



Integrating LogiCORE SEM IP in Zynq UltraScale+ Devices

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Summary

This application note outlines how to use a Zynq® UltraScale+™ MPSoC in conjunction with the LogiCORE™ IP UltraScale+ architecture Soft Error Mitigation (SEM) controller. The reference design provides an example of how the SEM controller is integrated with a processing system (PS). It targets the Xilinx® ZCU102 board but can be adjusted for different devices, family architectures, and boards. Configuration memory soft errors are detected and corrected by:

- Using the processing system to allow the SEM controller to initialize and scan for errors in the programmable logic (PL).
- Using a minimal set of the Zynq MPSoC processors' extended multiplexed I/O (EMIO) general purpose I/O (GPIO) pins to control the SEM controller clock, internal configuration access port (ICAP) arbitration interface, and board LEDs.
- Reading status signals from the SEM controller and performing multiboot.

Alternatively, *Integrating LogiCORE SEM IP with AXI in Zynq UltraScale+ Devices* (XAPP1303) [Ref 1] outlines how to use a Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC in conjunction with an AXI4-Lite interface and the LogiCORE IP UltraScale+ architecture SEM controller. The AXI4-Lite interface is used to communicate with and manage the SEM controller.

Reference Design

The reference design was created using Vivado® Design Suite 2016.2 IP integrator.

Download the [reference design files](#) for this application note from the Xilinx website.

This reference design uses the SEM controller, monitor interface, and UART to report information to the user. To demonstrate multiboot, there are actually two designs in this reference design. The designs are referred to as Design 1 and Design 2. Diagrams of the designs are provided in [Figure 1](#), [Figure 2](#), and [Figure 3](#). Both designs consist of the following Vivado IP integrator blocks:

- Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC
- Utility buffer - Buffer configured as an BUFGCE
- UltraScale architecture Soft Error Mitigation controller
- SEM UART - UART module for connection to an external device such as Tera Term

- Constant - Used to drive a constant value on a signal or bus
- Concat - Used to concatenate signals and smaller buses of varying widths into a larger bus
- Slice - Used to rip bits off a bus

In both designs, the MPSOC EMIO GPIO interface connects to the chip enable of a BUFGCE, the ICAP arbitration interface, and LEDs. Both designs use the SEM UART to receive status information from the SEM controller and to send commands to the SEM controller. Refer to *UltraScale Architecture Soft Error Mitigation Controller LogiCORE IP Product Guide* (PG187) [Ref 2] for information about using the UART interface with SEM.

The primary difference between the two designs is the behavior of the LEDs which is described below. The LED behavior difference is used to demonstrate multiboot using Quad Serial Peripheral Interface (QSPI) flash memory. After the software application for Design 1 completes, the BIT file for Design 2 is configured in the device. After the software application for Design 2 completes, the BIT file for Design 1 is configured in the device. This looping between Design 1 and Design 2 will continue until the user chooses to stop.

In Design 1, the PS is used to enable the ICAP clock from the BUFGCE, then to turn on the gpio_led_1 and gpio_led_2 LEDs. Then the PS uses the EMIO GPIO interface of the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSOC block to allow the SEM controller to arbitrate for the ICAP. The SEM controller initializes, and then Design 1 uses the PS to poll the status_correction and status_uncorrectable signals. Detection of each type of error advances the software application. After an uncorrectable error is injected and detected, the PS is used to put the SEM controller in the Idle state, disable the clock, and boot using the boot image for Design 2. GPIO LEDs are used to demonstrate the design is functioning properly. These signals are connected to LEDs:

```
bufgce_enabled, cap_gnt, cap_rel, cap_req, gpio_led_1, gpio_led_2,  
status_correction, and status_uncorrectable
```

When a signal connected to an LED is asserted High, the associated LED illuminates.

In Design 2, the PS is used to enable the ICAP clock from the BUFGCE. The PS waits for you to turn on DIP switch 1, which causes GPIO LED[1] to blink. After turning off DIP switch 1 and turning on DIP switch 2, four LEDs blink in succession. After turning off DIP switch 2, the PS uses the EMIO GPIO interface of the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSOC block to allow the SEM controller to arbitrate for the ICAP. The SEM controller initializes. You are instructed to verify the SEM controller is operational, then the PS is used to put the SEM controller in the Idle state, disable the clock, and boot using the boot image for Design 1.

GPIO LEDs are used to demonstrate the design is functioning properly. These signals are connected to LEDs:

```
bufgce_enabled, cap_gnt, cap_rel, cap_req, gpio_led_1, gpio_led_2,  
gpio_led_3, and gpio_led_4
```

