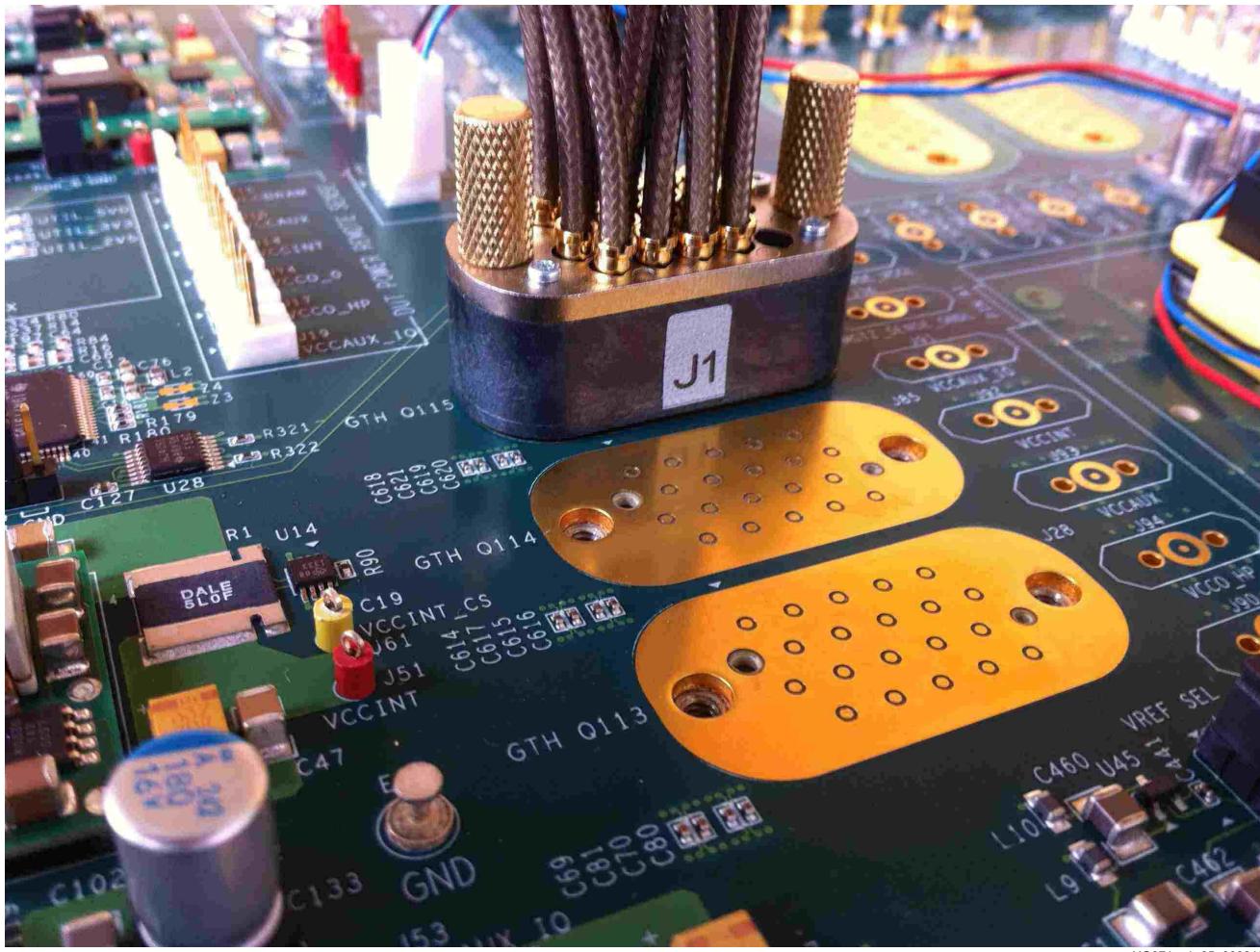

UG971_c1_05_080213

Figure 1-5: BullsEye Connector Attached to GTH Quad 115

GTH Transceiver Clock Connections

See Figure 1-2 to identify the P and N coax cables connected to the CLK0 reference clock inputs. Connect these cables to the SuperClock-2 module as follows:

- CLK0_P coax cable → SMA connector J5 (CLKOUT1_P) on the SuperClock-2 module
- CLK0_N coax cable → SMA connector J6 (CLKOUT1_N) on the SuperClock-2 module

Note: Any one of the five differential outputs from the SuperClock-2 module can be used to source the GTH reference clock. CLKOUT1_P and CLKOUT1_N are used here as an example.

GTH TX/RX Loopback Connections

See [Figure 1-2](#) to identify the P and N coax cables that are connected to the four receivers (RX0, RX1, RX2, and RX3) and the four transmitters (TX0, TX1, TX2, and TX3). Use eight SMA female-to-female (F-F) adapters ([Figure 1-6](#)) to connect the transmit and receive cables as shown in [Figure 1-7](#) and detailed in the following list:

- TX0_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX0_P
- TX0_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX0_N
- TX1_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX1_P
- TX1_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX1_N
- TX2_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX2_P
- TX2_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX2_N
- TX3_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX3_P
- TX3_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX3_N

Note: To ensure good connectivity, it is recommended that the adapters be secured with a wrench, however do not over-tighten the SMAs.


UG971_c1_06_101513

Figure 1-6: SMA F-F Adapter

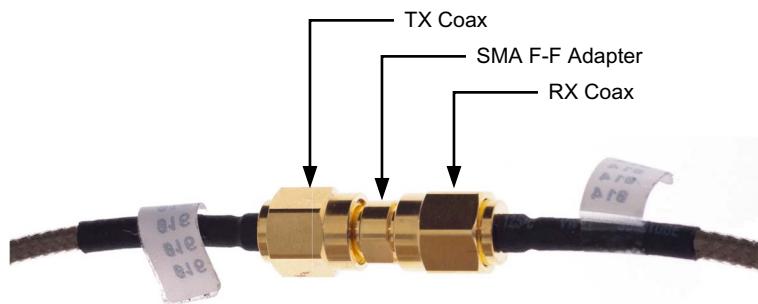

UG971_c1_07_101513

Figure 1-7: TX-To-RX Loopback Connection Example

[Figure 1-8](#) shows the VC7222 board with the cable connections required for the Quad 115 GTH IBERT demonstration.

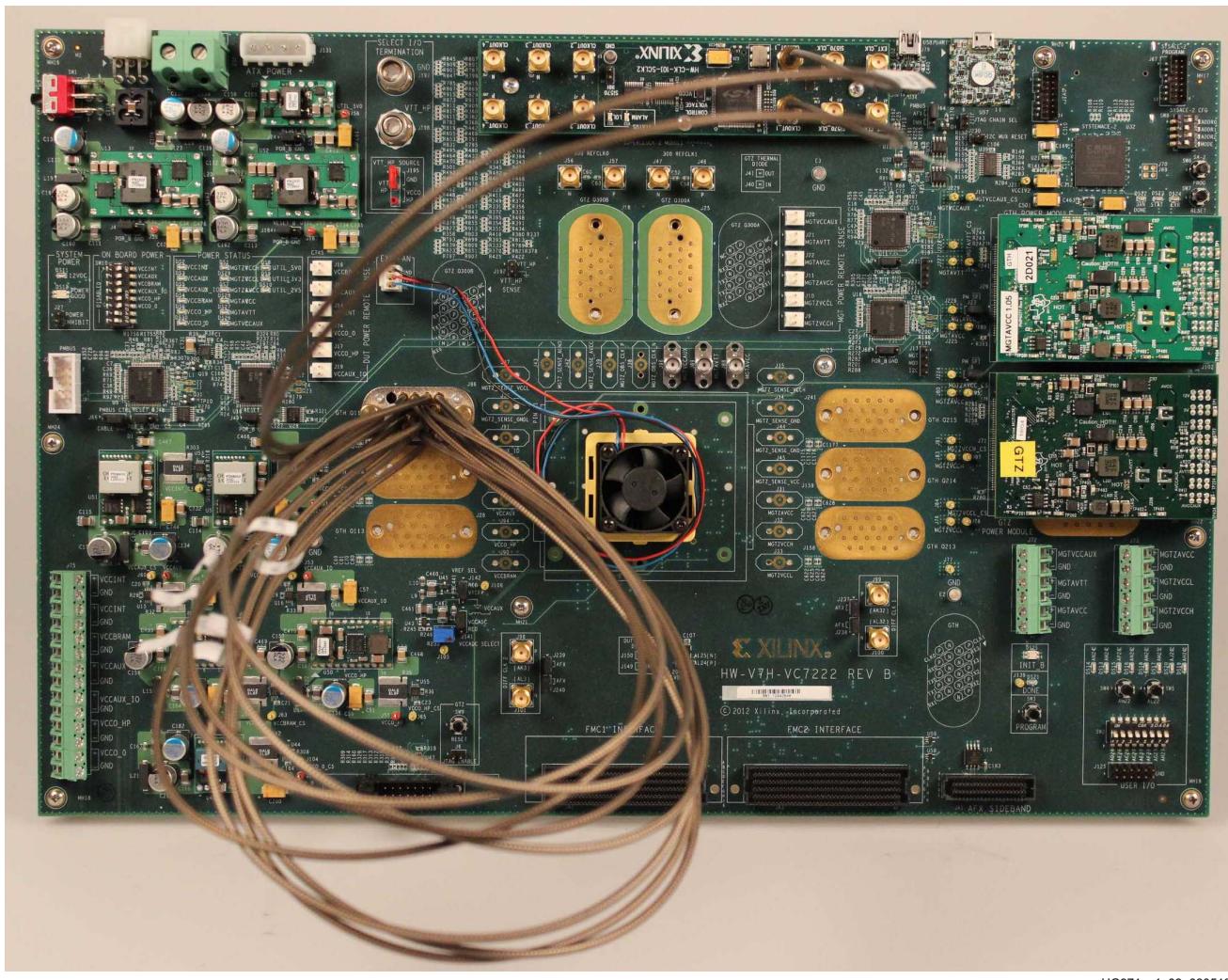


Figure 1-8: Cable Connections for Quad 115 GTH IBERT Demonstration

Configuring the FPGA

This section describes how to configure the FPGA using the SD card included with the board. The FPGA can also be configured through Vivado Design Suite using the .bit files available on the SD card, or online (as collection `rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2015-1.zip`) at the [Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit documentation website](#).

To configure the FPGA using the SD card:

1. Insert the SD card provided with the VC7222 board into the SD card reader slot located on the bottom-side (upper-right corner) of the VC7222 board.
2. Plug the 12V output from the power adapter into connector J2 on the VC7222 board.
3. Connect the host computer to the VC7222 board using a standard-A plug to Micro-B plug USB cable. The standard-A plug connects to a USB port on the host computer and the Micro-B plug connects to U57, the Digilent USB JTAG configuration port on the VC7222 board.
4. Select the GTH IBERT demonstration with the System ACE™ SD Controller SYSACE-2 CFG switch, SW8. The setting on this 4-bit DIP switch ([Figure 1-9](#)) selects the file used to configure the FPGA. A switch is in the ON position if set to the far right and in the OFF position if set to the far left. For the Quad 115 GTH IBERT demonstration, set ADR2 = ON, ADR1 = OFF, and ADR0 = ON. The MODE bit (switch position 4) is not used and can be set either ON or OFF.

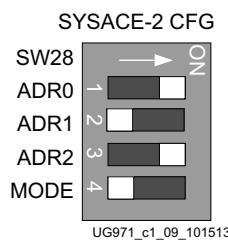


Figure 1-9: Configuration Address DIP Switch (SW8)

There is one IBERT demonstration design for each GTH Quad on the VC7222 board, for a total of six IBERT designs. Additional designs are provided to demonstrate the GTZ and the USB/UART interface (details of this demonstration are described in the README file on the SD card). All eight designs are organized and stored on the SD card as shown in [Table 1-1](#).

Table 1-1: SD Card Contents and Configuration Addresses

Demonstration Design	ADR2	ADR1	ADR0
GTH Quad 113	ON	ON	ON
GTH Quad 114	ON	ON	OFF
GTH Quad 115	ON	OFF	ON
GTH Quad 213	ON	OFF	OFF
GTH Quad 214	OFF	ON	ON
GTH Quad 215	OFF	ON	OFF
GTZ Quad 300A and 300B	OFF	OFF	ON
USB/UART	OFF	OFF	OFF

5. Place the main power switch SW1 to the ON position.

Setting Up the Vivado Design Suite

1. Start Vivado Design Suite on the host computer and click **Flow > Open Hardware Manager** (highlighted in [Figure 1-10](#)).

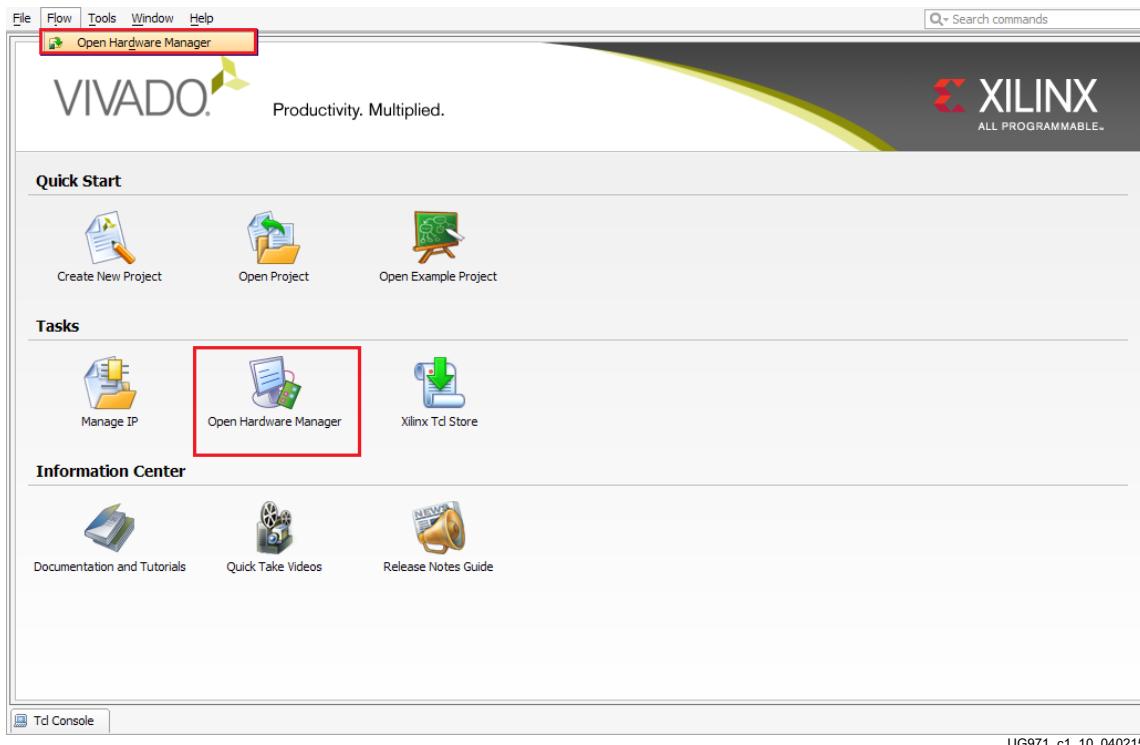


Figure 1-10: Vivado Design Suite, Open Hardware Manager

2. In the Hardware Manager window, click **Open New Target** (highlighted in Figure 1-11).

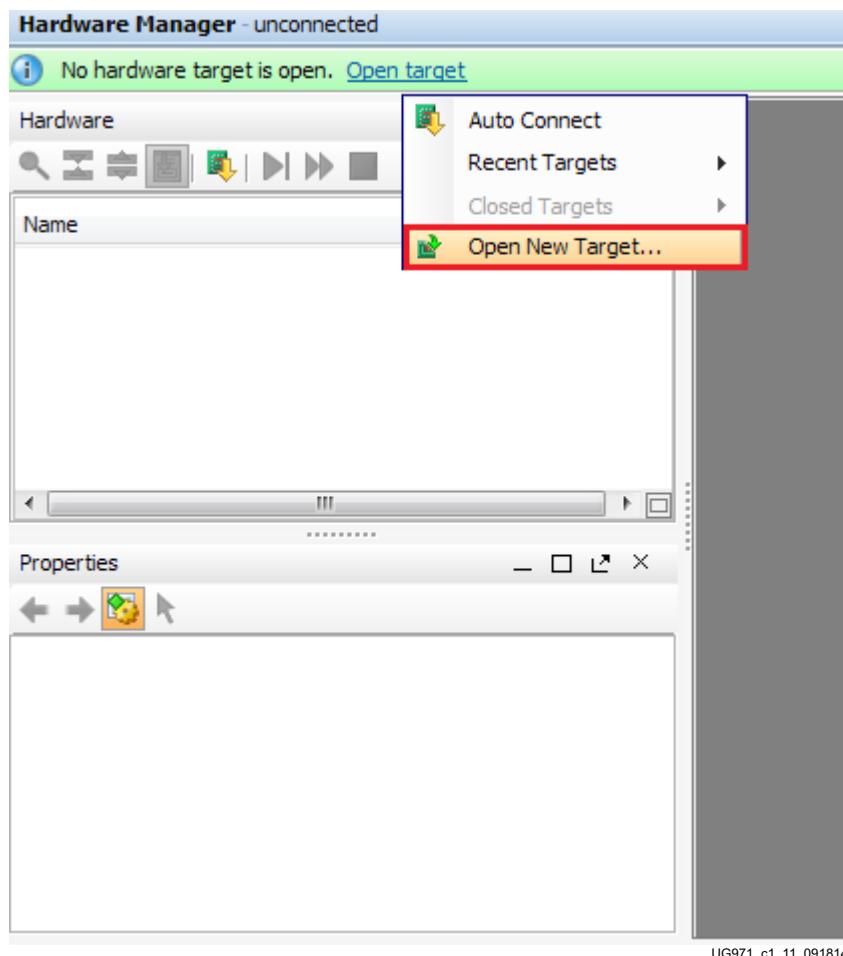


Figure 1-11: Open a New Target

3. An Open Hardware Target wizard starts. Click **Next** to run the wizard.
4. In the Hardware Server Settings window, select **Local server (target is on local machine)**. Click **Next** to open the server and connect to the Xilinx TCF JTAG cable.

5. In the Select Hardware Target window, the `xilinx_tcf` cable appears under Hardware Targets, and the JTAG chain contents of the selected cable appear under Hardware Devices (Figure 1-12). Select the **xilinx_tcf target** and keep the JTAG Clock Frequency at the default value (15 MHz). Click **Next**.

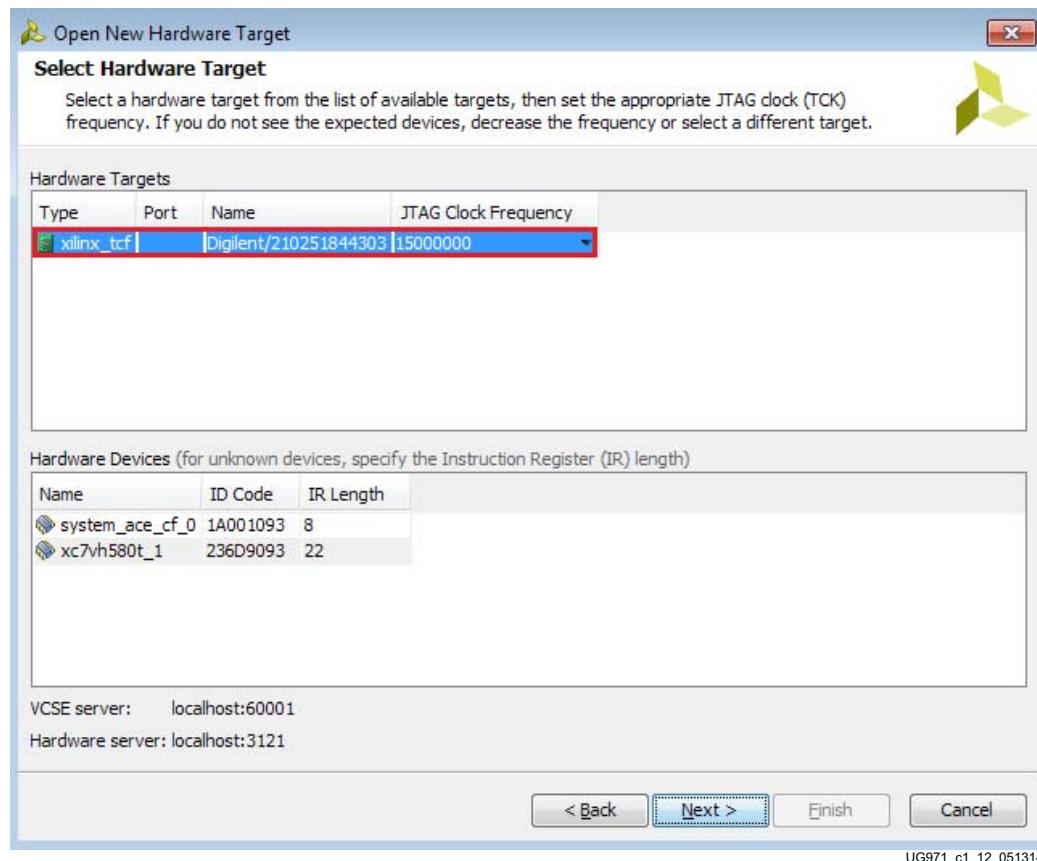


Figure 1-12: Select Hardware Target

6. In the Open Hardware Target Summary window, click **Finish**. The wizard closes and the Vivado Design Suite opens the hardware target.