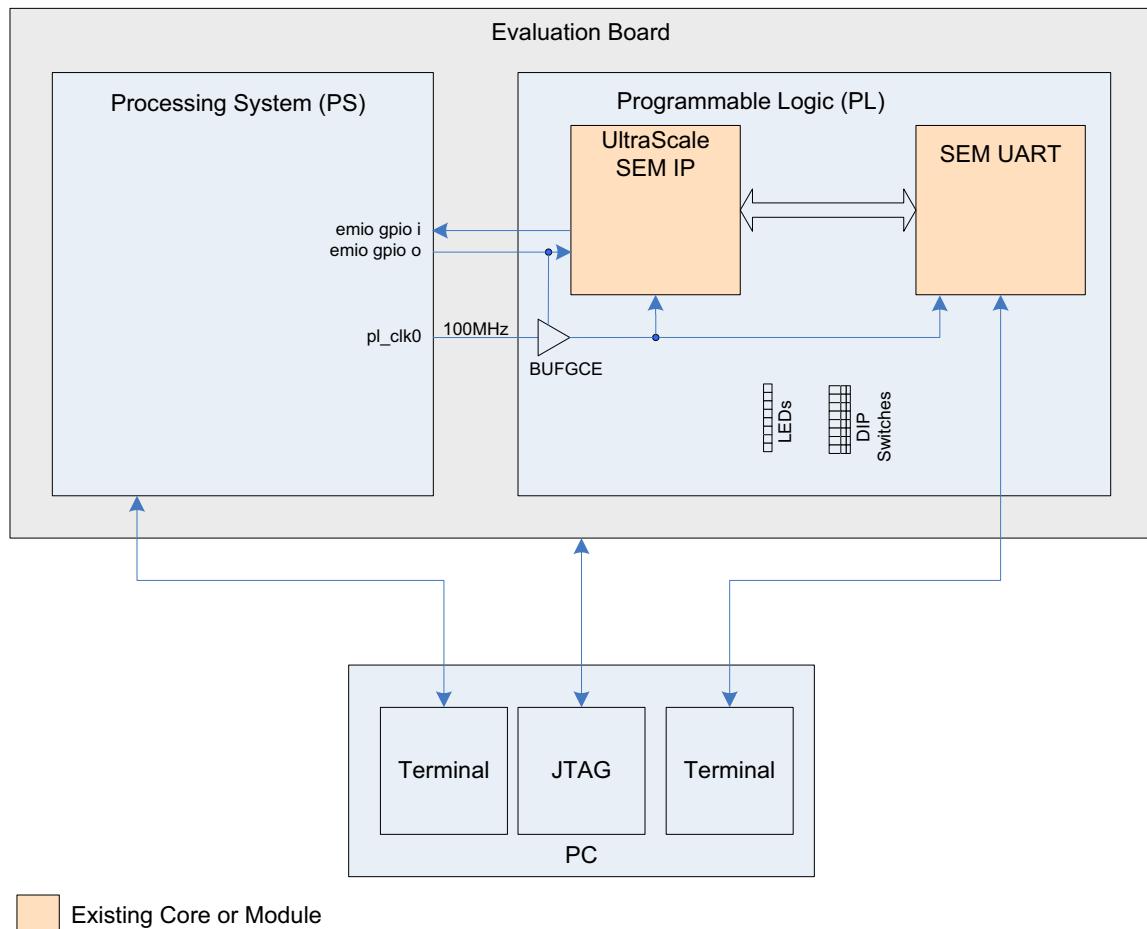
When a signal connected to an LED is asserted High, the associated LED illuminates.



IMPORTANT: This application and all supporting files are for **demonstration purposes only**. All files are delivered **as is**. This reference design is not intended to be a drop-in solution. After integrating this reference design into a new design, thorough verification is required to ensure the resulting solution meets functional and reliability goals.

Hardware

Figure 1 shows a high-level block diagram of the reference design. A PC is used to connect to the evaluation board JTAG port and USB to Serial port. More detailed Vivado IP integrator diagrams are shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3, which show each design's connection to the LEDs and DIP switches.



X18074-112718

Figure 1: Design 1 and Design 2 High-Level Block Diagram

Design 1 uses the signals listed in [Table 1](#) to provide visual indicators by connecting them to the evaluation board GPIO LEDs.

Table 1: Design 1 GPIO LED Connections

Signal Name	GPIO LED
bufgce_enabled	GPIO LED[0]
gpio_led_1	GPIO LED[1]
gpio_led_2	GPIO LED[2]
status_correction	GPIO LED[3]
status_uncorrectable	GPIO LED[4]
cap_req	GPIO LED[5]
cap_gnt	GPIO LED[6]
cap_rel	GPIO LED[7]

Design 1 does not use any DIP switches.

Design 2 uses the signals listed in [Table 2](#) to provide visual indicators by connecting them to the evaluation board GPIO LEDs.

Table 2: Design 2 GPIO LED Connections

Signal Name	GPIO LED
bufgce_enabled	GPIO LED[0]
gpio_led_1	GPIO LED[1]
gpio_led_2	GPIO LED[2]
gpio_led_3	GPIO LED[3]
gpio_led_4	GPIO LED[4]
cap_req	GPIO LED[5]
cap_gnt	GPIO LED[6]
cap_rel	GPIO LED[7]

Design 2 uses DIP switch 1 to blink GPIO LED 1 on and off. It also uses DIP switch 2 to flash GPIO LEDs 1 through 4 in sequence.

[Figure 2](#) and [Figure 3](#) show the Vivado IP integrator diagrams for the designs.

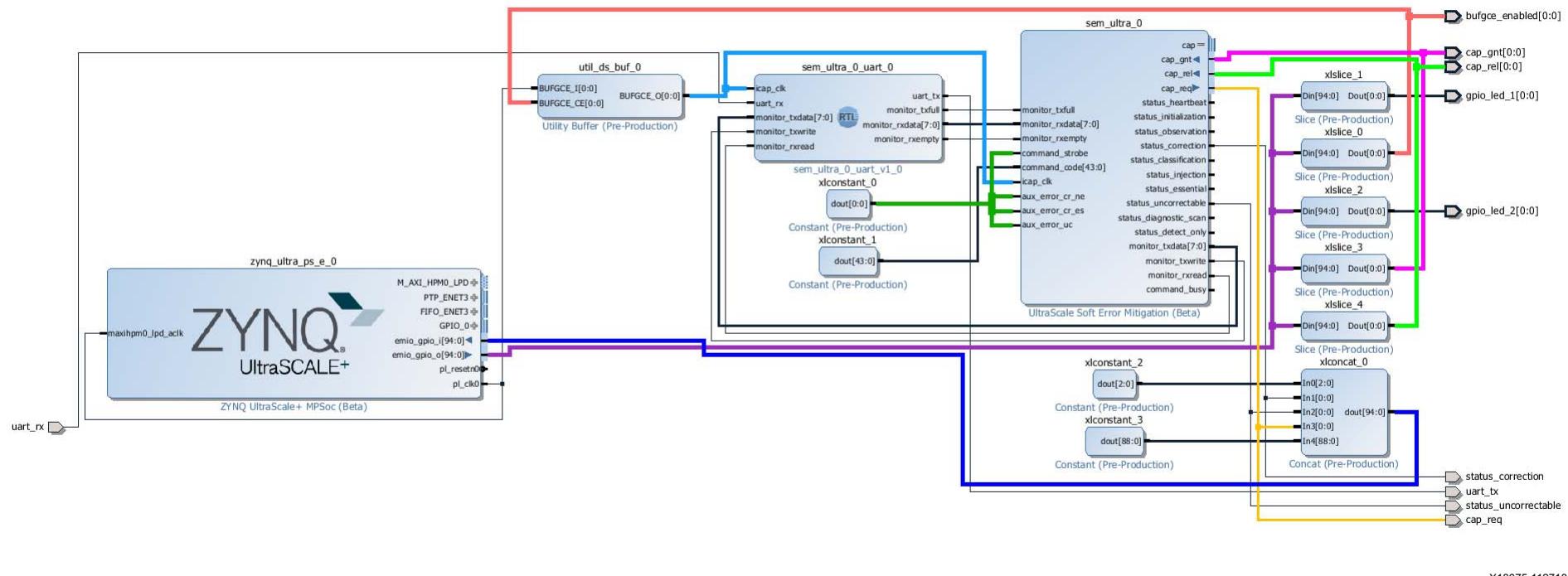


Figure 2: Design 1 Vivado IP Integrator Diagram

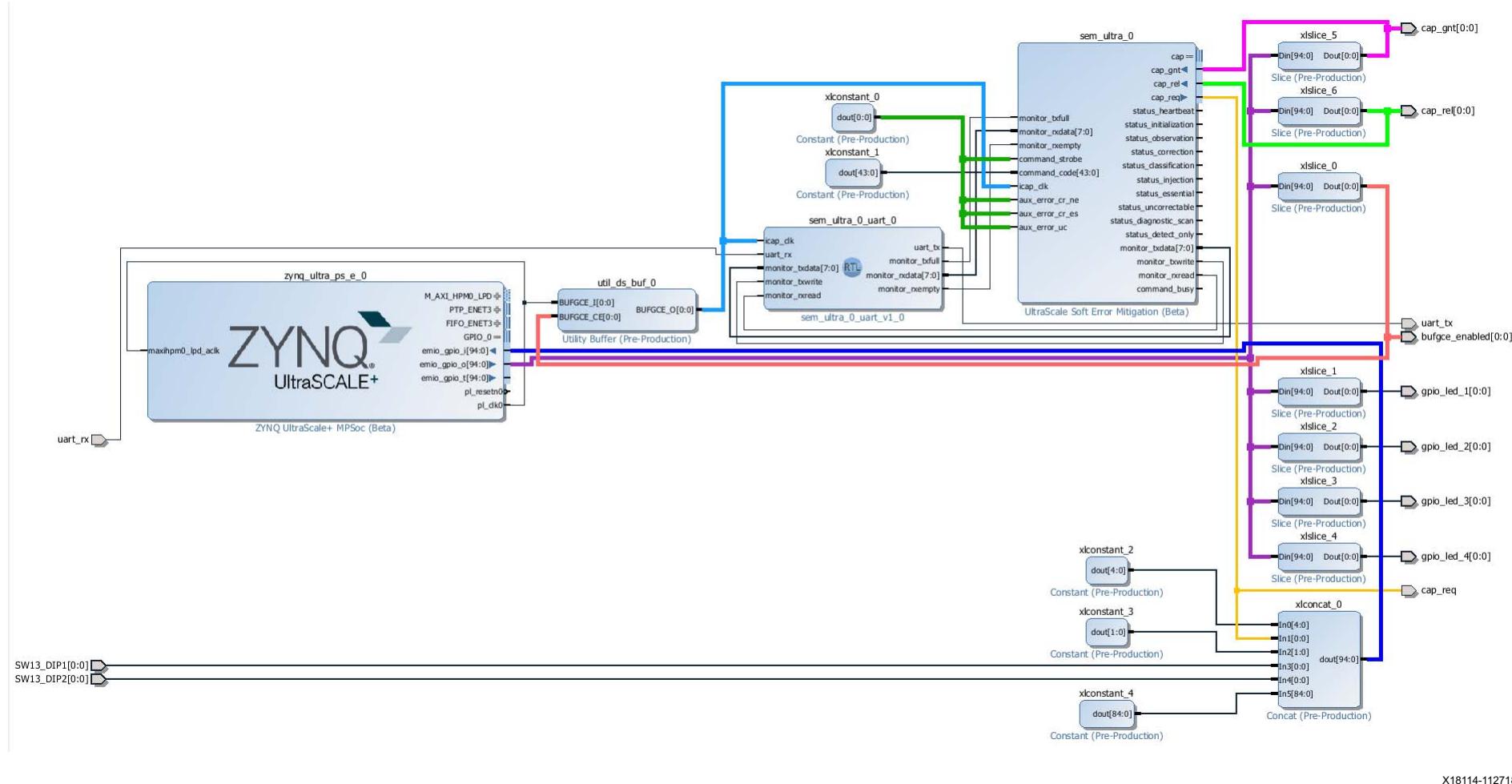


Figure 3: Design 2 Vivado IP Integrator Diagram

Software Application

Two software applications are provided with this application note—one for each hardware design. Each software application contains comments to help understand the steps involved in creating the software application:

Design 1—MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/source/sem_icap_mboot_1.c

Design 2—MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/source/sem_icap_mboot_2.c



RECOMMENDED: Become familiar with the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Technical Reference Manual (UG1085) [Ref 3] and Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Register Reference (UG1087) [Ref 4], which were used to create the applications.

Full logs for the applications are provided in the application note ZIP file.

Design 1 and Design 2

MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/teraterm_sem_icap_mboot.log

MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/teraterm_sem_uart.log

Tool Flow and Verification

Table 3 lists the tool flow and verification procedures used for the provided reference design.