Starting the SuperClock-2 Module

The IBERT demonstration designs use an integrated VIO core to control the clocks on the SuperClock-2 module. The SuperClock-2 module features two clock-source components:

- Always-on Si570 crystal oscillator
- Si5368 jitter-attenuating clock multiplier

Outputs from either source can be used to drive the transceiver reference clocks.

To start the SuperClock-2 module:

1. The Vivado Design Suite Hardware window shows the System ACE tool and the XC7VH580T devices. The XC7VH580T device is reported as programmed. In the Hardware Device Properties window, enter the file path to the Q115 Probes file (vc7222_ibert_q115_debug_nets.ltx) in the extracted IBERT files from the SD card (Figure 1-13).

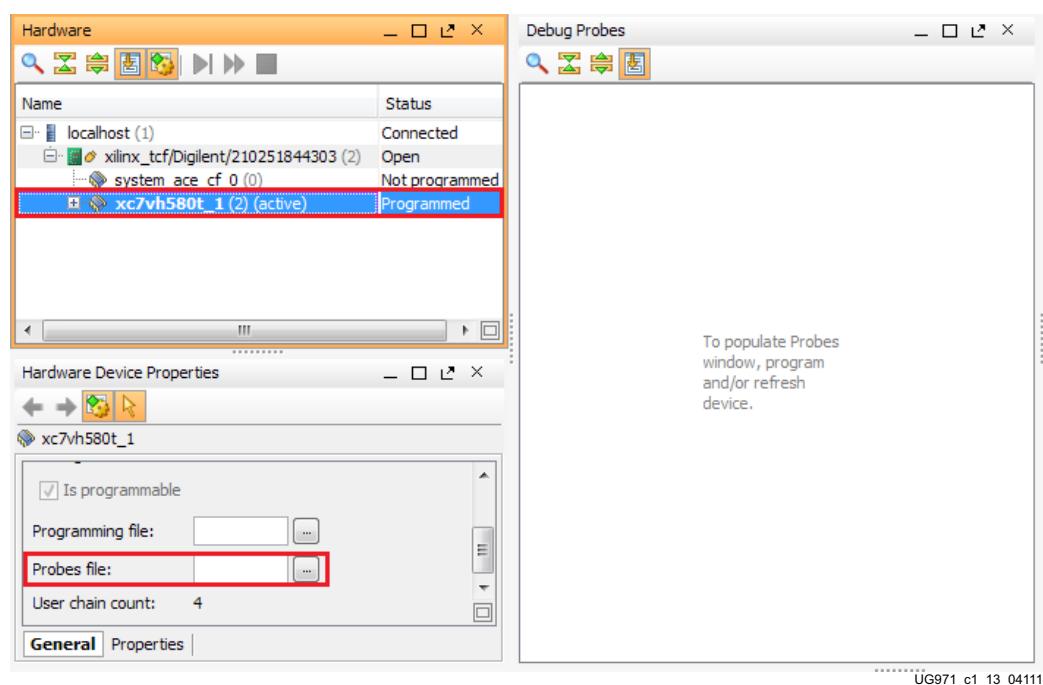


Figure 1-13: Adding the Probes File

2. In the Hardware window, right-click **XC7VH580T_1** and select **Refresh Device** (Figure 1-14).

Note: If the FPGA was not programmed using the SD card, provide both the programming and the probes files, and then select **Program Device**.

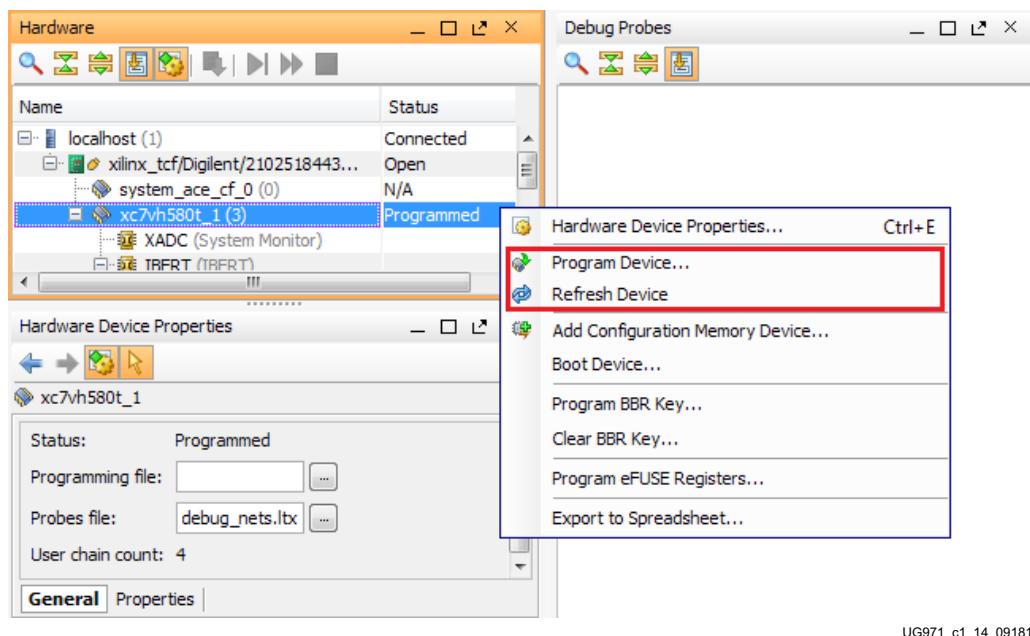


Figure 1-14: Program/Refresh Device

3. Vivado Design Suite reports that the XC7VH580T is programmed and displays the SuperClock-2 VIO core and the IBERT core. To configure the SuperClock-2 module, click **Tools > Run Tcl Script** ([Figure 1-15](#)). In the Run Script window, navigate to the `setup_scm2_325_00.tcl` script in the extracted files and click **OK**.

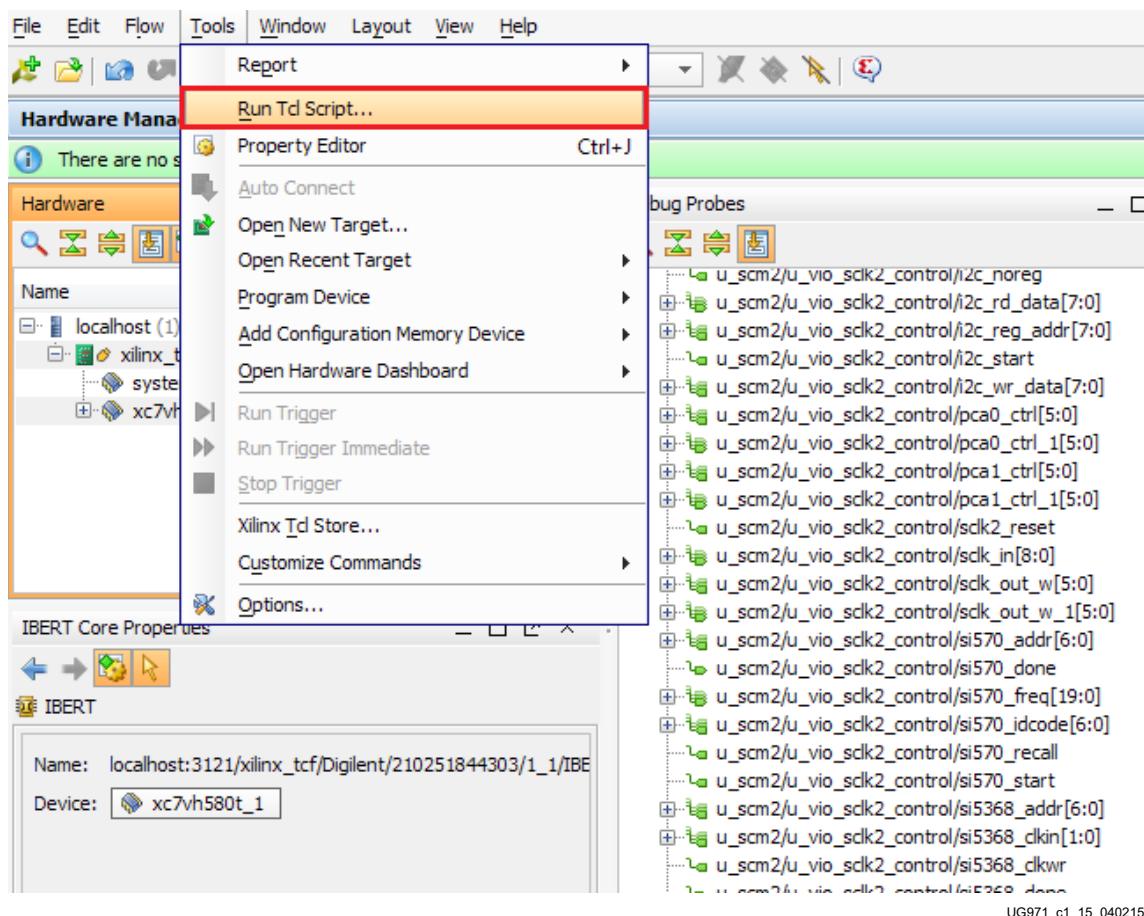


Figure 1-15: Run TCL Script

4. To view the SuperClock-2 settings in the VIO core, select the probe signal from the Debug Probes window and drag it to the VIO-hw_vio_1 window. For example, the frequencies, ROM addresses, and start signals are selected (Figure 1-16).

Note: The ROM address values for the Si5368 and Si570 devices (i.e., Si5368 ROM Addr and Si570 ROM Addr) are preset to 3 to produce an output frequency of 325.000 MHz. Entering a different ROM address changes the reference clock(s) frequency. The complete list of pre-programmed SuperClock-2 frequencies and their associated ROM addresses is provided in Table 1-2.

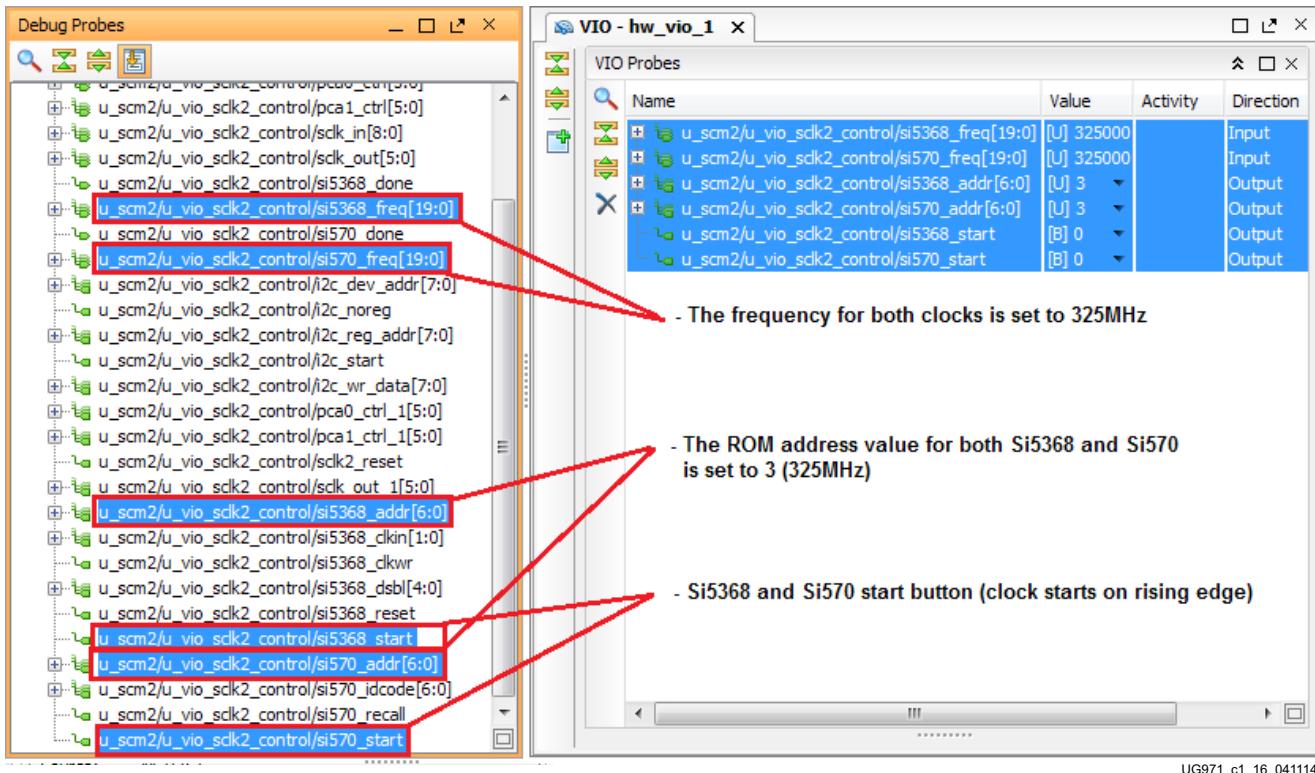


Figure 1-16: SuperClock-2 Module VIO Core

5. To view the GTH transceiver operation, click **Layout > Serial I/O Analyzer**. From the top of the Hardware Manager window, select **Auto-Detect Links** to display all available links automatically. Links can also be created manually in the Links window by right-clicking and selecting **Create Links**, or by clicking the **Create Links** button (Figure 1-17).

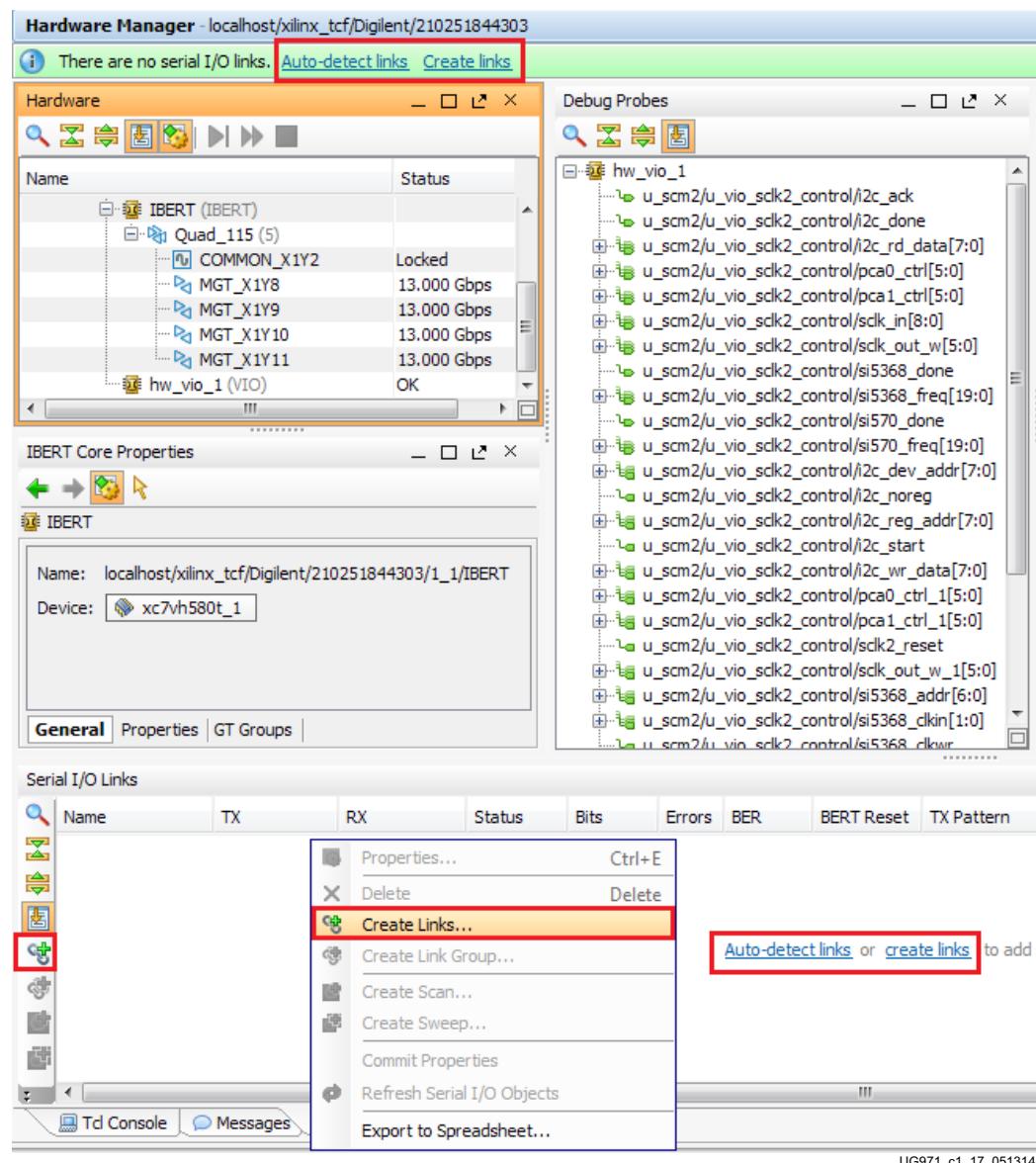


Figure 1-17: Serial I/O Analyzer—Create Links

6. If links are created manually, the Create Links window is displayed. The options in this window are used to link any TX GT to any RX GT. To create links, select the TX GT and RX GT from the two lists, then click the **Add Link** button. For this project, connect the following links (Figure 1-18):

MGT_X1Y8/TX to MGT_X1Y8/RX

MGT_X1Y9/TX to MGT_X1Y9/RX

MGT_X1Y10/TX to MGT_X1Y10/RX

MGT_X1Y11/TX to MGT_X1Y11/RX

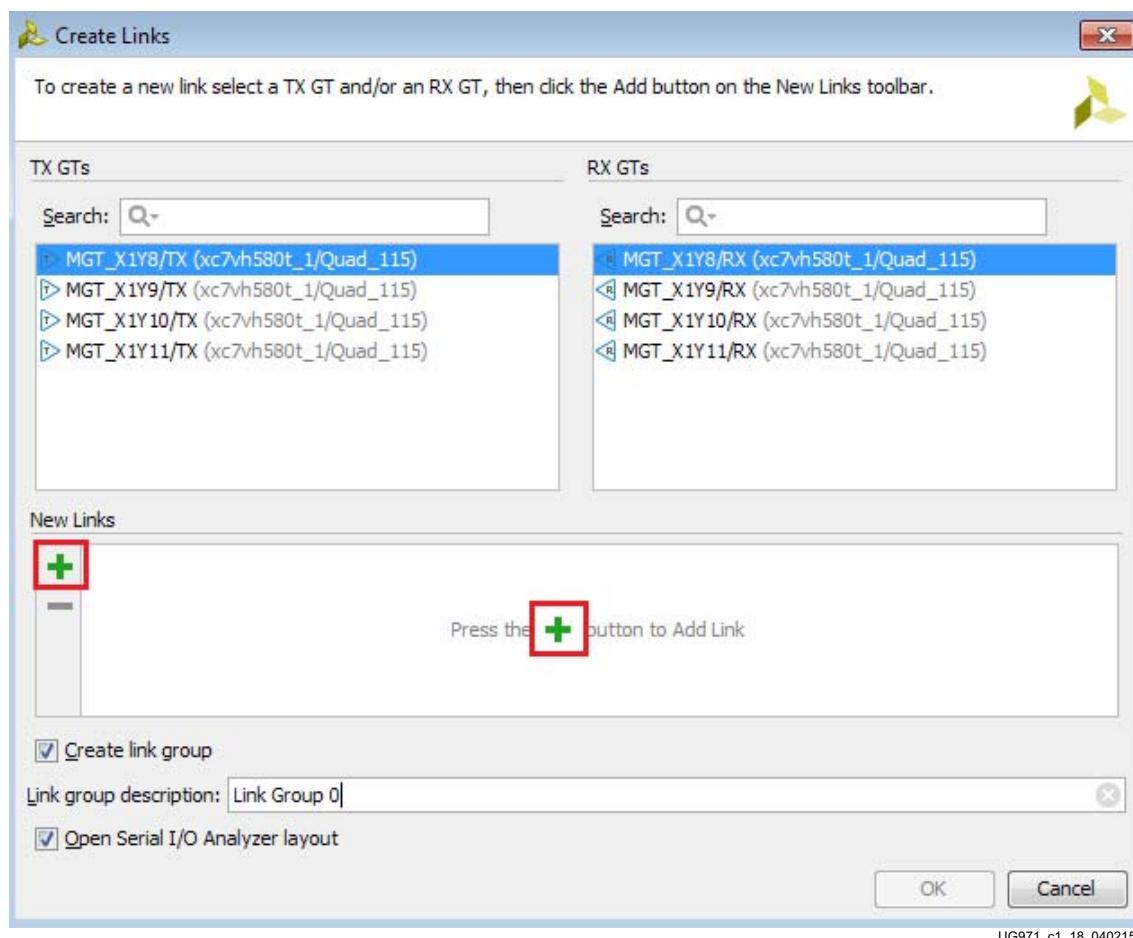


Figure 1-18: Create Links Window

Viewing GTH Transceiver Operation

After completing [step 6 in Starting the SuperClock-2 Module](#), the IBERT demonstration is configured and running. The status and test settings are displayed on the Links tab in the Links window shown in [Figure 1-19](#).