Table 3: Reference Design Checklist

Parameter	Description
General	
Developer Name	Xilinx
Target Devices	xczu9eg-ffvb1156
Source code provided?	Yes
Source code format (if provided)	VHDL, C
Design uses code or IP from existing reference design, application note, 3rd party or Vivado software? If yes, list.	UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation (Beta) SEM UART Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Utility Buffer Constant Concatenate Slice
Simulation	
Functional simulation performed	No
Timing simulation performed?	No
Test bench provided for functional and timing simulation?	No

Table 3: Reference Design Checklist (Cont'd)

Parameter	Description
Test bench format	N/A
Simulator software and version	N/A
SPICE/IBIS simulations	No
Implementation	
Synthesis software tools/versions used	Vivado design suite 2016.2
Implementation software tool(s) and version	Vivado design suite 2016.2
Static timing analysis performed?	Yes
Hardware Verification	
Hardware verified?	Yes
Platform used for verification	Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC ZCU102 Evaluation Board

Requirements

The design was developed on the following hardware and software. Refer to [Limitations and Considerations](#) for additional information regarding the SEM controller and targeting other software versions.

Hardware

- HW-Z1-ZCU102 Rev B or newer
- ZU9EG silicon
- JTAG programming cable
- USB cable for the JTAG connection
- USB cable for the UART connection

Software

- Vivado Design Suite 2016.2
- Software Development Kit (SDK) 2016.2
- Tera Term 4.83 for serial UART connection

Reference Design Files

The top-level reference design file, `xapp1298-integrating-sem-ip.zip`, contains two reference designs. The directory structure for each reference design is as follows.

Directory Structure

```

MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot
|--- teraterm_sem_icap_mboot.log
|   - Full log file from running the SW Application
|--- teraterm_sem_uart.log.log
|   - Full log file from SEM controller
|--- readme.txt
|   - This file
|--- design1
|   |--- SDK
|   |   |--- boot_img
|   |   |   |--- BOOT.bin
|   |   |   |--- fsbl_a53_0.elf
|   |   |   |--- output.bif
|   |   |   |--- sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf
|   |   |   `--- zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
|   |   `--- source
|   |       `--- sem_icap_mboot_1.c
|   `--- Vivado
|       `--- hdl
|           `--- constraints
|               `--- zu9eg_sem.xdc
|--- design2
|   |--- SDK
|   |   |--- boot_img
|   |   |   |--- BOOT.bin
|   |   |   |--- fsbl_a53_0.elf
|   |   |   |--- output.bif
|   |   |   |--- sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf
|   |   |   `--- zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
|   |   `--- source
|   |       `--- sem_icap_mboot_2.c
|   `--- Vivado
|       `--- hdl
|           `--- constraints
|               `--- zu9eg_sem.xdc
|--- ip
|   `--- sem_ultra_v3_1          <-- Packaged IP required for ZU9EG support
|--- sem_uart_src
|   `--- project_1
|       `--- sem_ultra_0_example
|           `--- sem_ultra_0_example.srcs
|               `--- sources_1
|                   `--- imports
|                       `--- example_design
|                           `--- support
|                               |-- sem_ultra_0_uart.v
|                               |-- sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
|                               |-- sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
|                               `--- sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v
|--- Vivado
|   `--- tcl
|       |-- board_repository.tcl
|       |-- ip_repository.tcl
|       `--- uart.tcl

```

design 1

This directory contains all of the SDK image files and source running the SW application and generating the SW application from scratch. The `boot_img` directory contains all of the SDK generated files for running the application. The design's constraints are in the Vivado directory.

- `SDK/boot_img`
 - `BOOT.bin` - Boot image file that contains the ELF and BIT files
 - `fsbl_a53_0.elf` - Contains the First Stage Boot Loader software application data
 - `output.bif` - SDK generated file that references the files necessary to create the BOOT image
 - `sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf` - Contains the SEM ICAP and multiboot software application data
 - `zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit` - PL configuration file
- `SDK/source` - Software application source code
- `Vivado/hdl/constraints` - Contains the constraints file for the Vivado design

design 2

This directory contains all of the SDK image files and source running the SW application and generating the SW application from scratch. The `boot_img` directory contains all of the SDK generated files for running the application. The design's constraints are in the Vivado directory.

- `SDK/boot_img`
 - `BOOT.bin` - Boot image file that contains the ELF and BIT files
 - `fsbl_a53_0.elf` - Contains the first stage boot loader software application data
 - `output.bif` - SDK generated file that references the files necessary to create the BOOT image
 - `sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf` - Contains the SEM ICAP and multiboot software application data
 - `zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit` - PL configuration file
- `SDK/source` - Software application source code
- `Vivado/hdl/constraints` - Contains the constraints file for the Vivado design

ip

This directory contains the SEM UltraScale+ family packaged design (`sem_ultra_v3_1`) that supports the ZU9EG device on the ZCU102 board.

sem_uart_src

The source code for the SEM UART is contained in this directory structure. This source was generated by targeting an UltraScale+ device that supports SEM. Refer to [Generate the SEM UART Source Code](#) for more details.

```
project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/import/example_design/support/
```

- sem_ultra_0_uart.v
- sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
- sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
- sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v

Vivado

Three Tcl files are provided for reference. These files can be modified to accommodate a different directory structure, then sourced in the Vivado Tcl console when creating the reference design from scratch.

- tcl/board_repository.tcl - Contains the command used to set the path for the board files downloaded from the [Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 HeadStart](#) website
- tcl/ip_repository.tcl - Contains the commands to set the SEM controller repository from the build to a local repository
- tcl/uart.tcl - Contains the commands to add and import the SEM UART files to design

Licensing

SEM Controller Licensing

This Xilinx LogiCORE IP module is provided at no additional cost with the Xilinx Vivado Design Suite under the terms of the [Xilinx End User License](#).

Information about this and other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules is available at the [Xilinx Intellectual Property](#) website. For information on pricing and availability of other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules and tools, contact your [local Xilinx sales representative](#).

Reference Design Steps

Setup

Setup instructions are included in the sections below. If you are creating the reference design from scratch, refer to [Creating the Reference Design](#). However, to run the reference design with the supplied ZIP files, refer to [Running the Reference Design, page 49](#). This section also contains any other setup information required to run the reference design.

Follow the steps in the remaining sections to create the reference design.

Creating the Reference Design

Download ZCU102 Board Files for Vivado Design Suite 2016.2.

Note: The ZCU102 board files are not released with Vivado Design Suite 2016.2, and they are not provided in this application note. The board files must be downloaded from the [Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 HeadStart](#) website.

IMPORTANT: *It could take up to two days to access the files after you register.*

1. Go to the [Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 HeadStart](#) website.
2. Click the **Documentations and Designs** tab.
3. Scroll down to the **ZCU102 ES1 Board Files**.
4. Click the link for the ZCU102 board files: **ZCU102 2016.2 board files**

Note: Use only 2016.2 board files.

5. If you agree to the license agreement, select **I Accept**.
6. Download the design file.

Generate the SEM UART Source Code

Generate the SEM UART source code, hardware design, and software application for the reference design.

Design 1 and Design 2 use the same UART files. It is not necessary to generate separate UART files for Design 1 and Design 2.

Note: <path> = C:/Projects in the steps that follow.

1. The UART source files can be generated from Vivado tools by targeting a device in the design's architecture family that supports SEM. In this application note, any UltraScale+ device that supports SEM could be chosen (such as the xcku9p-ffve900).
2. Select **UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation** from the **IP Catalog**.
3. Set **Mode** to **Mitigation and Testing** and **Controller Clock Period (ps)** to **10000**.
4. In Generate Output Products, click **Generate**.
5. In the Project Manager Hierarchy tab, right-click **sem_ultra_0**, select **Open IP Example Design**, and choose the output directory. A second Vivado interface opens and the example design is generated.
6. Close both Vivado windows. The design does not need to be synthesized or implemented.

7. In this application note, the four UART files are located at
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/

 sem_ultra_0_uart

 sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v

 sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v

 sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v

Design 1 - Generate PL Design

These instructions describe how to generate the PL bitstream for Design 1 of the reference design from scratch.

Unzip the xapp1298-integrating-sem-ip.zip file. See the readme.txt file in the MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot folder.

Create Project

Note: <path> = C:/Projects in the steps that follow.

1. Change directory to MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_Mboot .
2. Open Vivado Design Suite.
3. Before creating a project, in the Tcl console set the path to the ZCU102 board repository files. For example:

```
set_param board.repoPaths C:/Projects/zcu102
```

4. Create a new project and configure it as follows:
 - a. Project name: **zu9eg_sem**
 - b. Project location: **<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1**
 - c. Select **RTL Project** and check **Do not specify sources at this time**.

- d. Select **Boards**, set **Xilinx** as the vendor, and select the **Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 Evaluation Board**. See [Figure 4](#).

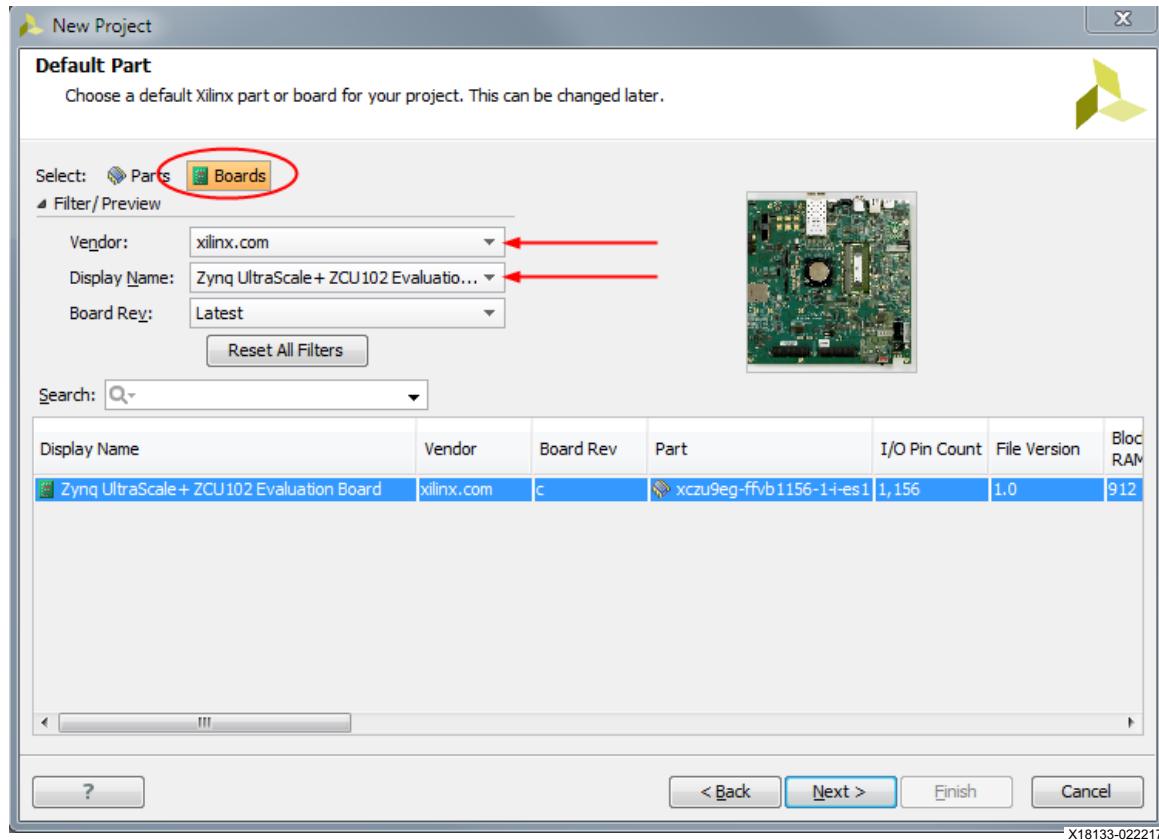


Figure 4: Design 1 - Board Selection

- e. Click **Next**, then **Finish**.
5. Set the IP repository path for the ZU3EG SEM controller included in the application note ZIP file.
- `set_property ip_repo_paths <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1> [current_project]`

For example, in the Vivado Tcl console enter:

```
set_property ip_repo_paths
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1 [current_project]
```

b. `update_ip_catalog -rebuild`

Ignore this duplicate IP warning:

```
WARNING: [IP_Flow 19-1663] Duplicate IP found for
xilinx.com:ip:sem_ultra:3.1. The one found in IP location
'c:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1' will take
precedence over the same IP in the Xilinx installed IP.
```

Add Files

1. Add the constraints file via the Vivado Tcl console:
 - a.

```
add_files -fileset constrs_1 -norecurse
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/Vivado/hdl/constraints/
zu9eg_sem.xdc
```
 - b.

```
import_files -fileset constrs_1 -force
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/Vivado/hdl/constraints/
zu9eg_sem.xdc
```
2. Add four SEM UART files to the project:
 - a.