Note the line rate and the error count:

- The line rate for all four GTH transceivers is 13.0 Gb/s (see the Status column in [Figure 1-19](#)).
- Verify that there are no bit errors.

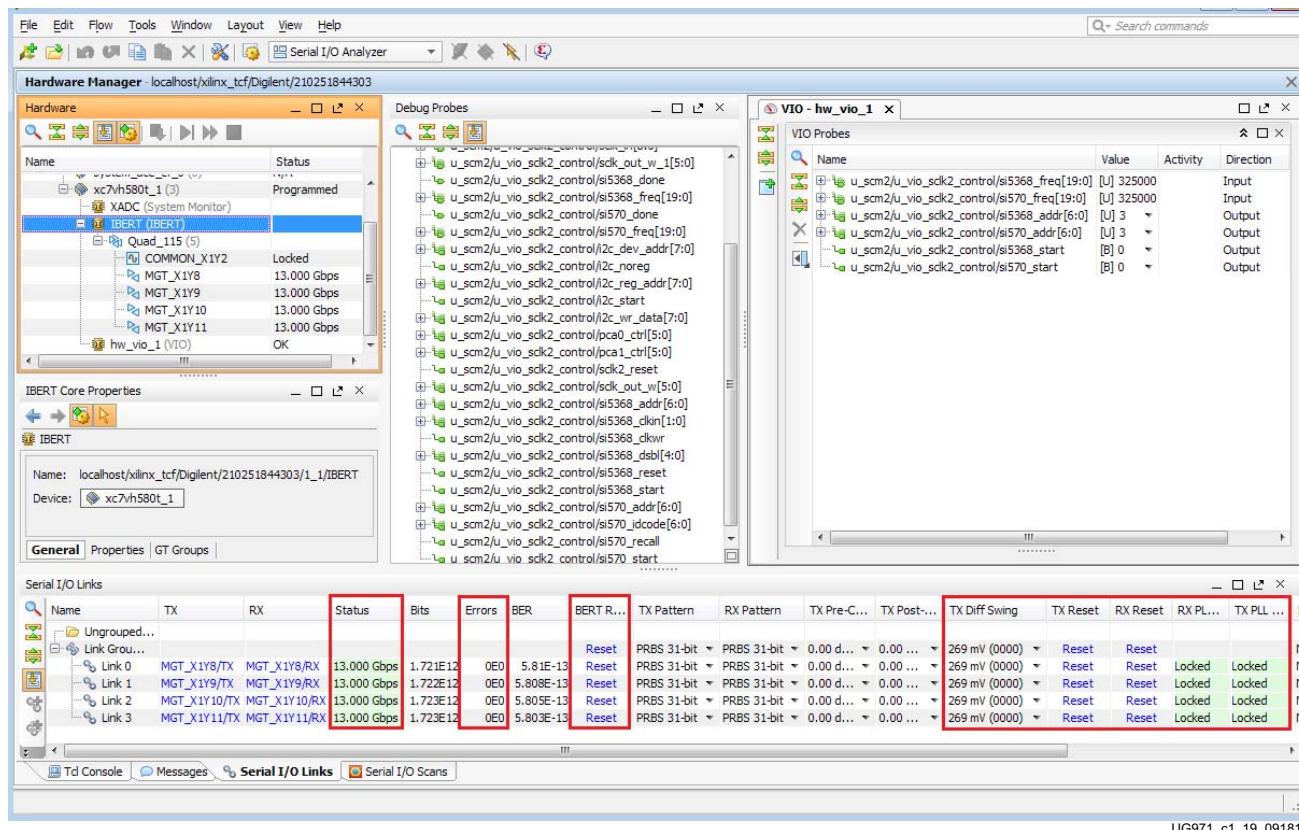


Figure 1-19: Serial I/O Analyzer Links

In Case of RX Bit Errors

If there are initial bit errors after linking, or as a result of changing the TX or RX pattern, click the respective **BERT Reset** button to zero the count.

If the MGT Link Status shows **No Link** for one or more transceivers:

- Make sure the blue elastomer seal is connected to the bottom of the BullsEye cable and the cable is firmly connected and flush on the board.
- Increase the TX differential swing of the transceiver (to compensate for any loss due to PCB process variation).
- Click the respective **TX Reset** button followed by **BERT Reset**.

Additional information on the Vivado Design Suite software and IBERT core can be found in *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging* (UG908) [\[Ref 3\]](#) and *LogiCORE IP Integrated Bit Error Ratio Tester (IBERT) for 7 Series GTH Transceivers Product Guide for Vivado Design Suite* (PG152) [\[Ref 4\]](#).

Closing the IBERT Demonstration

To stop the IBERT demonstration:

1. Close the Vivado Design Suite application by selecting **File > Exit**.
2. Place the main power switch SW1 in the off position.

Running the GTZ IBERT Demonstration

The GTZ IBERT demonstration example provided here operates all 8 lanes of the GTZ transceiver at the same time.

Note: The VC7222 board ships with one BullsEye cable while the provided example uses two cables and activates all 8 GTZ lanes. In the absence of a second BullsEye cable, only one of the GTZ quads, Q300A or Q300B (4 lanes), can be observed at a time.

Connecting the GTZ Transceiver and Reference Clocks

Figure 1-20 shows the locations for the two GTZ transceiver Quads (GTZ Quads Q300A and Q300B) on the Rev. B VC7222 board.

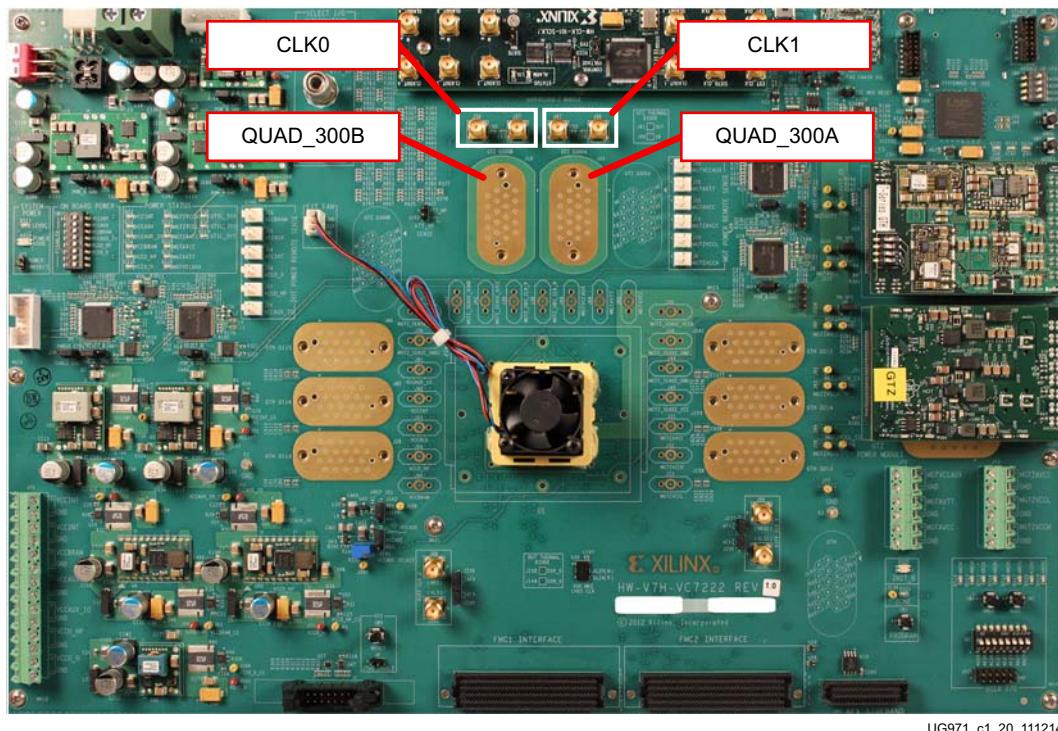


Figure 1-20: GTZ Quad Location

All GTZ transceiver pins and reference clock pins are routed from the FPGA to a connector pad which interfaces with the Samtec BullsEye connectors. [Figure 1-21 A](#) shows the connector pad, and [Figure 1-21 B and C](#) show the connectors pinout.

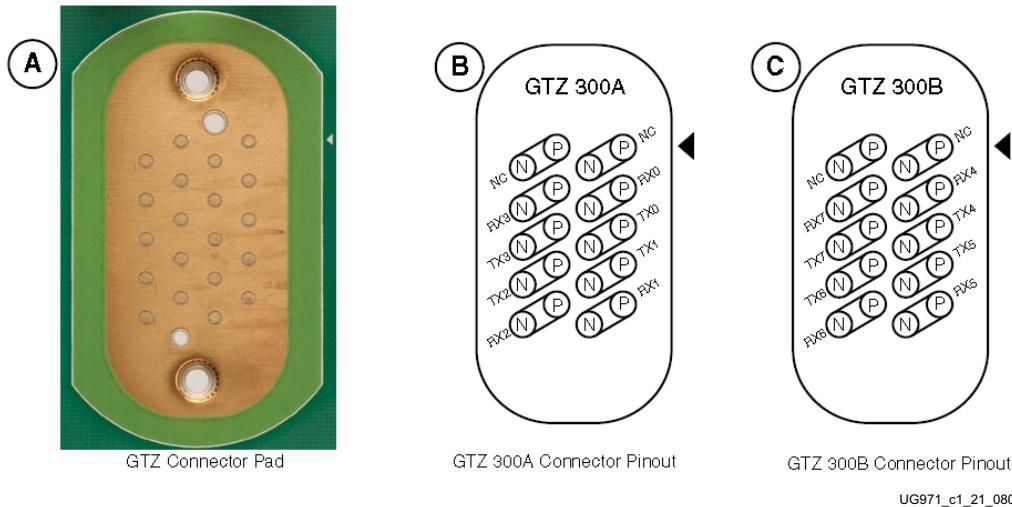

UG971_c1_21_080213

Figure 1-21: A — GTZ Connector Pad. B and C — GTZ Connector Pinout

The SuperClock-2 module provides LVDS clock outputs for the GTH and the GTZ transceivers reference clock in the IBERT demonstration. For the GTZ IBERT demonstration, the output clock frequency is preset to 255.00 MHz. See the description for connecting the SuperClock-2 module, [page 10](#), for more details.

Attach the GTZ Quad Connector

Before connecting the BullsEye cable assembly to the board, firmly secure the blue elastomer seal provided with the cable assembly to the bottom of the connector housing if it is not already inserted (see [Figure 1-4](#)).

Attach the Samtec BullsEye connector to either GTZ Quad Q300A or Q300B ([Figure 1-22](#)), aligning the two indexing pins on the bottom of the connector with the guide holes on the board. Hold the connector flush with the board and fasten it by tightening the two captive screws.



CAUTION! [Figure 1-22](#) shows BullsEye cables connected to both Q300A and Q300B. If only one BullsEye cable is available, make sure to power down the board before moving the BullsEye cable to the second half of the GTZ lanes



Figure 1-22: BullsEye Connector Attached to GTZ Quads Q300A and Q300B

GTZ Transceiver Clock Connection

Connect the GTZ reference clock CLK0 to the SuperClock-2 module as follows (see Figure 1-23):

J56 (REFCLK0_P) SMA connector → J7 (CLKOUT2_P) on the SuperClock-2 module

J57 (REFCLK0_N) SMA connector → J8 (CLKOUT2_N) on the SuperClock-2 module

Note: Any one of the five differential outputs from the SuperClock-2 module can be used to source the GTZ reference clock. CLKOUT1 is used here as an example.

Note: GTZ reference clock CLK1 (J46 and J47) can be left disconnected.

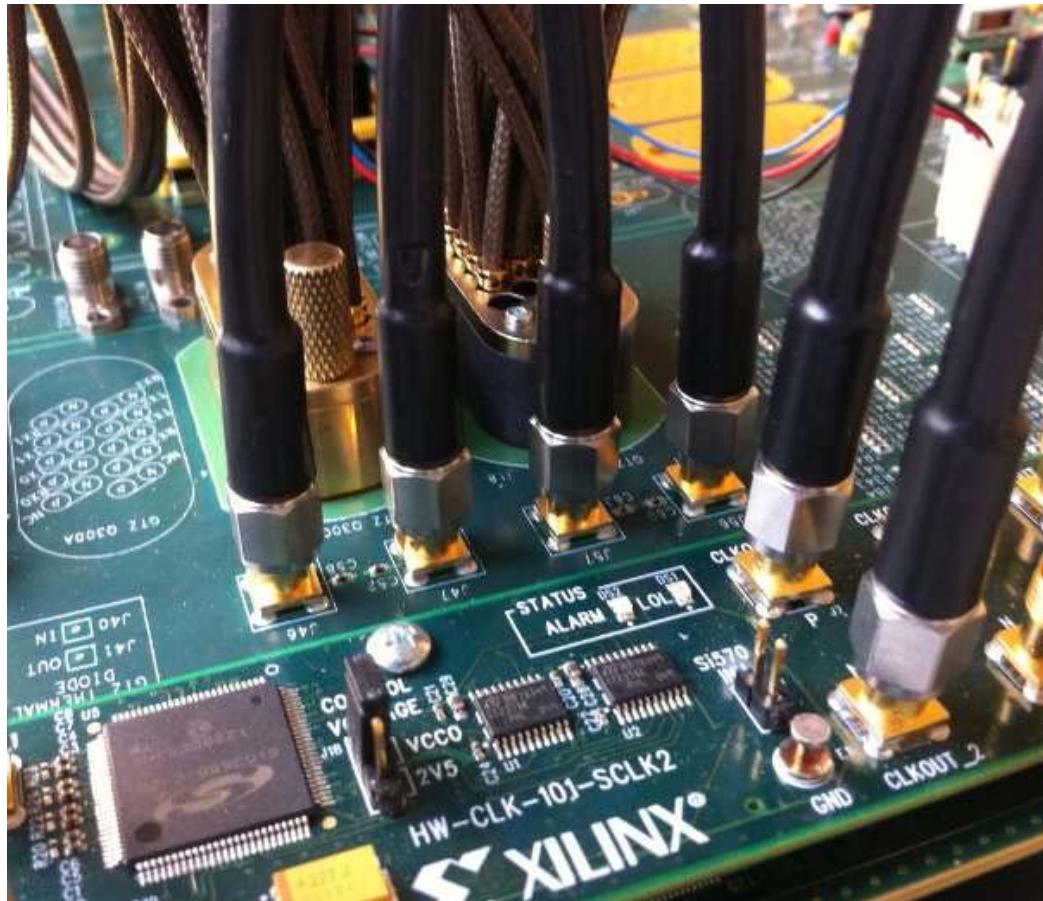

UG971_c1_23_080213

Figure 1-23: GTZ CLK0 and CLK1 Connection

GTZ TX/RX Loopback Connections

See [Figure 1-21](#) to identify the location of the P and N pins of the GTZ transmitters and receivers lanes. Use eight SMA female-to-female (F-F) adapters ([Figure 1-6](#)) to connect the transmit and receive cables as shown in [Figure 1-7](#) and detailed in the following list:

- TX0_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX0_P
- TX0_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX0_N
- TX1_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX1_P
- TX1_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX1_N
- TX2_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX2_P
- TX2_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX2_N
- TX3_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX3_P
- TX3_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX3_N
- TX4_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX4_P
- TX4_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX4_N
- TX5_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX5_P
- TX5_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX5_N
- TX6_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX6_P
- TX6_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX6_N
- TX7_P → SMA F-F Adapter → RX7_P
- TX7_N → SMA F-F Adapter → RX7_N

Note: To ensure good connectivity, it is recommended that the adapters be secured with a wrench, however do not over-tighten the SMA connectors.

Figure 1-24 shows the VC7222 board with both Q300A and Q300B Quads connected (8 lanes) for the GTZ IBERT demonstration.

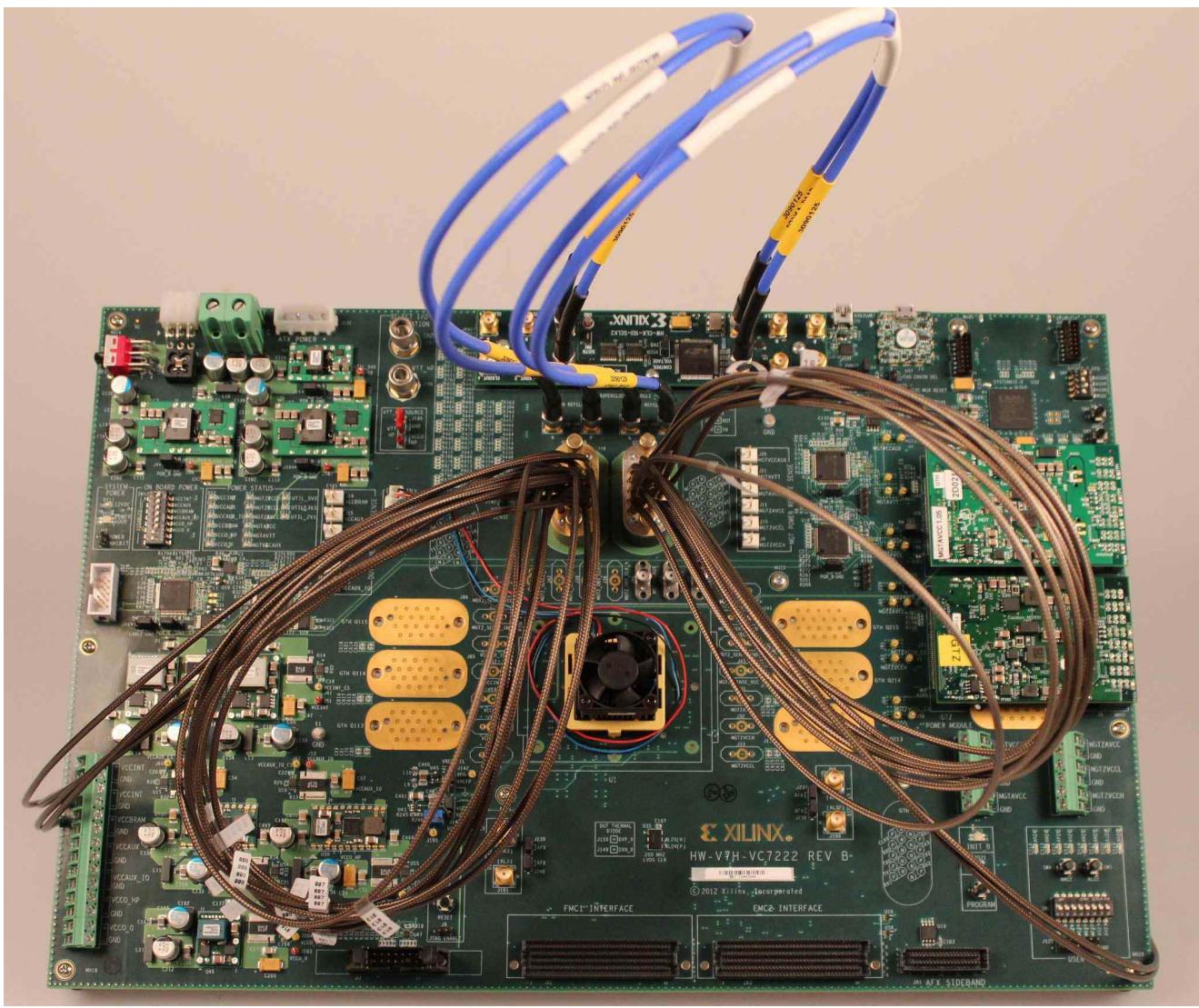

UG971_c1_24_080213

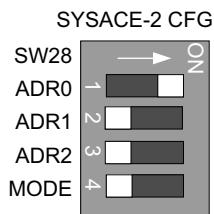
Figure 1-24: Cable Connections for the GTZ IBERT Demonstration

Configuring the FPGA

This section describes how to configure the FPGA using the SD card included with the Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board. The FPGA can also be configured through Vivado Design Suite using the .bit files available on the SD card, or online (as collection `rdf0297-vc7222-ibert-2015-1.zip`) at the [Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit documentation website](#).