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v}
```
 - b.

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v }
```
 - c.

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v }
```
 - d.

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

For example:

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

3. Import four SEM UART files to the project:
 - a.

```
import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v}
```

```

b. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v}

c. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v}

d. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}

```

For example:

```

import_files -force -norecurse
{C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}

```

4. Select **Create Block Design** and set the Design name to **zu9eg_sem**.

Add IP to the Diagram

- In the Vivado **Diagram** tab, right-click **Add IP** and select **ZYNQ UltraScale+ MPSOC**.
 - Select **Run Block Automation**. See [Figure 5](#).

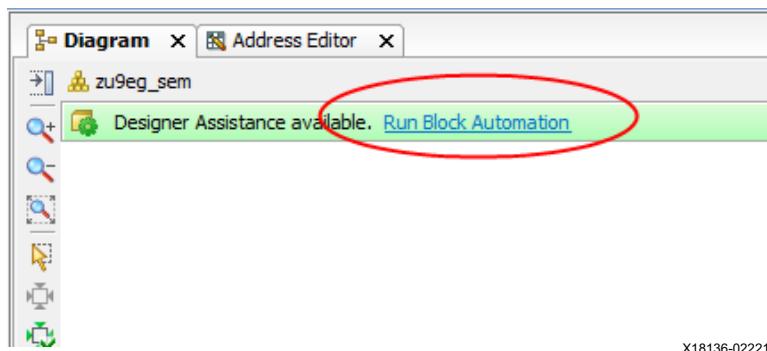


Figure 5: Design 1 - Run Block Automation

- Verify **Apply Board Presets** is selected.

- c. Configure the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block to enable EMIO GPIO. Deselect **UART 1**. Click **OK**. See [Figure 6](#).

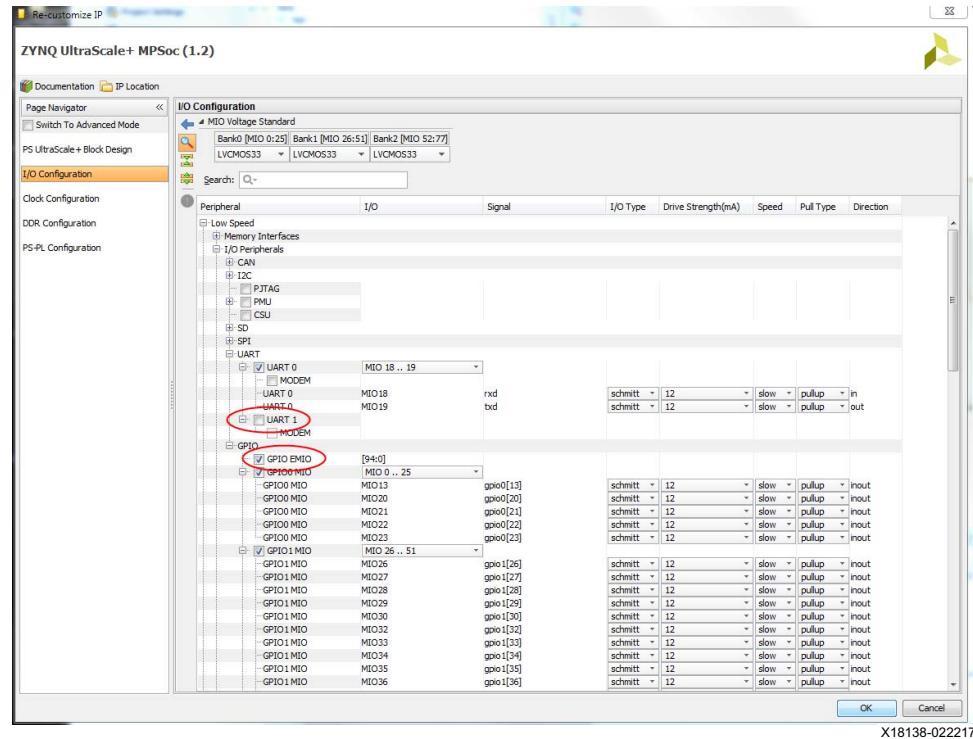
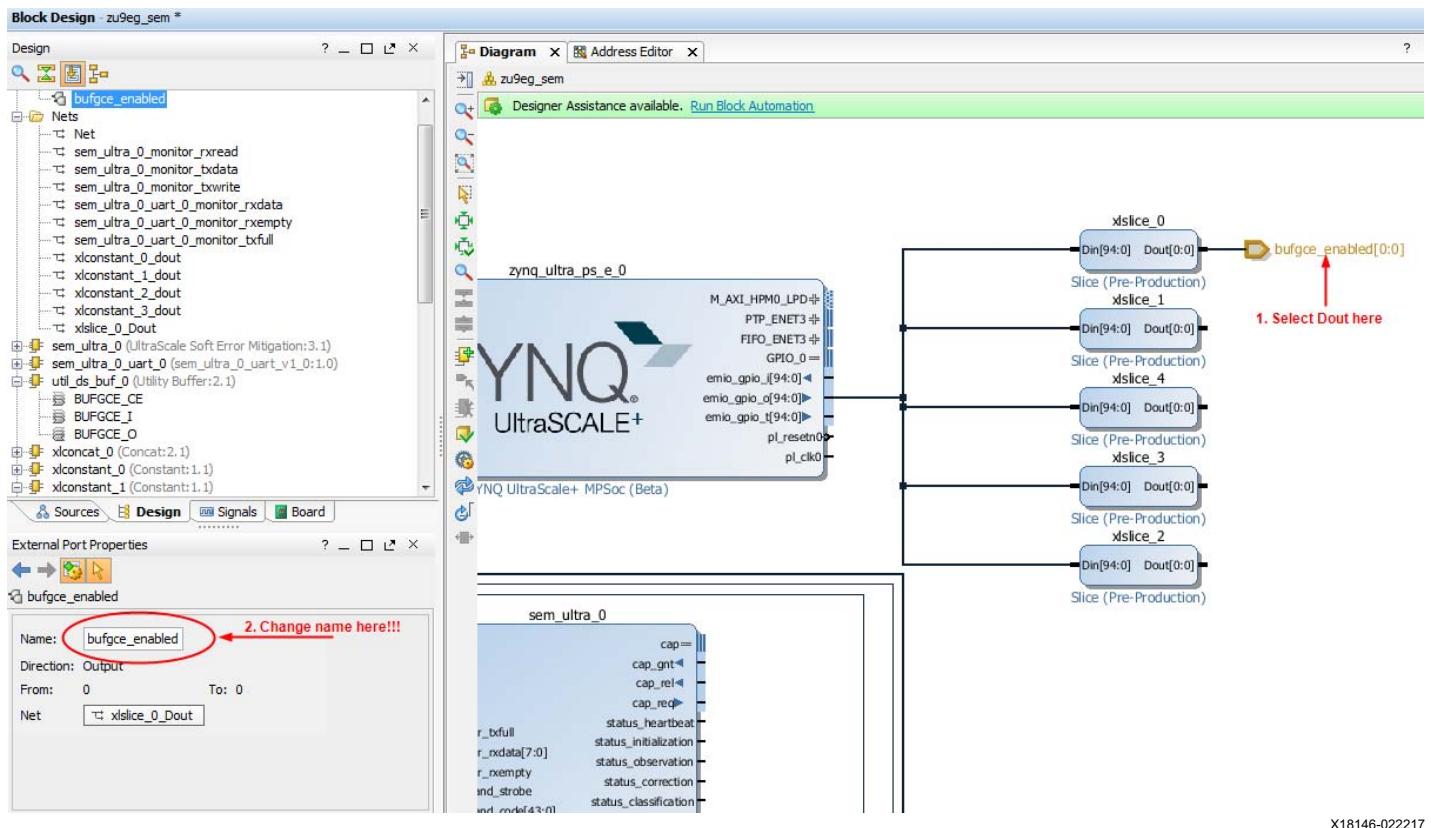


Figure 6: Design 1 - Enable EMIO GPIO

2. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Utility Buffer** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Double-click the utility buffer and select the **BUFGCE** type. Click **OK**.
3. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. In the **Duplicate IP** window, click **Add Active IP**.
 - c. Double-click the icon. Select **Mitigation and Testing**, and make sure the Controller Clock Period is set to **10000ps (100MHz)**. Click **OK**.
 - d. In the diagram, select the **cap_req** pin, right-click, and select **Make External**. Repeat this for the **status_correction** and **status_uncorrectable** pins.

4. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add Module**.
 - a. Type **sem_ultra_0_uart.v** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Right-click the **uart_tx** and **uart_rx** pins and select **Make External**.
5. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **1-bit wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation command_strobe and aux_error_cr_ne, aux_error_cr_es, and aux_error_uc signals.)
6. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **44-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation command_code signal.)
7. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **3-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to In0[2:0] Concat.)
8. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **89-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to In4[88:0] Concat.)
9. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (Connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **0**
 - Din Down To: **0**
 - Click **OK**.

- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin, select **Make External**. A port named Dout is created.
- d. Change the name of Dout. Select the Dout port in the Diagram tab. In the External Port Properties General Tab, change Dout to **bufgce_enabled**. See [Figure 7](#).



X18146-022217

Figure 7: Design 1 - Configure External Port - bufgce_enabled

10. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to `emio_gpio_o[94:0]` on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **1**
 - Din Down To: **1**
 - c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin, select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_1**. Use the same process in [step 9 step d](#) to change the pin name.
11. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to `emio_gpio_o[94:0]` on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**

- Din From: **2**
 - Din Down To: **2**
- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin, select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_2**. Use the same process in [step 9 step d](#) to change the pin name.
12. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to `emio_gpio_o[94:0]` on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **6**
 - Din Down To: **6**
 - c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin, and select **Make External**. Change the name to **cap_gnt**. Use the same process in [step 9 step d](#) to change the pin name.
13. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to `emio_gpio_o[94:0]` on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **7**
 - Din Down To: **7**