To configure the FPGA from the SD card:

1. Insert the SD card provided with the VC7222 board into the SD card reader slot located on the bottom side (upper right corner) of the VC7222 board.
2. Plug the 12V output from the power adapter into connector J2 on the VC7222 board.
3. Connect the host computer to the VC7222 board using a standard-A plug to Micro-B plug USB cable. The standard-A plug connects to a USB port on the host computer and the Micro-B plug connects to U57, the Digilent USB JTAG configuration port on the VC7222 board.
4. Select the GTZ IBERT demonstration with the System ACE SD Controller SYSACE-2 CFG switch, SW8. The setting on this 4-bit DIP switch ([Figure 1-25](#)) selects the file used to configure the FPGA. A switch is in the ON position if set to the far right and in the OFF position if set to the far left. For the Quad 300 GTZ IBERT demonstration, set ADR2 = OFF, ADR1 = OFF, and ADR0 = ON. The MODE bit (switch position 4) is not used and can be set either ON or OFF.



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Figure 1-25: Configuration Address DIP Switch (SW8)

5. Place the main power switch SW1 to the ON position.

See [Table 1-1](#) for more details on the System ACE configuration.

Setting up the Vivado Design Suite

The procedure to launch the Vivado Suite is detailed in [Setting Up the Vivado Design Suite, page 17](#).

In the Open Hardware Target window it is highly recommended to lower the JTAG clock frequency to 10 MHz or lower for reliable JTAG communication during the GTZ demonstration ([Figure 1-26](#)).

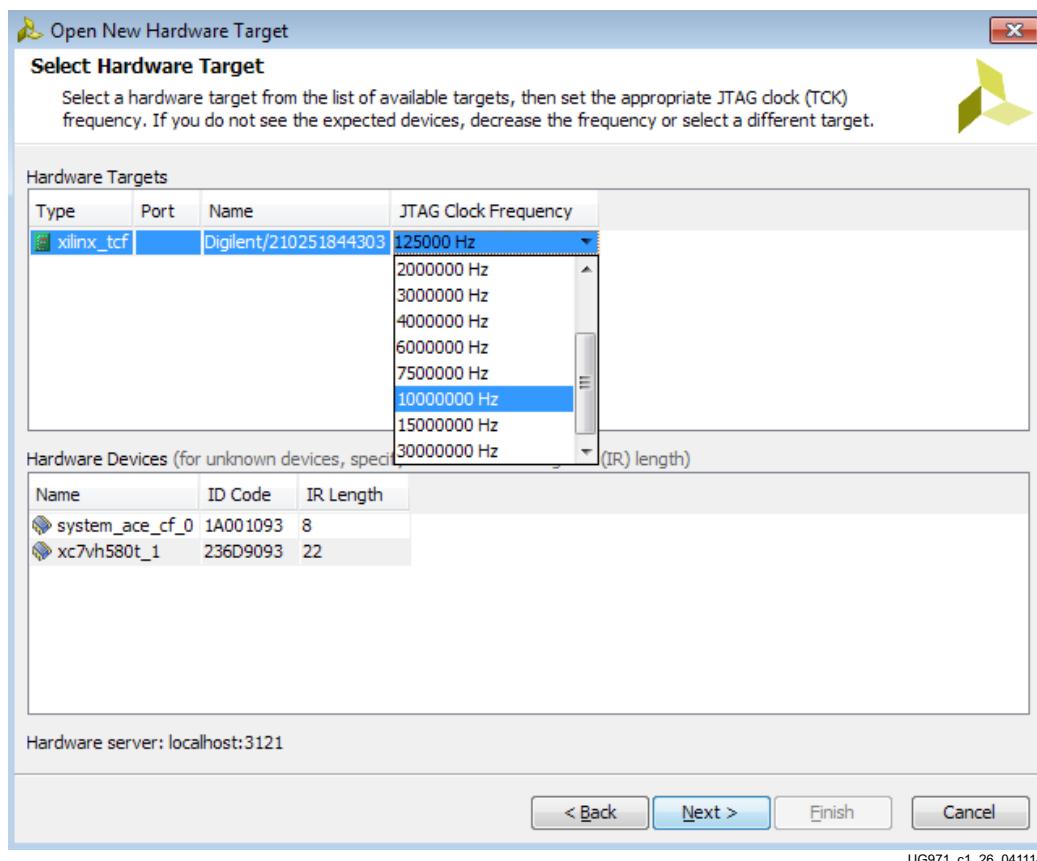


Figure 1-26: Select Hardware Target

Starting the SuperClock-2 Module

The IBERT demonstration designs use an integrated VIO core to control the clocks on the SuperClock-2 module. The SuperClock-2 module features two clock-source components:

- An always-on Si570 crystal oscillator
- An Si5368 jitter-attenuating clock multiplier

Outputs from either source can be used to drive the transceiver reference clocks.

To start the SuperClock-2 module:

1. The Vivado Design Suite Hardware window shows the System ACE SD Controller and the XC7VH580T devices. The XC7VH580T device is reported as programmed. In the Hardware Device Properties window, enter the file path to the Q300 Probes file (vc7222_ibert_q300_debug_nets.ltx) in the extracted IBERT files from the SD card ([Figure 1-27](#)).

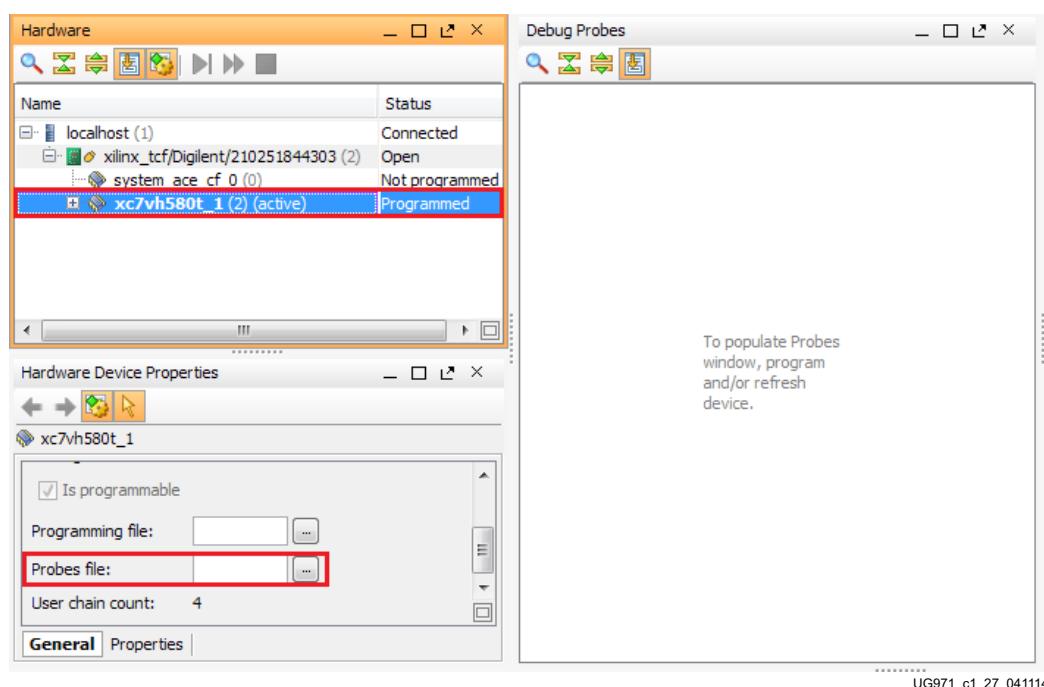


Figure 1-27: Adding the Probes File

2. In the Hardware window, right-click **XC7VH580T_1** and select **Refresh Device** (Figure 1-28).

Note: If the FPGA was not programmed using the SD card, provide both the programming and the probes files, and then select **Program Device**.

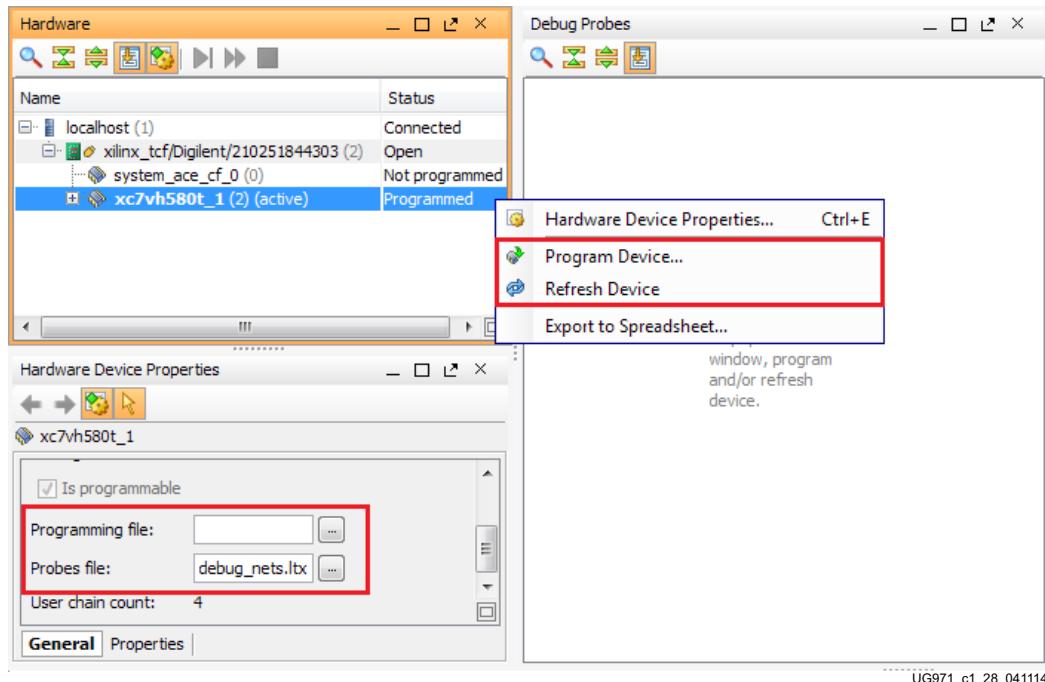


Figure 1-28: Program/Refresh Device

3. Vivado Design Suite reports that the XC7VH580T is programmed and displays the SuperClock-2 VIO core and the IBERT core. To configure the SuperClock-2 module, click **Tools > Run Tcl Script** (Figure 1-29). In the Run Script window, navigate to the `setup_scm2_255_00.tcl` script in the extracted files and click **OK**.

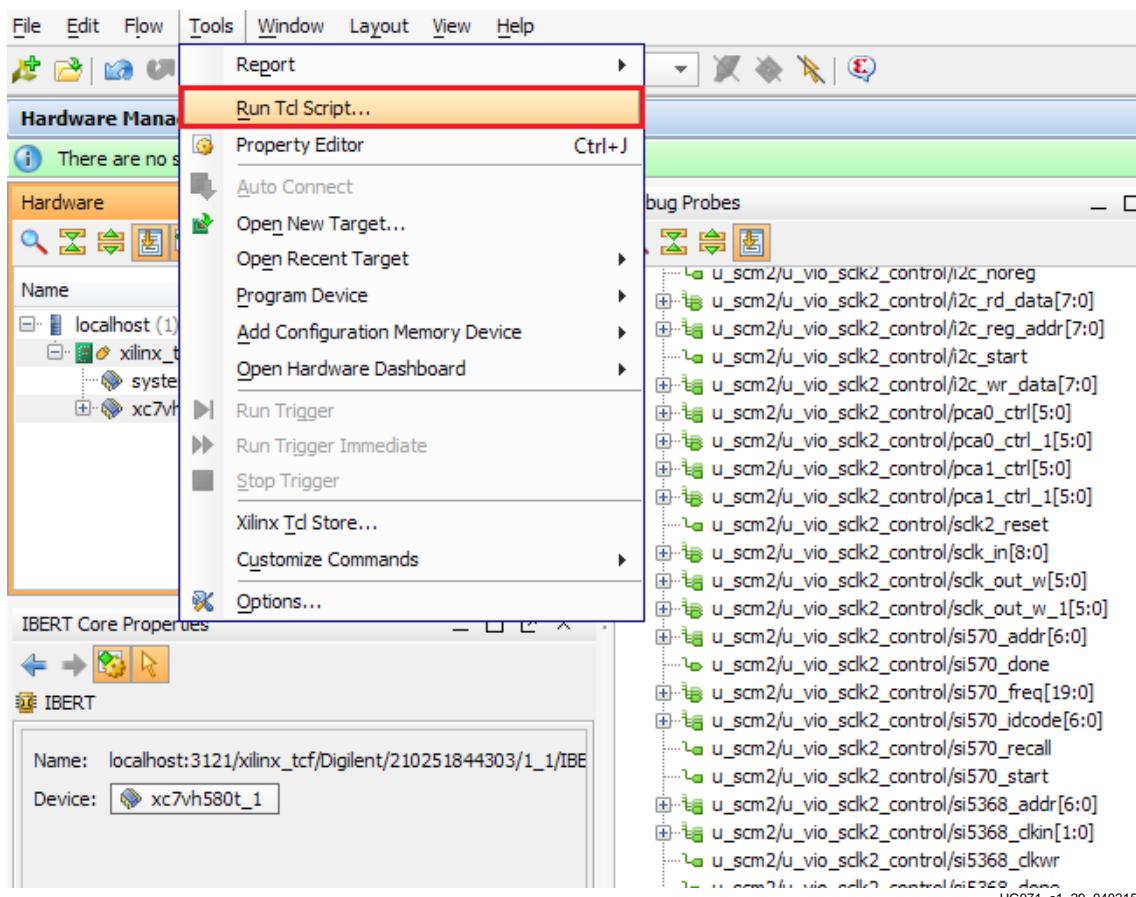


Figure 1-29: Run TCL Script

4. To view the SuperClock-2 settings in the VIO core, select the probe signal from the Debug Probes window and drag it to the VIO-hw_vio_1 window. For example, the frequencies, ROM addresses, and start signals are selected (Figure 1-30).

Note: The ROM address values for the Si5368 and Si570 devices (i.e., Si5368 ROM Addr and Si570 ROM Addr) are preset to 81 to produce an output frequency of 255.000 MHz. Entering a different ROM address changes the reference clock(s) frequency. The complete list of pre-programmed SuperClock-2 frequencies and their associated ROM addresses is provided in Table 1-2.

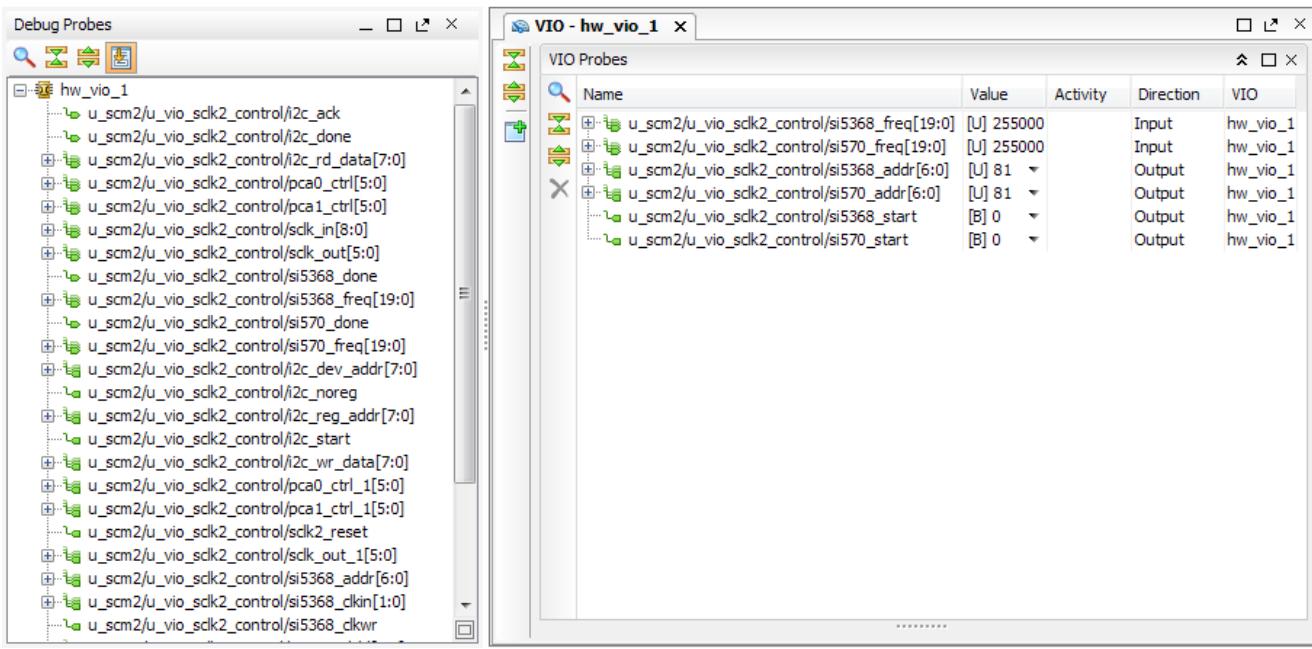

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Figure 1-30: SuperClock-2 Module VIO Core

5. To view the GTZ transceiver operation, click **Layout > Serial I/O Analyzer**. From the top of the Hardware Manager window, select **Auto-Detect Links** to display all available links automatically. Links can also be created manually in the Links window by right-clicking and selecting **Create Links**, or by clicking the **Create Links** button (Figure 1-31).

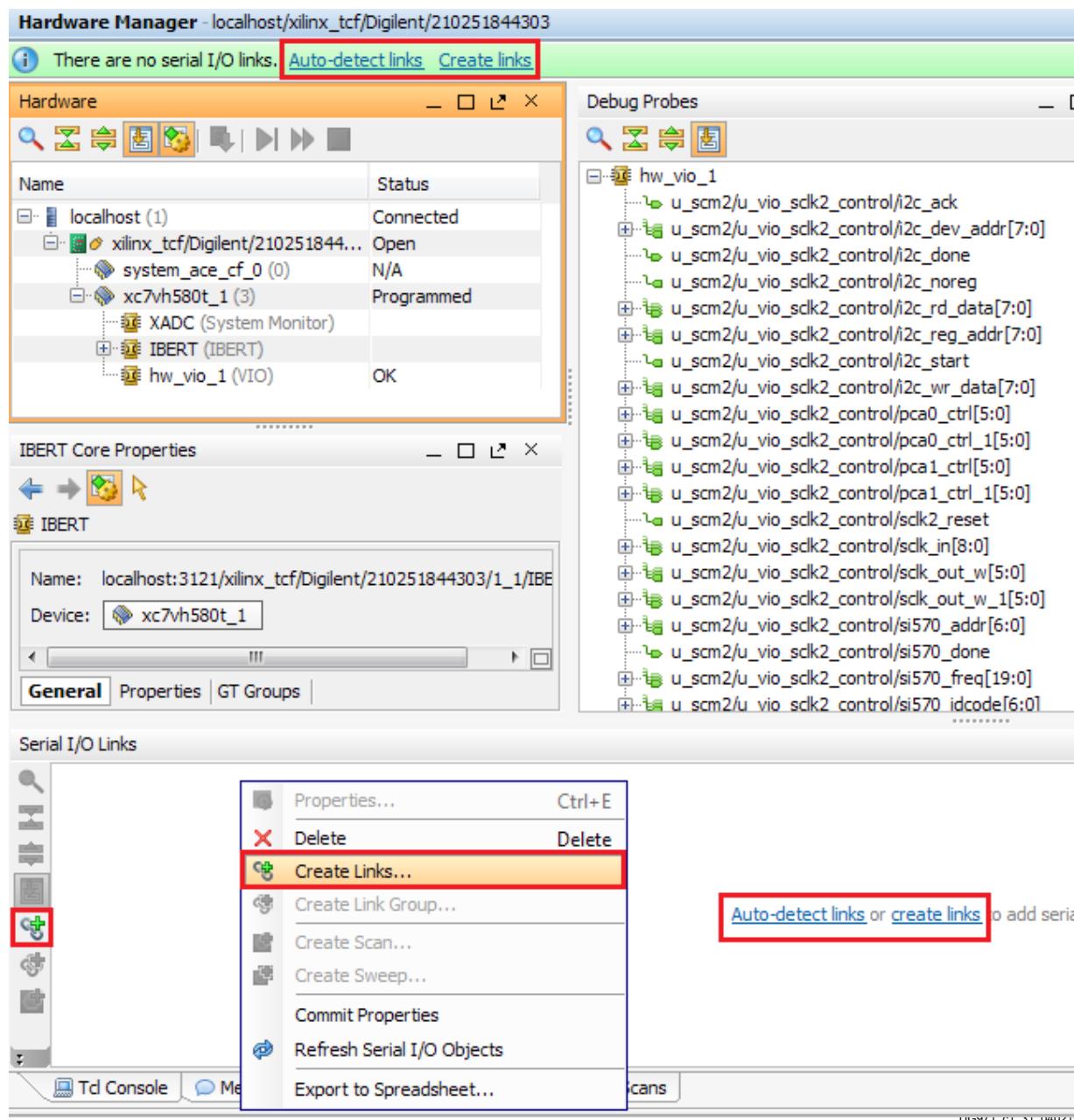


Figure 1-31: Serial I/O Analyzer - Create Links

6. If links are created manually, the Create Links window is displayed. The options in this window are used to link any TX GT to any RX GT. To create links, select the TX GT and RX GT from the two lists, then click the **Add Link** button. For this project, connect the following links (Figure 1-32):

- Lane0/TX to Lane0/RX
- Lane1/TX to Lane1/RX
- Lane2/TX to Lane2/RX
- Lane3/TX to Lane3/RX
- Lane4/TX to Lane4/RX
- Lane5/TX to Lane5/RX
- Lane6/TX to Lane6/RX
- Lane7/TX to Lane7/RX

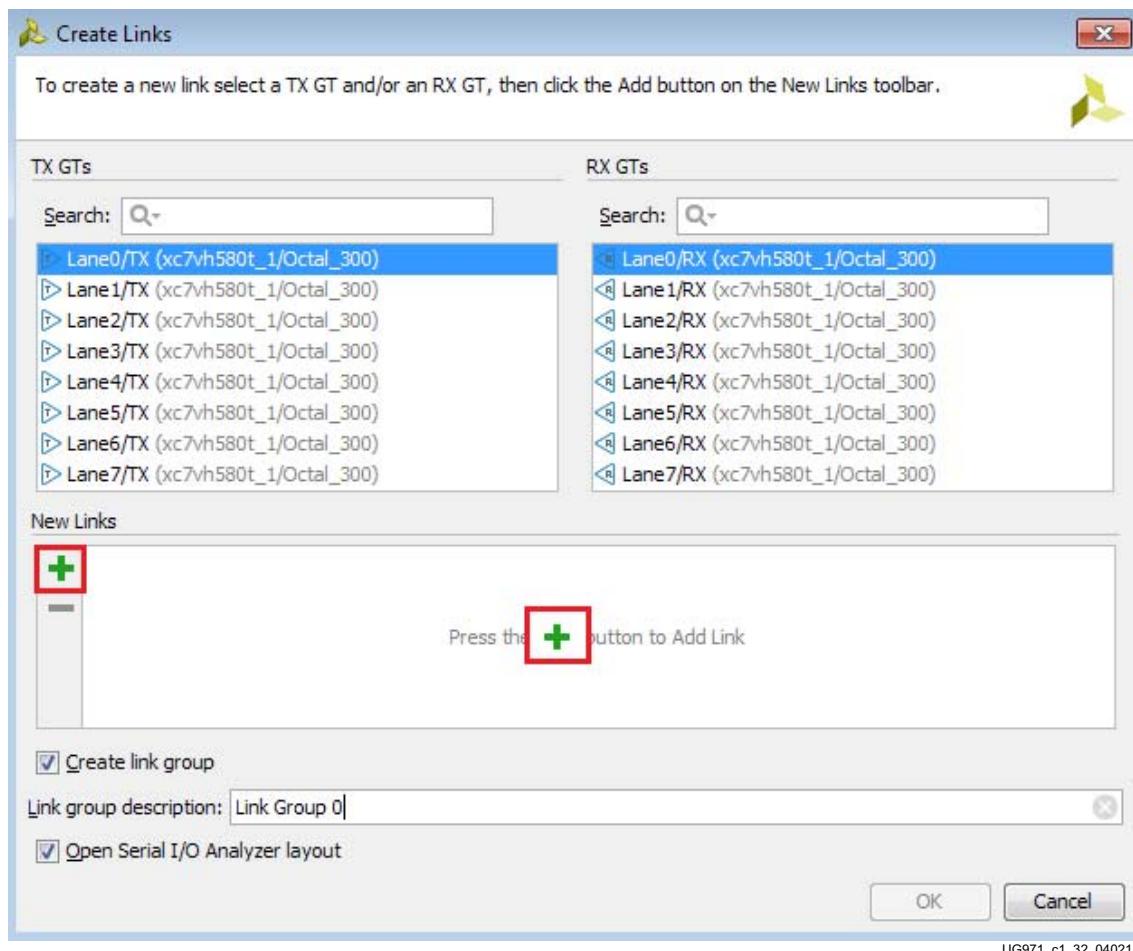


Figure 1-32: Create Links Window

Viewing GTZ Transceiver Operation

After completing [step 6, page 40](#) in [Starting the SuperClock-2 Module, page 36](#), the IBERT demonstration is configured and running. The link status and test settings are displayed on the Serial I/O Links tab in the Links Window shown in [Figure 1-33](#).

Note the line rate and RX bit error count:

- The line rate for all GTZ transceivers is 28.05 Gb/s (see the Status Column in [Figure 1-33](#)).
- Verify that there are no bit errors.

Note: External or internal CTLE tuning might be required for successful GTZ operation. If the Link Status shows **No Link** for one or more transceivers, click the respective lane **CTLE Tune** button ([Figure 1-33](#)).

Note: In the absence of a second BullsEye cable, using Internal CTLE puts the disconnected lanes in loopback mode, while using External CTLE takes the lane out of loopback mode. If the BullsEye cable is connected to Q300B, all Q300A lanes must be set in loopback mode. If the BullsEye cable is connected to Q300B, all Q300A lanes must be set in loopback mode.

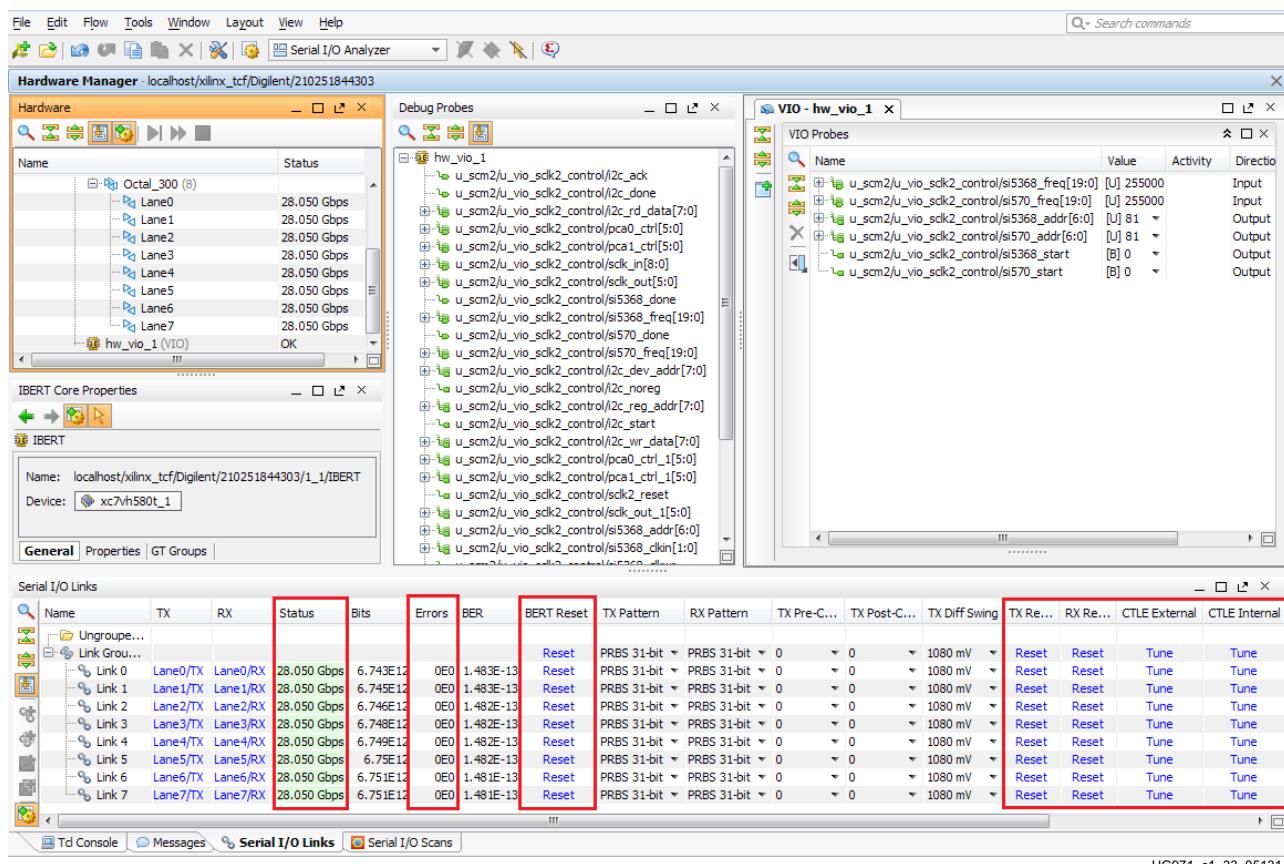


Figure 1-33: Serial I/O Analyzer Links

In Case of RX Bit Errors

If there are initial bit errors after linking, or as a result of changing the TX or RX pattern, click the respective **BERT Reset** button to zero the count.

Additional information on the Vivado Design Suite and IBERT core can be found in *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging* (UG908) [\[Ref 3\]](#) and in *LogiCORE IP Integrated Bit Error Ratio Tester (IBERT) for 7 Series GTX Transceivers Product Guide for Vivado Design Suite* (PG132) [\[Ref 4\]](#).

Closing the IBERT Demonstration

To stop the IBERT demonstration:

1. Close the Vivado Design Suite by selecting **File > Exit**.
 2. Place the main power switch SW1 in the OFF position.
-

SuperClock-2 Frequency Table

[Table 1-2](#) lists the addresses for the frequencies that are programmed into the SuperClock-2 read-only memory (ROM).

Table 1-2: Si570 and Si5368 Frequency Table

Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)	Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)	Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)
0	100GE/40GE/10GE	161.30	30	OBSAI	307.2	60	XAUI	156.25
1	Aurora	81.25	31	OBSAI	614.4	61	XAUI	312.5
2	Aurora	162.5	32	OC-48	19.44	62	XAUI	625
3	Aurora	325	33	OC-48	77.76	63	Generic	66.667
4	Aurora	650	34	OC-48	155.52	64	Generic	133.333
5	CE111	173.37	35	OC-48	311.04	65	Generic	166.667
6	CPRI™	61.44	36	OC-48	622.08	66	Generic	266.667
7	CPRI	122.88	37	OTU-1	166.629	67	Generic	333.333
8	CPRI	153.63	38	OTU-1	333.257	68	Generic	533.333
9	CPRI	245.76	39	OTU-1	666.514	69	Generic	644
10	CPRI	491.52	40	OTU-1	666.75	70	Generic	666.667
11	Display Port	67.5	41	OTU-2	167.33	71	Generic	205
12	Display Port	81	42	OTU-2	669.31	72	Generic	210
13	Display Port	135	43	OTU-3	168.05	73	Generic	215

Table 1-2: Si570 and Si5368 Frequency Table (Cont'd)

Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)	Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)	Address	Protocol	Frequency (MHz)
14	Display Port	162	44	OTU-4	174.69	74	Generic	220
15	Fibrechannel	106.25	45	PCIe®	100	75	Generic	225
16	Fibrechannel	212.5	46	PCIe	125	76	Generic	230
17	Fibrechannel	425	47	PCIe	250	77	Generic	235
18	GigE	62.5	48	SATA	75	78	Generic	240
19	GigE	125	49	SATA	150	79	Generic	245
20	GigE	250	50	SATA	300	80	Generic	250
21	GigE	500	51	SATA	600	81	Generic	255
22	GPON	187.5	52	SDI	74.25	82	Generic	260
23	Interlaken	132.813	53	SDI	148.5	83	Generic	265
24	Interlaken	195.313	54	SDI	297	84	Generic	270
25	Interlaken	265.625	55	SDI	594	85	Generic	275
26	Interlaken	390.625	56	SMPTE435M	167.063	86	Generic	280
27	Interlaken	531.25	57	SMPTE435M	334.125	87	Generic	285
28	OBSAI	76.8	58	SMPTE435M	668.25	88	Generic	290
29	OBSAI	153.6	59	XAUI	78.125	89	Generic	295
90	Generic	300	103	Generic	365	116	Generic	430
91	Generic	305	104	Generic	370	117	Generic	435
92	Generic	310	105	Generic	375	118	Generic	440
93	Generic	315	106	Generic	380	119	Generic	445
94	Generic	320	107	Generic	385	120	Generic	450
95	Generic	325	108	Generic	390	121	Generic	455
96	Generic	330	109	Generic	395	122	Generic	460
97	Generic	335	110	Generic	400	123	Generic	465
98	Generic	340	111	Generic	405	124	Generic	470
99	Generic	345	112	Generic	410	125	Generic	475
100	Generic	350	113	Generic	415	126	Generic	480
101	Generic	355	114	Generic	420	127	Generic	485
102	Generic	360	115	Generic	425			

Creating the GTH IBERT Core

Note: Vivado® Design Suite 2015.1 is required to rebuild the designs shown here.

This section provides a procedure to create a single Quad GTH IBERT core with integrated SuperClock-2 controller. The procedure assumes Quad 115 and 13.0 Gb/s line rate, but cores for any of the GTH Quads with any supported line rate can be created following the same series of steps.

For more details on generating IBERT cores, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging* (UG908) [Ref 3].

1. Start the Vivado Design Suite.
2. In the Vivado window, click the **Manage IP** icon highlighted in [Figure 2-1](#), then select **New IP Location**.



Figure 2-1: Initial Window, Vivado Design Suite

3. When the Create a New Customized IP Location dialog window opens (not shown), click **Next**.
4. In the Manage IP Settings window, select a part by clicking the (...) button next to the Part field. A Select Device window pops up. Use the drop-down menu items to narrow the choices. Select the **xc7vh580thcg1155-2G** device ([Figure 2-2](#)). Click **OK**.

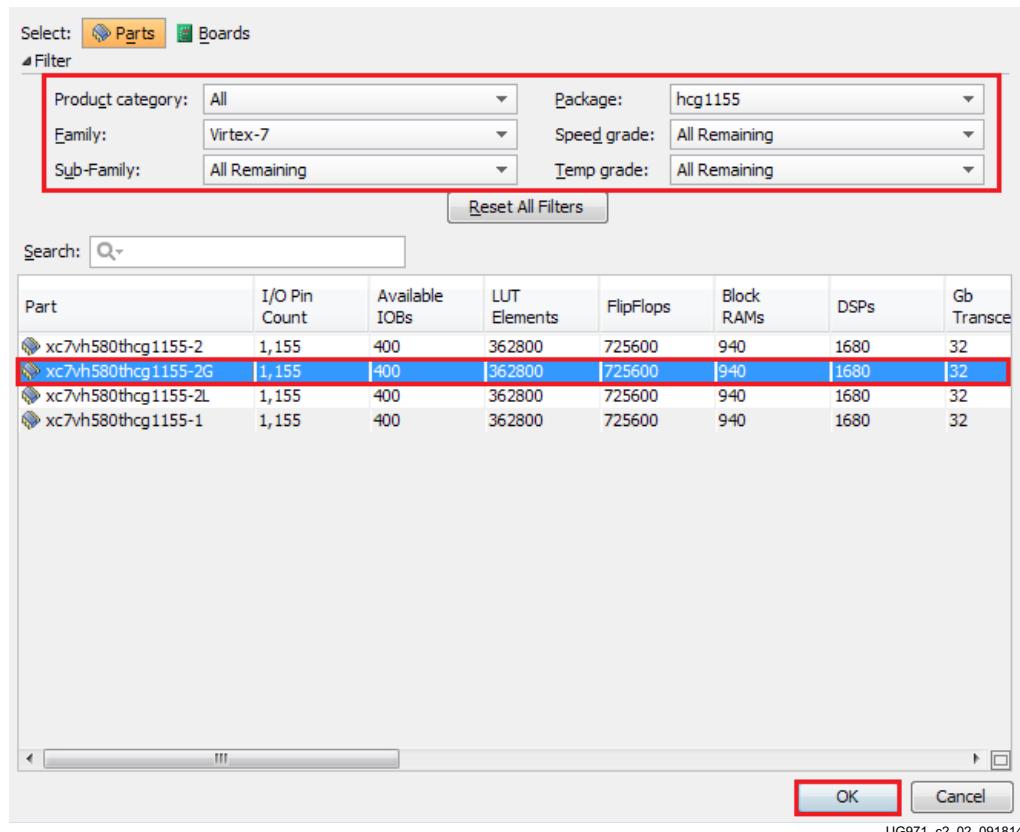


Figure 2-2: Select Device

5. In the Manage IP Settings window, select **Verilog** for Target language, **Vivado Simulator** for Target simulator, **Mixed** for Simulator language, and a directory to save the customized IP (Figure 2-3). Click **Finish**.

Note: Make sure the directory name does not include spaces.

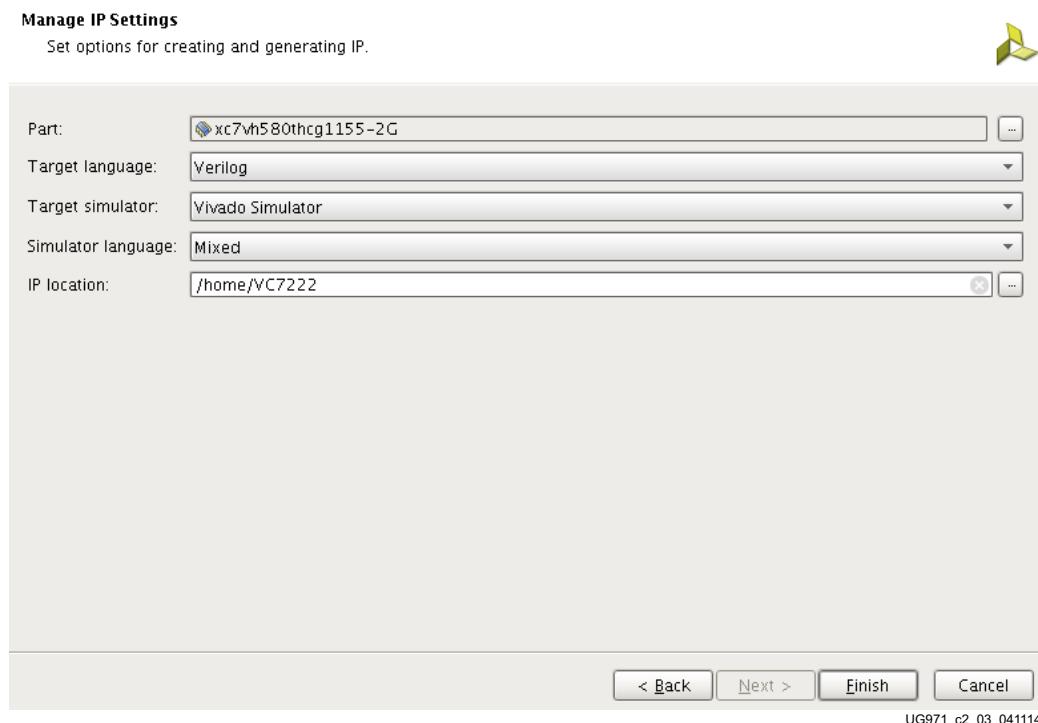


Figure 2-3: Manage IP Settings

6. In the IP Catalog window, open the **Debug & Verification** folder, then open the **Debug** folder, and double-click **IBERT 7 Series GTH** (Figure 2-4).

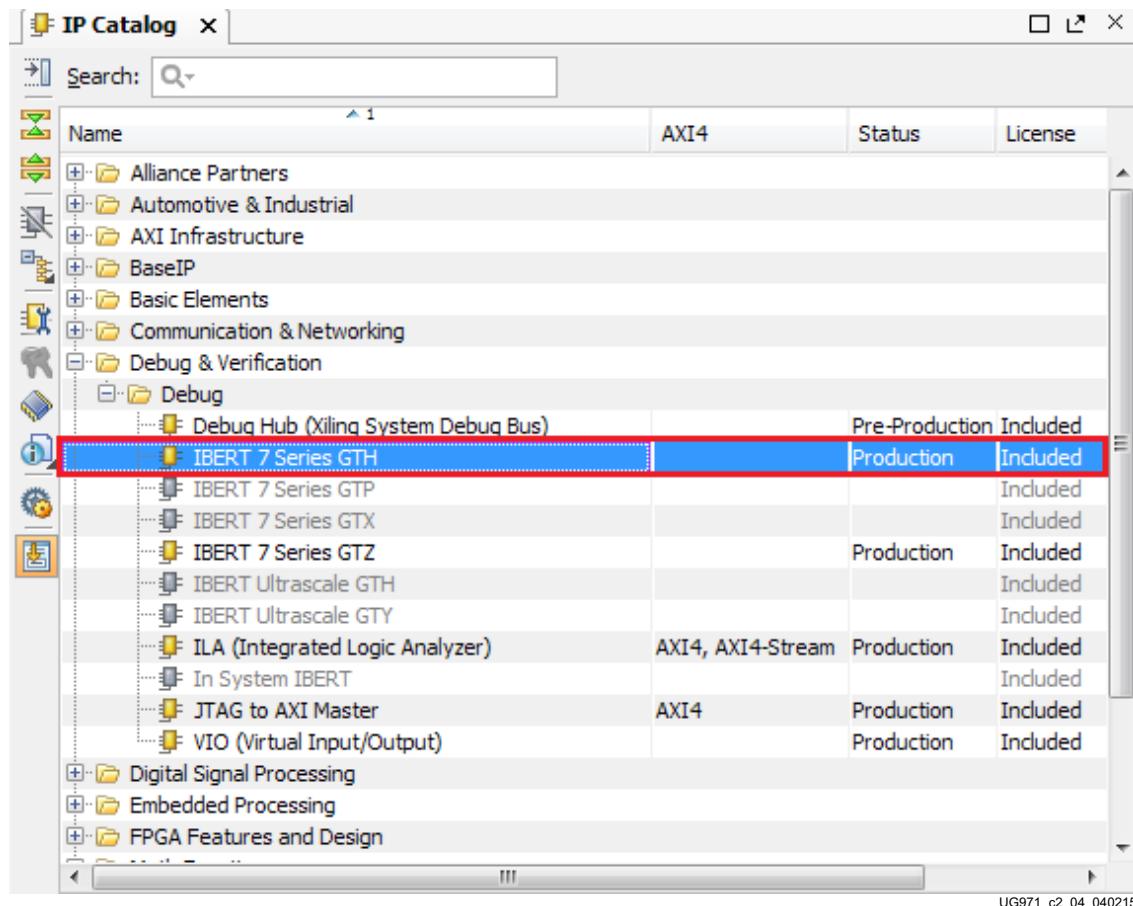


Figure 2-4: IP Catalog

7. A Customize IP window opens. In the Protocol Definition tab, change LineRate (Gbps) to **13.0**. Use the drop-down menu to change the Refclk (MHz) to **325.00**. Do not change other defaults (Figure 2-5).

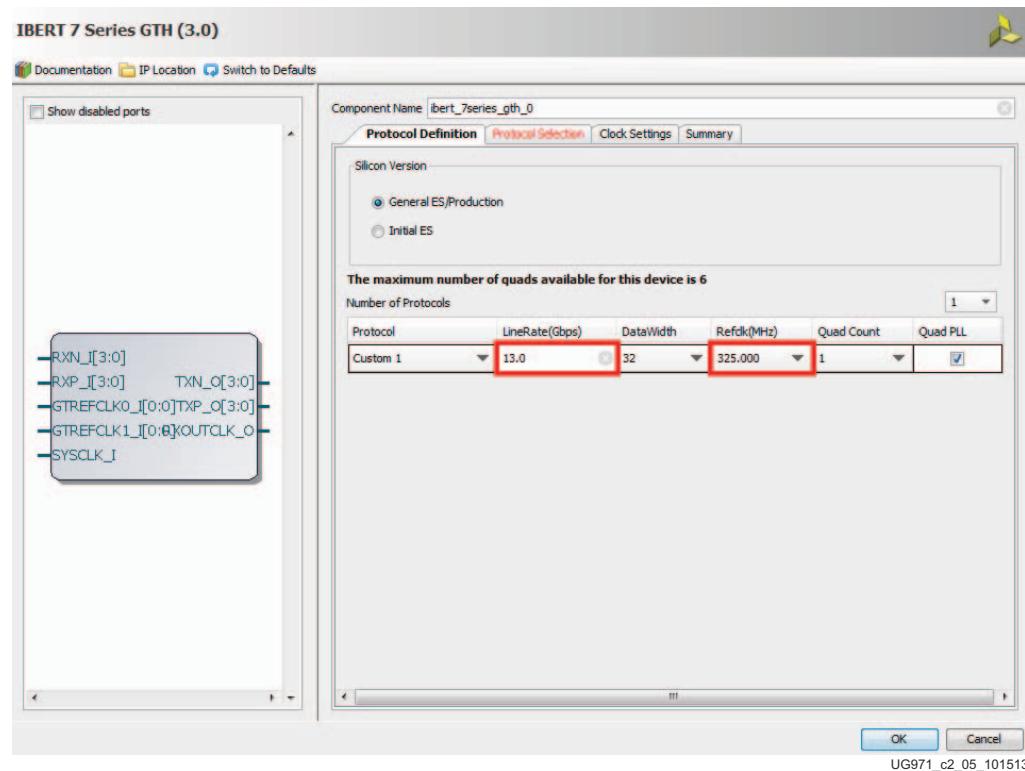


Figure 2-5: **Customize IP - Protocol Definition**

8. In the Protocol Selection tab, use the **Protocol Selected** drop-down menu next to QUAD_115 to select **Custom 1/13.0 Gbps** (Figure 2-6).

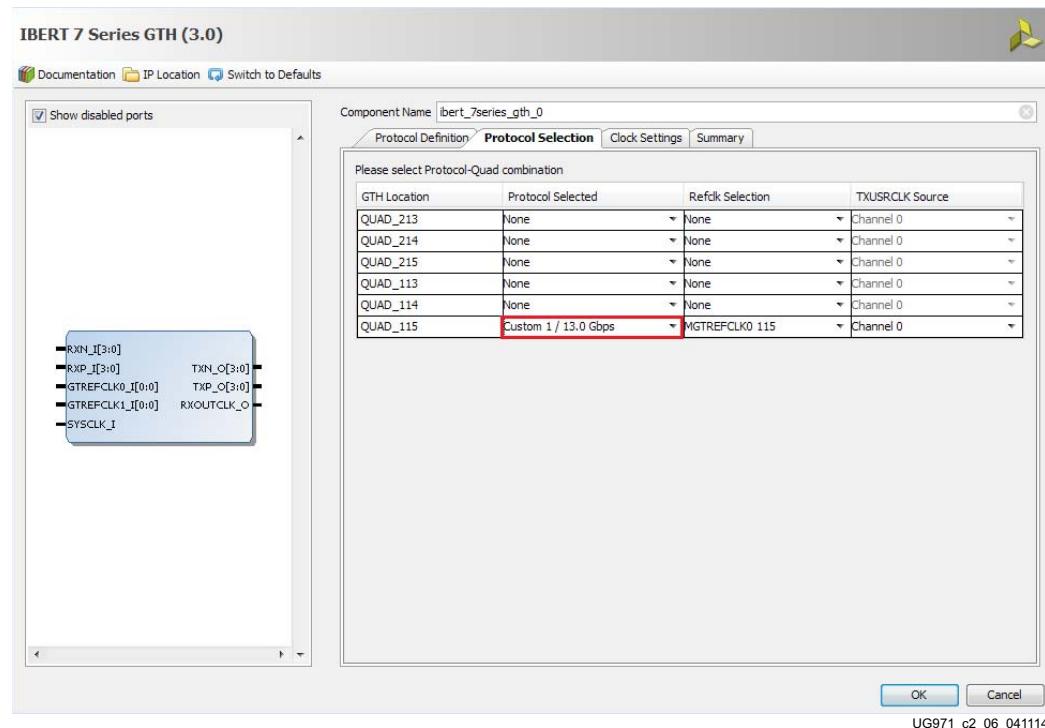


Figure 2-6: **Customize IP - Protocol Selection**

9. In the Clock Settings tab, select **DIFF SSTL15** for the I/O Standard, enter **AL24** for P Package Pin and **AL25** for N Package Pin (the FPGA pins that the system clock connects to), and ensure the Frequency is set to **200.00** (Figure 2-7). Click **OK**. Click **Generate** in the next window to generate the output products.

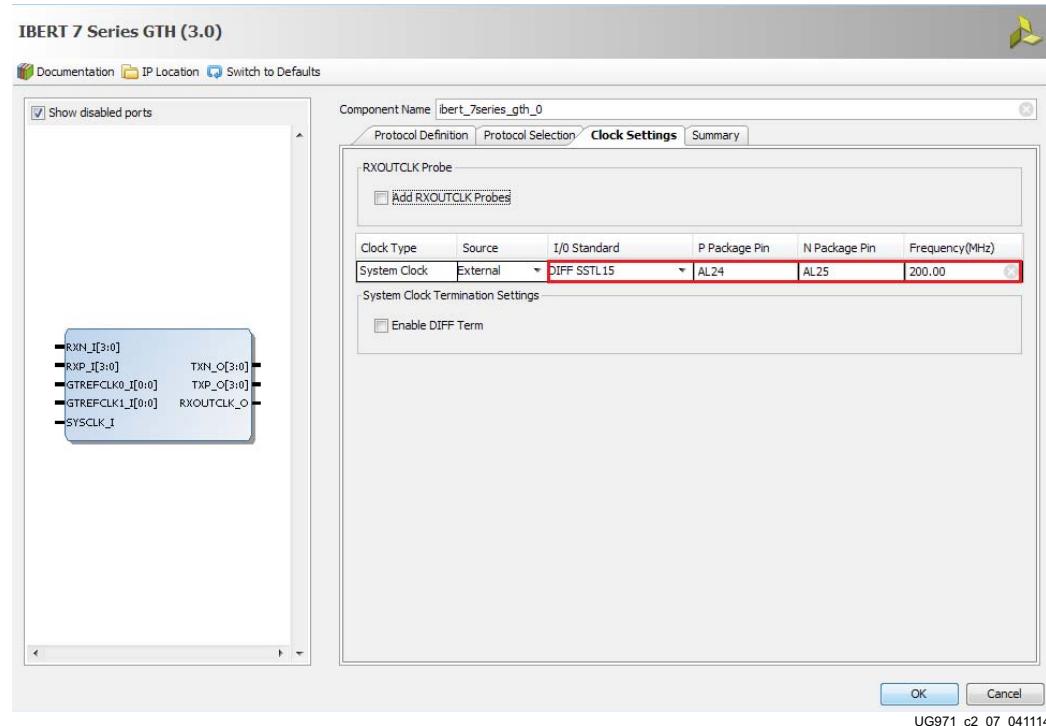


Figure 2-7: Customize IP - Clock Settings

10. In the Manage IP window (Figure 2-3), in the Sources window, right-click the **IBERT IP** and select **Open IP Example Design** (Figure 2-8). Specify a location to save the design, press **OK**, and the design opens in a new Vivado window.

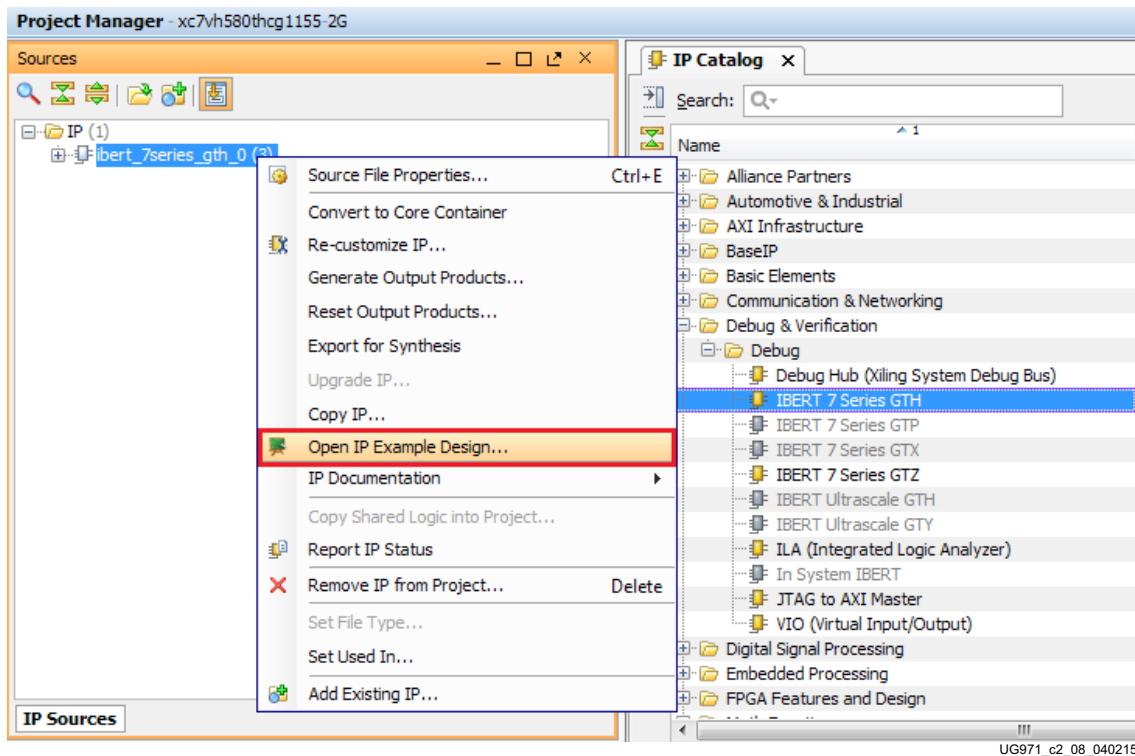


Figure 2-8: Open IP Example Design

11. In the new window, select **Tools Run Tcl Script**. In the Run Script window, navigate to **add_scm2.tcl** in the extracted files and press **OK**. The SuperClock-2 Module Design Sources and Constraints are automatically added to the example design ([Figure 2-9](#)).

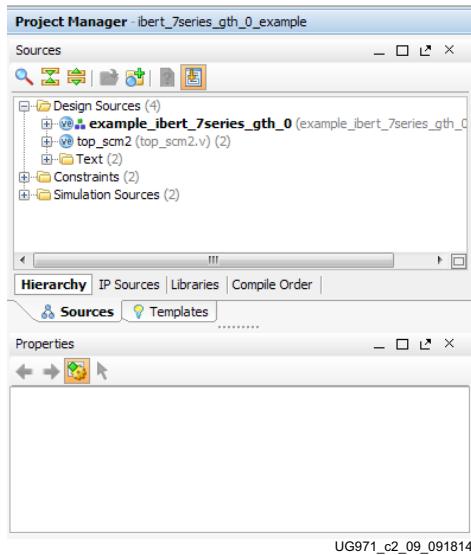
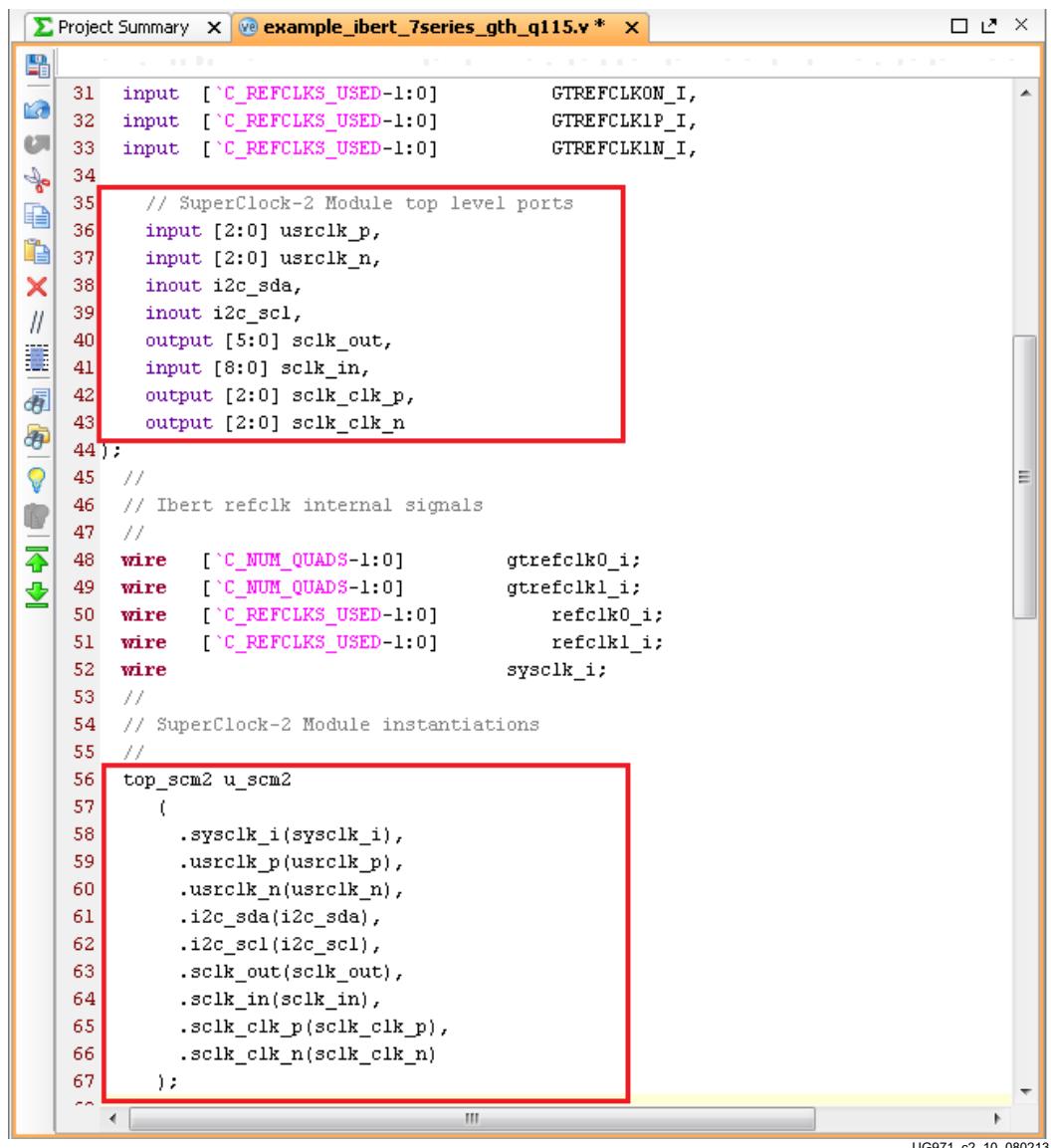


Figure 2-9: Sources after Running add_scm2.tcl

12. The SuperClock-2 source code now needs to be added to the example IBERT wrapper. In the Sources window, double-click **example_ibert_7series_gth_0** in the Design Sources folder to open the verilog code. Add the top level ports from `top_scm2.v` to the module declaration, and instantiate the **top_scm2** module in the example ibert wrapper (Figure 2-10). Click **File > Save File**.



```

Σ Project Summary x example_ibert_7series_gth_q115.v*
31  input [`C_REFCLKS_USED-1:0]      GTREFCLKON_I,
32  input [`C_REFCLKS_USED-1:0]      GTREFCLK1P_I,
33  input [`C_REFCLKS_USED-1:0]      GTREFCLK1N_I,
34
35  // SuperClock-2 Module top level ports
36  input [2:0] usrclk_p,
37  input [2:0] usrclk_n,
38  inout i2c_sda,
39  inout i2c_scl,
40  output [5:0] sclk_out,
41  input [8:0] sclk_in,
42  output [2:0] sclk_clk_p,
43  output [2:0] sclk_clk_n
44 };
45 //
46 // Ibert refclk internal signals
47 //
48 wire [`C_NUM_QUADS-1:0]      gtrefclk0_i;
49 wire [`C_NUM_QUADS-1:0]      gtrefclk1_i;
50 wire [`C_REFCLKS_USED-1:0]      refclk0_i;
51 wire [`C_REFCLKS_USED-1:0]      refclk1_i;
52 wire                         sysclk_i;
53 //
54 // SuperClock-2 Module instantiations
55 //
56 top_scm2 u_scm2
57 (
58     .sysclk_i(sysclk_i),
59     .usrclk_p(usrclk_p),
60     .usrclk_n(usrclk_n),
61     .i2c_sda(i2c_sda),
62     .i2c_scl(i2c_scl),
63     .sclk_out(sclk_out),
64     .sclk_in(sclk_in),
65     .sclk_clk_p(sclk_clk_p),
66     .sclk_clk_n(sclk_clk_n)
67 );

```

Figure 2-10: SuperClock-2 in the Example IBERT Wrapper

13. In the Sources window, Design Sources should now reflect that the SuperClock-2 module is part of the example IBERT design (Figure 2-11).

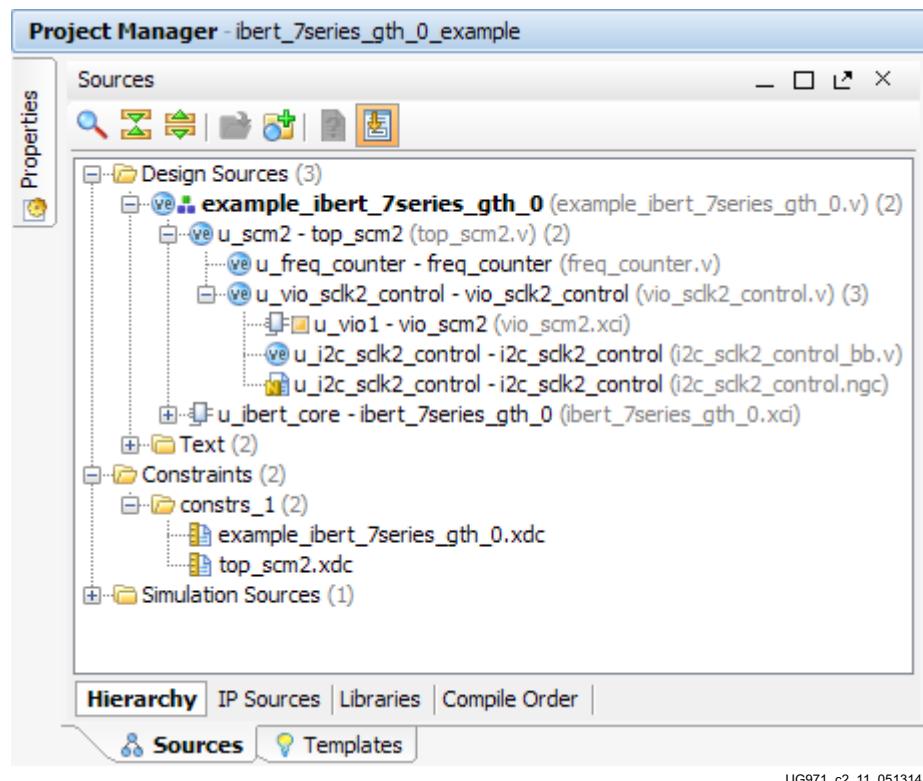


Figure 2-11: Design Sources File Hierarchy

14. Click **Run Synthesis** in the Flow Navigator to synthesize the design (Figure 2-12).

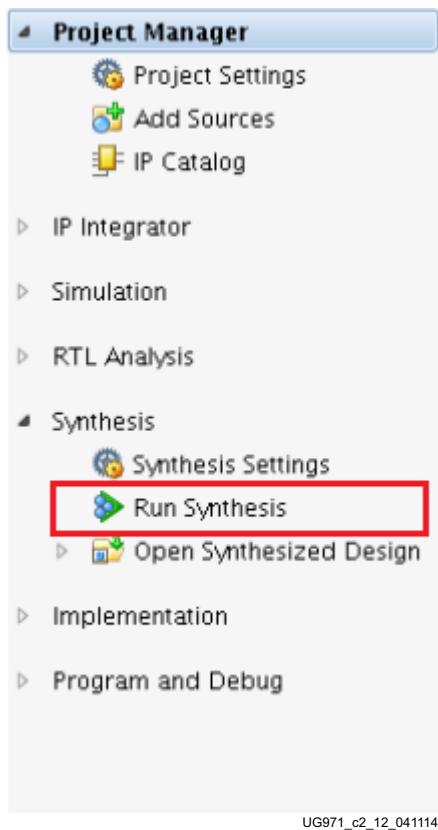


Figure 2-12: Run Synthesis

15. When synthesis is done, a Synthesis Complete window pops up. Select **Open Synthesized Design** and click **OK** (Figure 2-13).

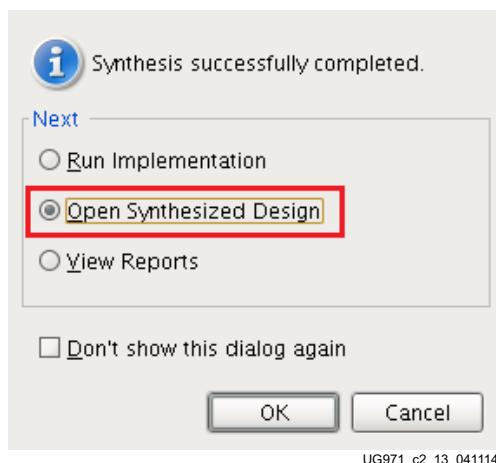


Figure 2-13: Synthesis Completed

16. When the Synthesized Design opens, select **dbg_hub** in the Netlist window, then select the **Debug Core Options** tab in the Cell Properties window. Change C_USER_SCAN_CHAIN* to 3 (Figure 2-14). Click **File > Save Constraints**.

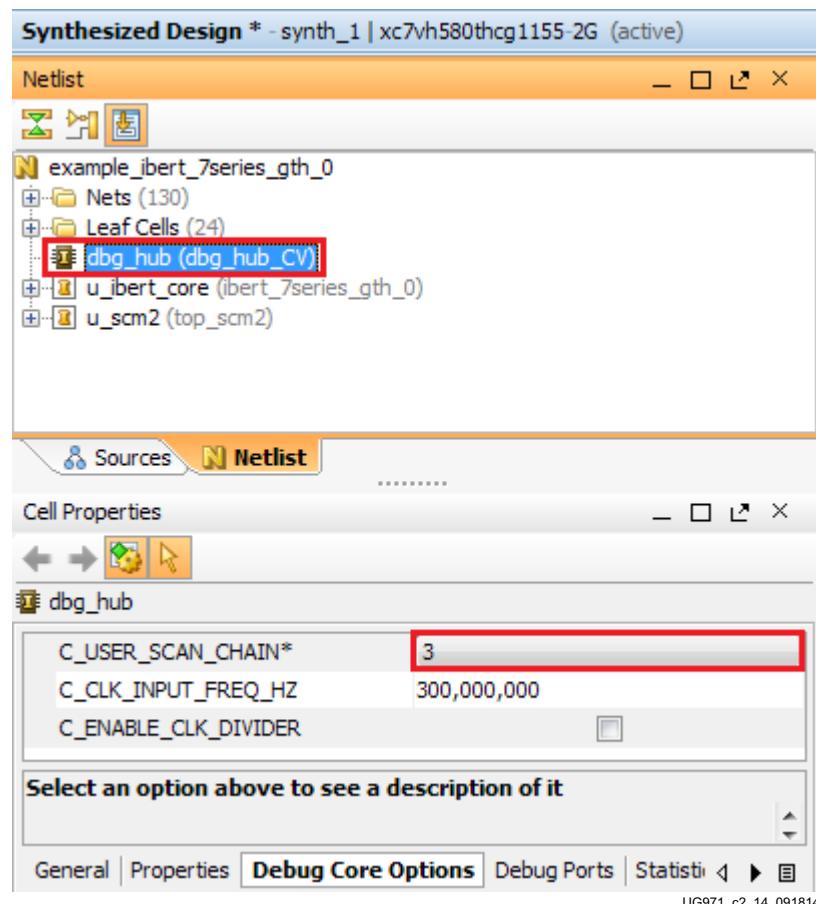


Figure 2-14: Debug Core Options for **dbg_hub**

17. In the Project Manager, under Program and Debug, click **Generate Bitstream** (Figure 2-15). A window pops up asking if it is ok to launch implementation. Click **Yes**.

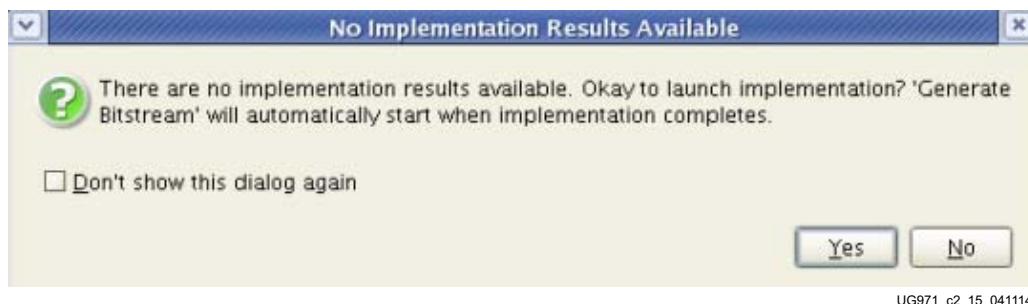


Figure 2-15: Generate Bitstream

18. When the Bitstream Generation Completed dialog window appears, click **Cancel** (Figure 2-16).

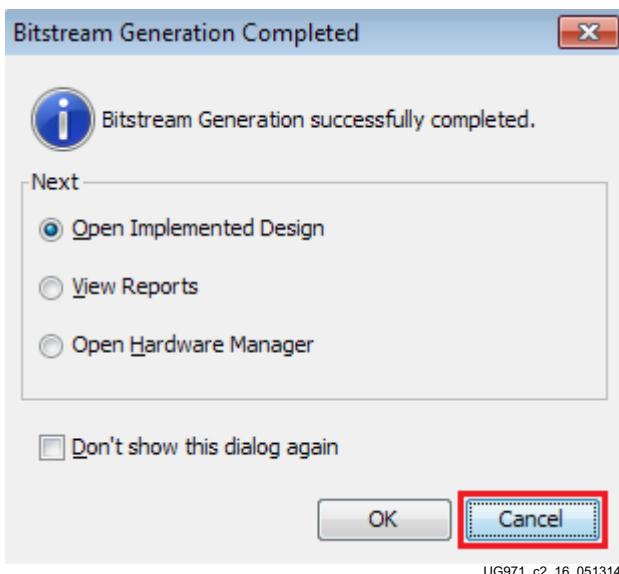


Figure 2-16: Bitstream Generation Completed

19. The generated bitstream is located in the following directory:

```
..\ibert_7series_gtz_0\ibert_7series_gtz_0_example\ibert_7series
_gtz_0_example.runs\impl_1
```

Creating the GTZ IBERT Core

This section provides a procedure to create the GTZ IBERT core with integrated SuperClock-2 controller. Vivado® Design Suite 2015.1 is required to rebuild the design shown here.

For more details on generating IBERT cores, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging* (UG908) [Ref 3].

Note: See steps 1–5 in [Chapter 2, Creating the GTH IBERT Core](#) to learn how to create a new IP core.

1. In the IP Catalog window expand the **Debug & Verification** folder, then expand the **Debug** folder. Double-click or right-click the **IBERT 7 Series GTZ** to run the GTZ configuration wizard (Figure 3-1).

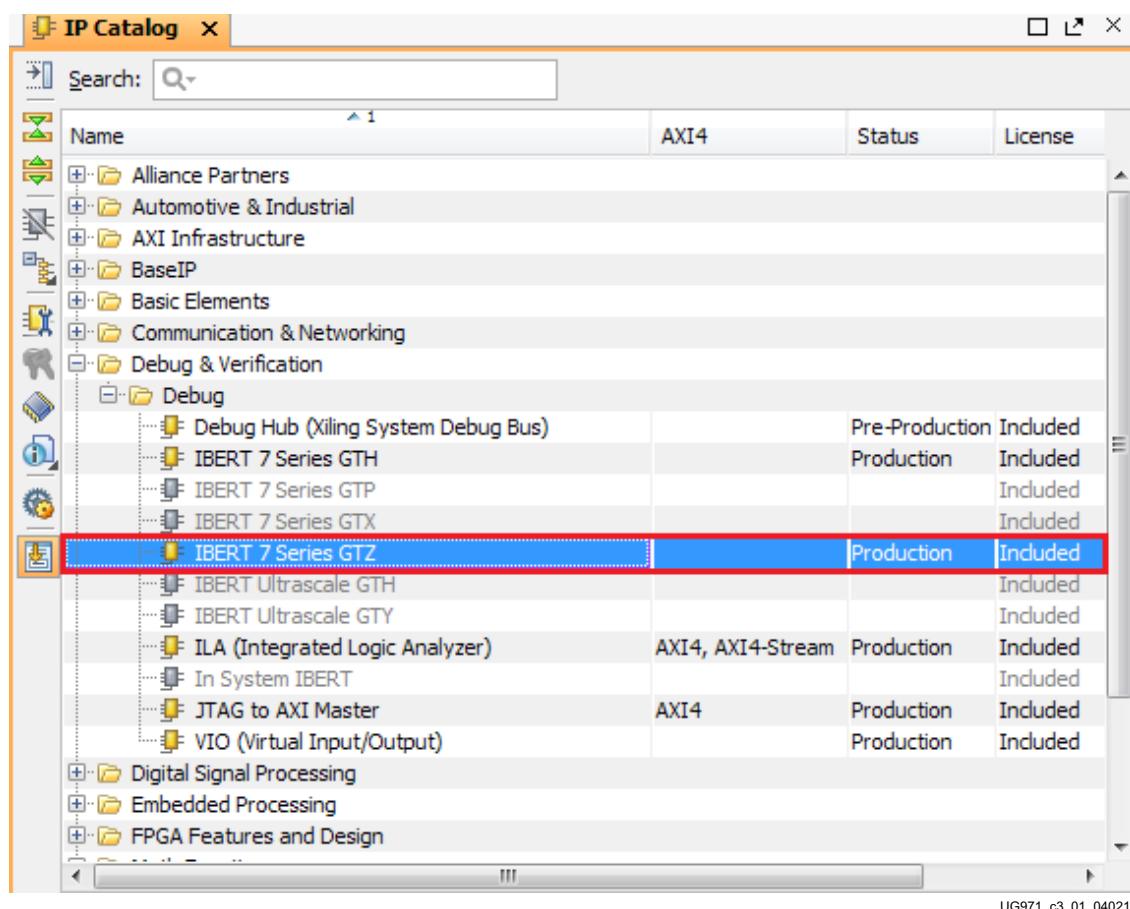


Figure 3-1: IP Catalog

2. A Customize IP window opens. In the Design Options tab, set the system clock frequency to **200 MHz**, the input Standard to **LVDS**, the P and N Pin location to **AL24** and **AL25**, respectively (Figure 3-2).

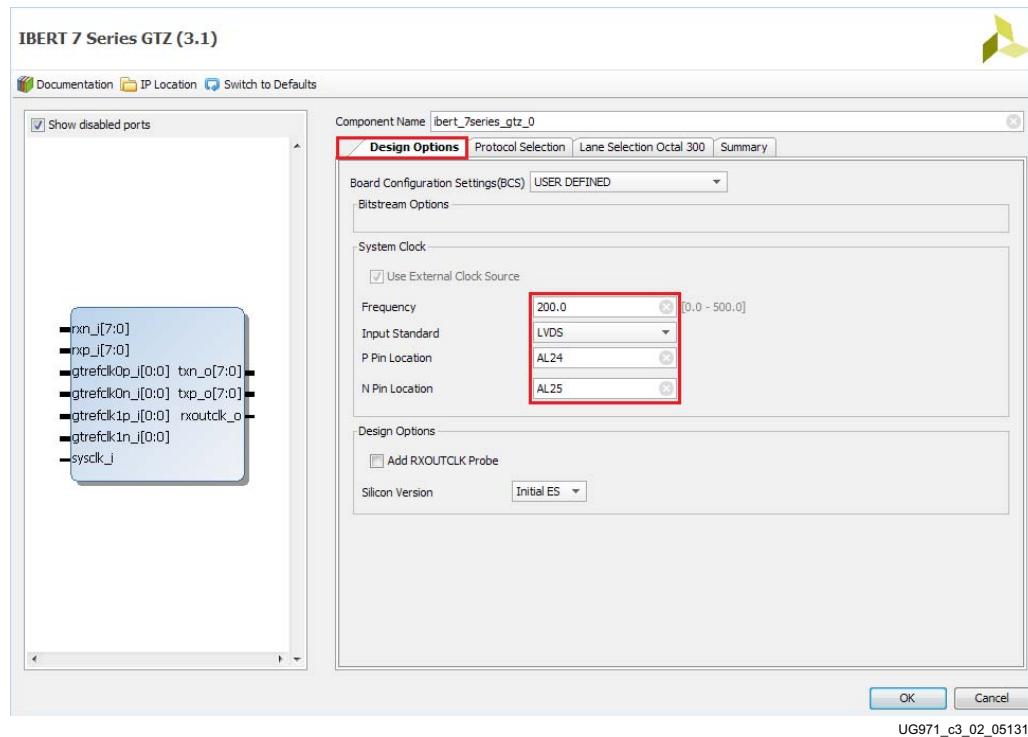


Figure 3-2: **Customize IP - Design Options**

3. In the Protocol Selection tab, set the Line Rate to **28.05 Gbps**, and the reference frequency to **255 MHz** (Figure 3-3).

Note: The reference frequency can be set to any of the available options in the drop-down menu. The same frequency should be set in the `setup_scm2_freq_00_xx.tcl` script by modifying the set frequency statement.

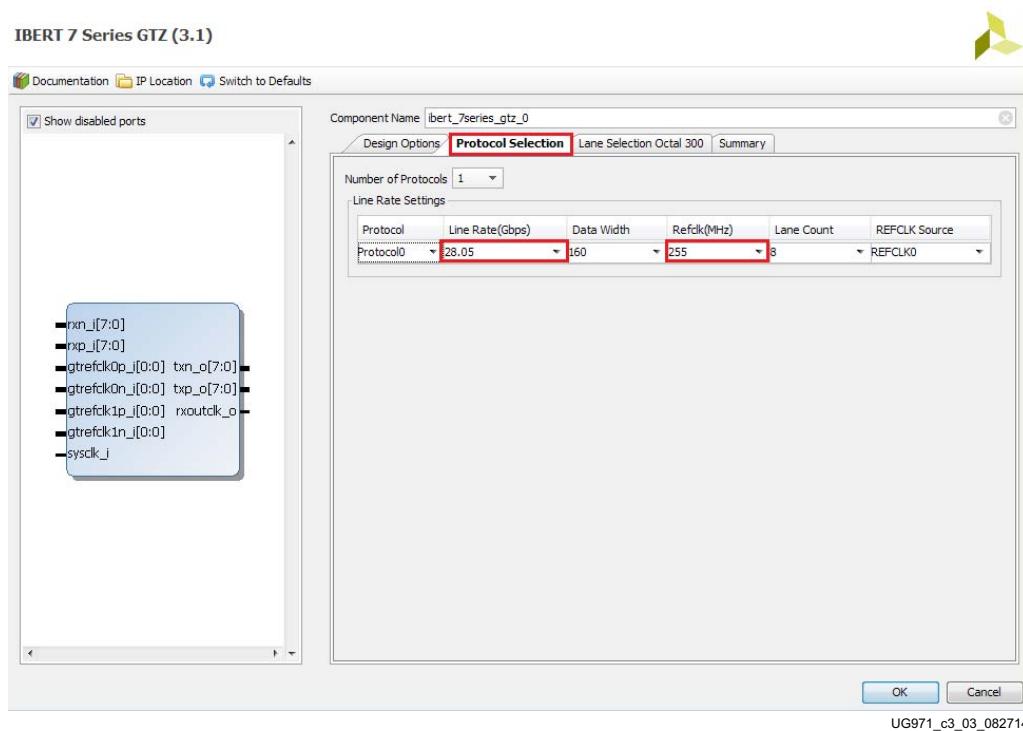


Figure 3-3: Customize IP - Protocol Selection

In the Lane Selection tab, select **Protocol0/28.05** from the drop-down menu (Figure 3-4). Review the summary and press **OK** to finish the IP customization. A Generate Output Products window opens. Leave the defaults unchanged, and press **Generate**.

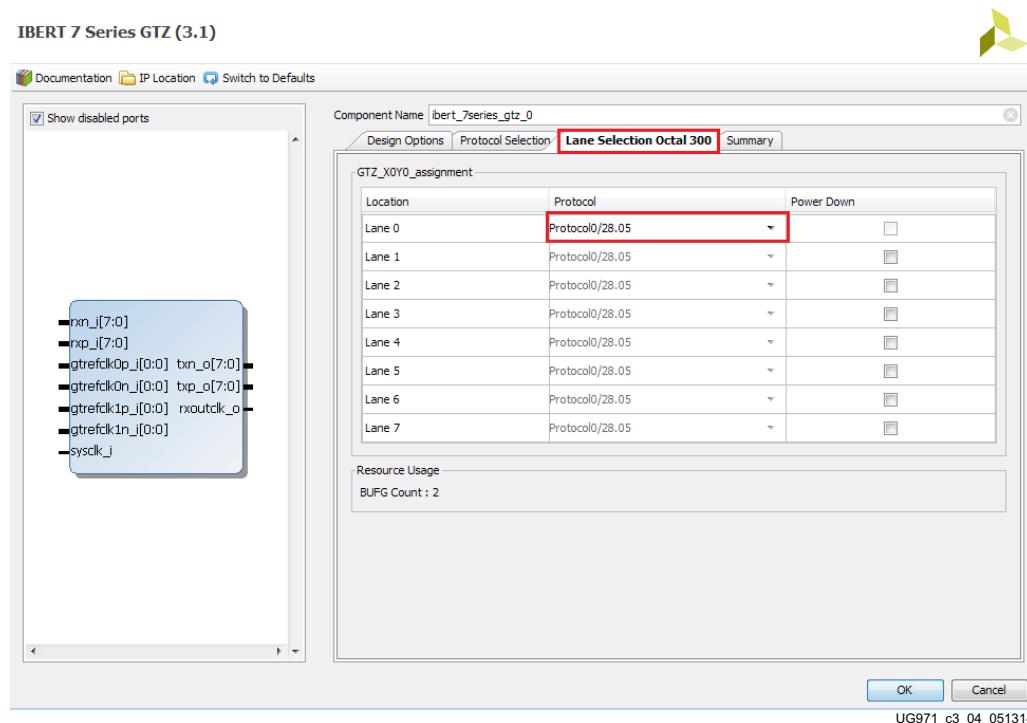


Figure 3-4: Customize IP - GTZ Lane Selection

4. Back in the Manage IP window, from the Sources window, right-click the **IBERT IP** and select **Open IP Example Design** (Figure 3-5). Specify a location to save the design, press **OK**, and the design opens in a new Vivado window.

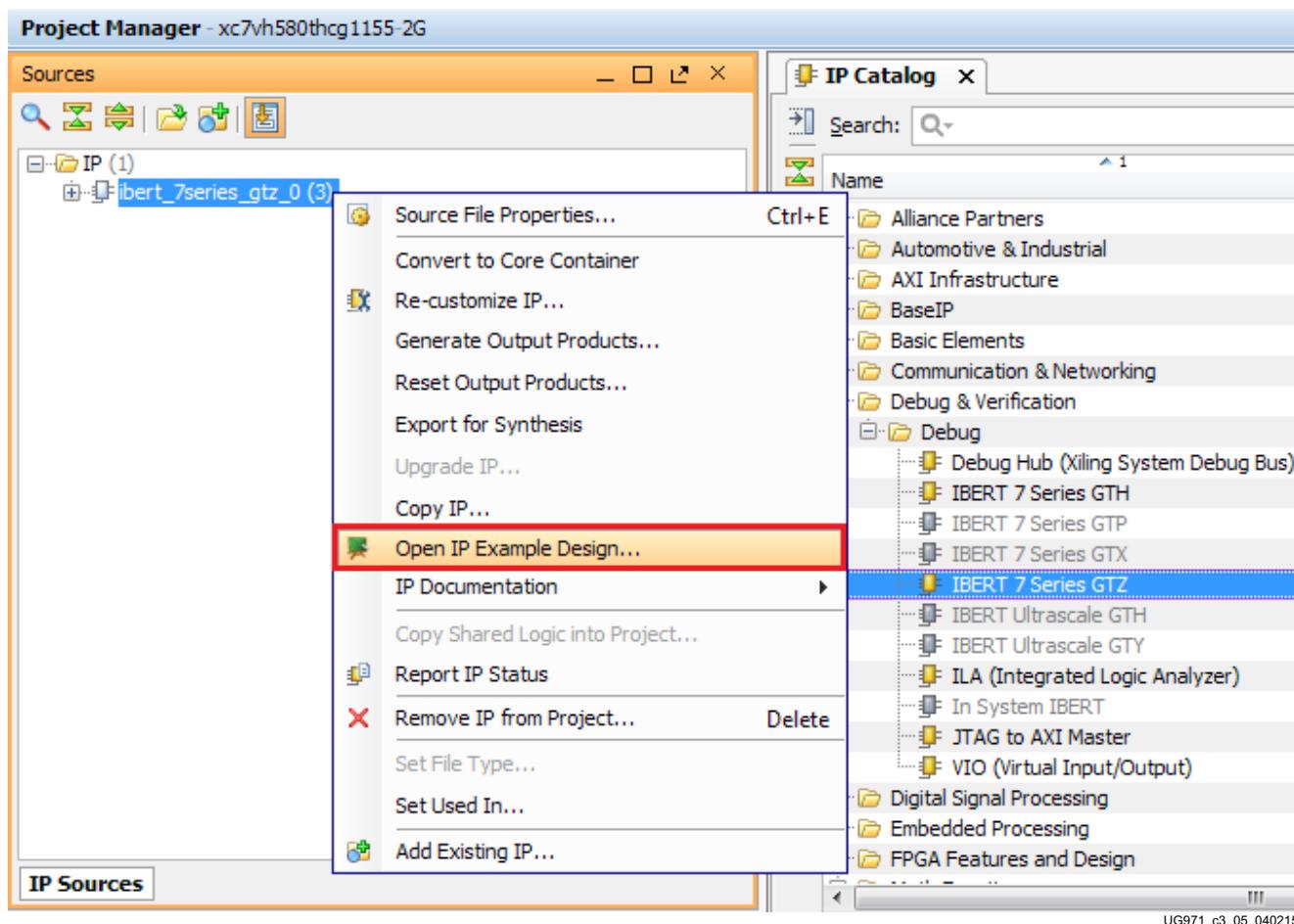


Figure 3-5: Open IP Example Design

5. In the new window select **Tools > Run Tcl Script**. In the Run Script window, navigate to **add_scm2.tcl** in the extracted files and press **OK**. The SuperClock-2 Module Design Sources and Constraints are added to the example design ([Figure 3-6](#)).

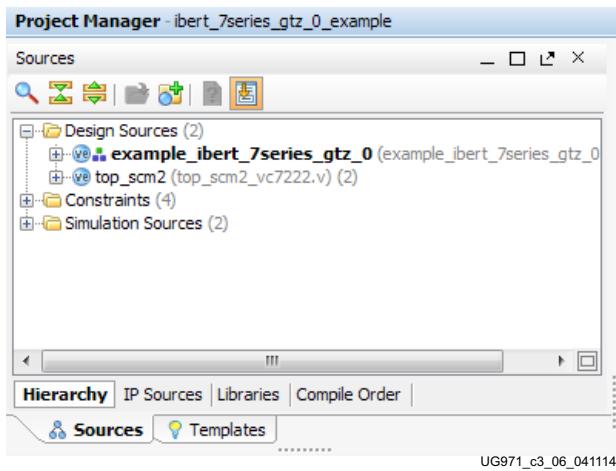


Figure 3-6: Sources after Running add_scm2.tcl

6. The SuperClock-2 source code now needs to be added to the example IBERT wrapper. Double-click **ibert_7series_gtz_0_example** in the Design Sources to open the verilog code. Add the top level ports from `top_scm2.v` to the module declaration and instantiate the top_scm2 module in the example IBERT wrapper ([Figure 3-7](#)). Click **File > Save File**.

```

25   input                      sysclk_i,
26   input                      sysclk_n_i,
27   input [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk0p_i,
28   input [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk0n_i,
29   input [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk1p_i,
30   input [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk1n_i,
31
32   input [2:0] usrclk_p,
33   input [2:0] usrclk_n,
34   inout i2c_sda,
35   inout i2c_scl,
36   output [5:0] sclk_out,
37   input [8:0] sclk_in,
38   output [2:0] sclk_clk_p,
39   output [2:0] sclk_clk_n
40 );
41
42 /**
43 // Ibert internal signals
44 /**
45 wire  [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk0_i;
46 wire  [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  gtreclk1_i;
47 wire  [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  refclk0_i;
48 wire  [^C_NUM_OCTALS-1:0]  refclk1_i;
49 wire
50
51 /**
52 // SuperClock-2 instantiation
53 /**
54 top_scm2 u_scm2
55 (
56   .sysclk_i(sysclk_i),
57   .usrclk_p(usrclk_p),
58   .usrclk_n(usrclk_n),
59   .i2c_sda(i2c_sda),
60   .i2c_scl(i2c_scl),
61   .sclk_out(sclk_out),
62   .sclk_in(sclk_in),
63   .sclk_clk_p(sclk_clk_p),
64   .sclk_clk_n(sclk_clk_n)
65 );
66

```

UG971_c3_07_041114

Figure 3-7: SuperClock-2 in the Example IBERT Wrapper

7. In the Sources window, Design Sources should now reflect that the SuperClock-2 module is part of the example IBERT design (Figure 3-8).

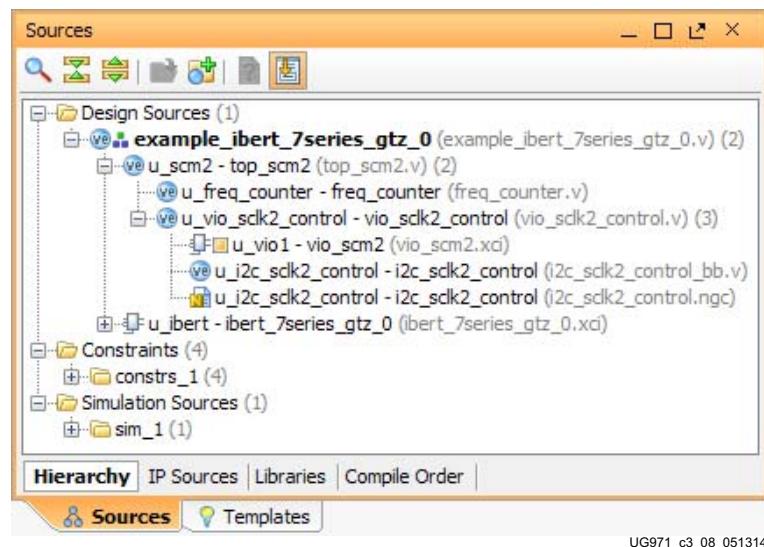


Figure 3-8: Design Sources File Hierarchy

8. Click **Run Synthesis** in the Flow Navigator, which synthesizes the complete design (Figure 3-9).

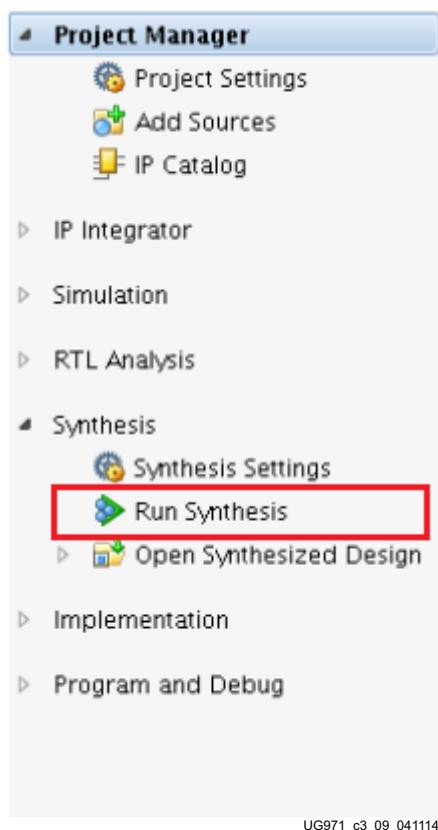


Figure 3-9: Run Synthesis

9. When synthesis is done, a Synthesis Complete window pops up. Select **Open Synthesized Design** and click **OK** (Figure 3-10).

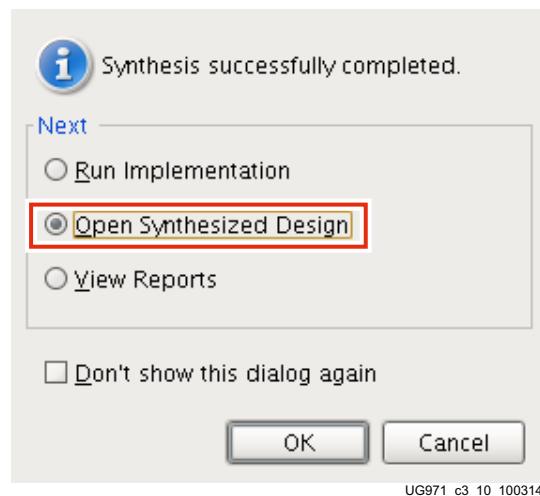


Figure 3-10: Synthesis Completed

10. When the Synthesized Design opens, select **dbg_hub** in the Netlist window, then select the **Debug Core Options** tab in the Cell Properties window and change the C_USER_SCAN_CHAIN* option to **3** (Figure 3-11). Click **File > Save Constraints**.

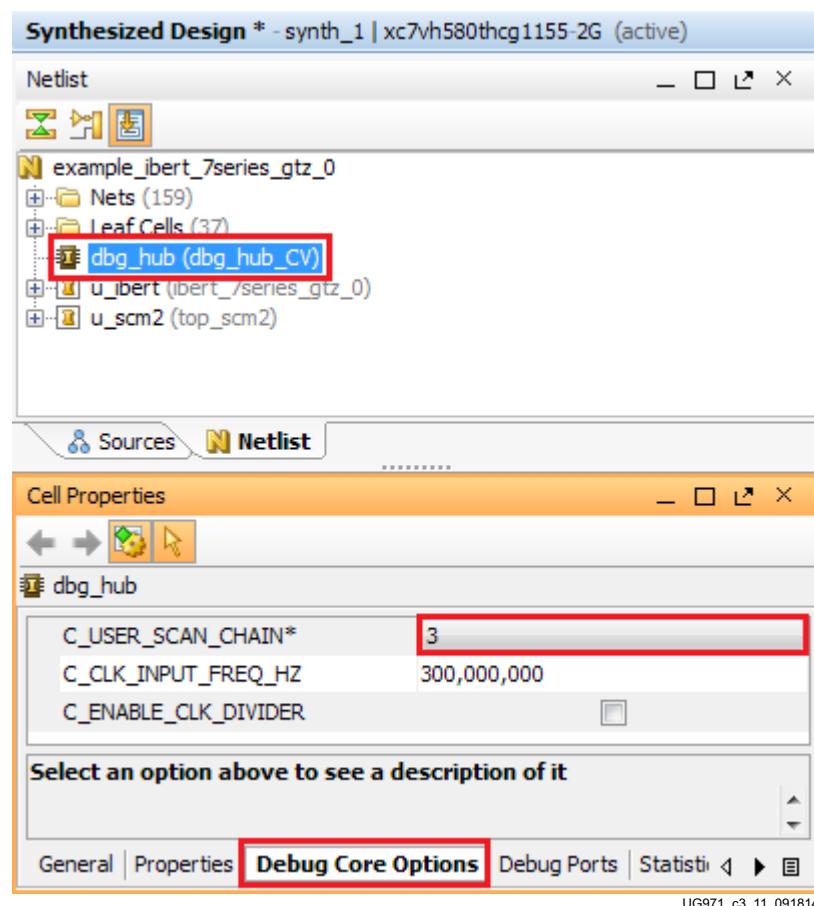


Figure 3-11: Debug Core Options for **dbg_hub**

11. In the Project Manager window, under Program and Debug, click **Generate Bitstream**. Confirm the launching of implementation (Figure 3-12).

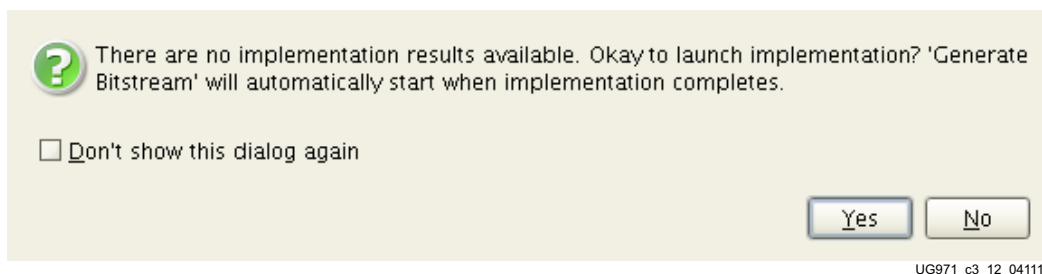


Figure 3-12: Generate Bitstream

12. When the Bitstream Generation Completed dialog window appears, click **Cancel** (Figure 3-13).

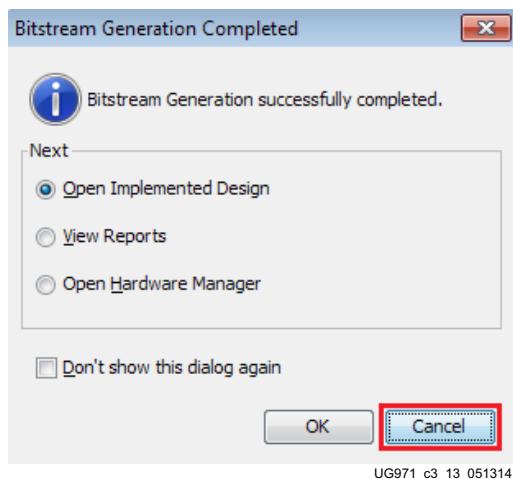


Figure 3-13: Bitstream Generation Completed

13. The generated bitstream is located in the following directory:

```
..\ibert_7series_gtz_0\ibert_7series_gtz_0_example\ibert_7series
_gtz_0_example.runs\impl_1
```

Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see [Xilinx Support](#).

For continual updates, add the Answer Record to your [myAlerts](#).

Solution Centers

See the [Xilinx Solution Centers](#) for support on devices, software tools, and intellectual property at all stages of the design cycle. Topics include design assistance, advisories, and troubleshooting tips.

References

The most up to date information related to the VC7222 kit and its documentation is available on these websites.

[Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit](#)

[Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit documentation](#)

[Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 Characterization Kit Master Answer Record \(AR 54015\)](#)

These Xilinx documents provide supplemental material useful with this guide:

1. *Virtex-7 FPGA VC7222 GTH and GTZ Transceiver Characterization Board User Guide* ([UG965](#))
2. *HW-CLK-101-SCLK2 SuperClock-2 Module User Guide* ([UG770](#))
3. *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging* ([UG908](#))

4. *LogiCORE IP Integrated Bit Error Ratio Tester (IBERT) for 7 Series GTH Transceivers Product Guide for Vivado Design Suite* ([PG152](#))
 5. *LogiCORE IP Integrated Bit Error Ratio Tester (IBERT) for 7 Series GTX Transceivers Product Guide for Vivado Design Suite* ([PG132](#))
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