 - c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin, and select **Make External**. Change the name to **cap_rel**. Use the same process in [step 9 step d](#) to change the pin name.
14. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Concat** in the search box, and select it.
 - Configure it to have **5** ports. See [Figure 8](#).
 - Change Auto to **Manual** on all Ports.
 - Set In0 Width to **3**, In1 Width to **1**, In2 Width to **1**, In3 Width to **1**, and In4 Width to **89**.
 - Click **OK**.

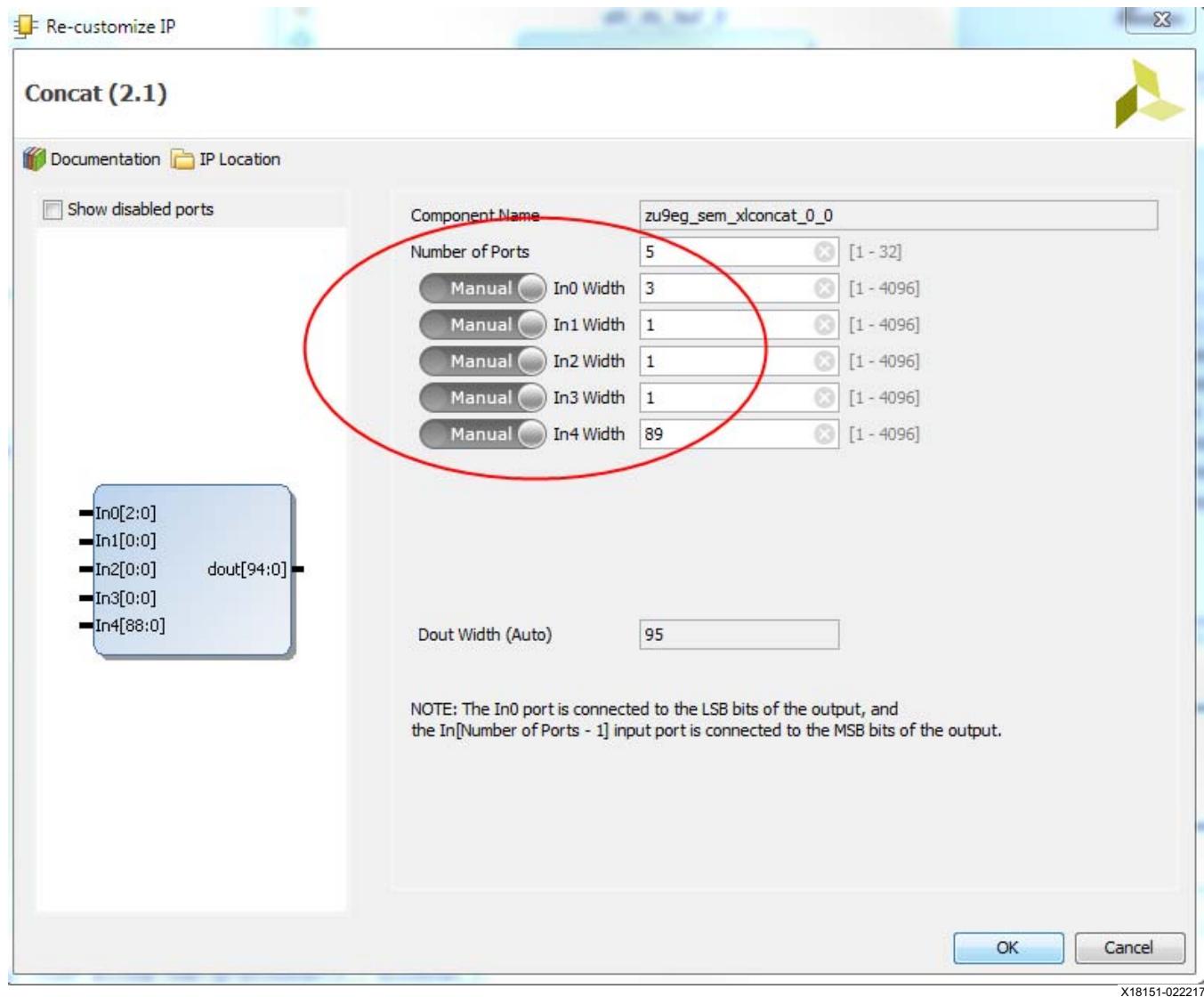


Figure 8: Design 1 - Configure Concat IP - Width 95

- See [Figure 2](#) to make the remaining connections to concat IP:
 - Connect In0 to Const dout[2:0].
 - Connect In1 to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation status_correction.
 - Connect In2 to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation status_uncorrectable.
 - Connect In3 to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation cap_req.
 - Connect In4 to Const dout[88:0].
 - Connect dout[94:0] to ZYNQ UltraScale+ MPSoC emio_gpio_i[94:0].

Make Final Diagram Connections

1. Connect all signals as shown in [Figure 2 \(Design 1 Vivado IP Integrator Diagram\)](#).
2. Right-click **zu9eg_sem.bd** and select **Create HDL Wrapper**.
 - a. Select **Let Vivado manage wrapper and auto-update** in the pop-up window.
3. Right-click **zu9eg_sem_wrapper.v** and select **Set As Top**.
4. Right-click in an open area of the Block Design and select **Validate Design**.

Generate Block Design and Bitstream

1. Select **Generate Block Design** in the Flow Navigator.
 - a. Select **Generate**. See [Figure 9](#).

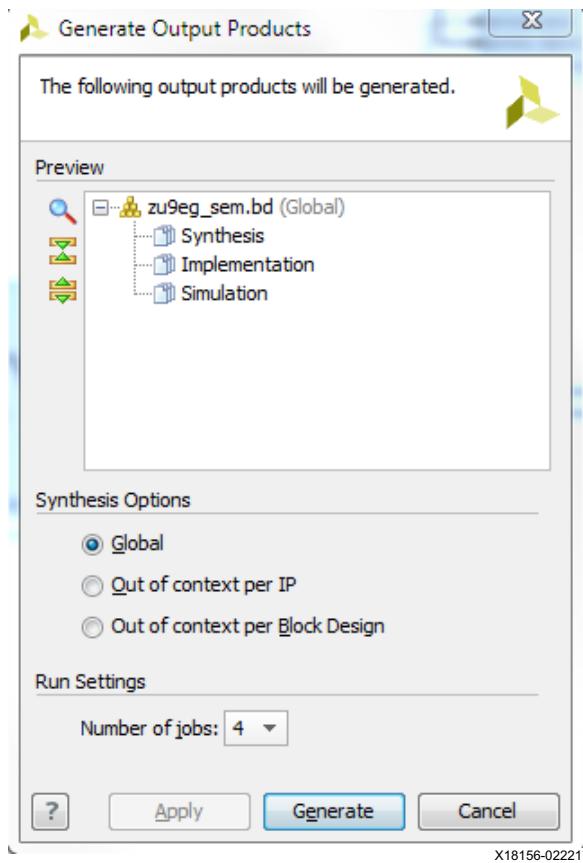


Figure 9: Design 1 - Generate Output Products

2. In the Flow Navigator, select **Generate Bitstream**, open the implemented design, and verify all timing was met.
3. To export the bitstream, select **File > Export > Export Hardware**. Check **Include bitstream**.
4. Select **File > Launch SDK**.

This launches the SDK where the Software application can be created. Proceed to [Design 1 - Generate the PS Software Application](#).

Design 1 - Generate the PS Software Application

These instructions describe how to generate the PS software application for Design 1 of the reference design from scratch.

1. Create the FSBL Application Project by selecting **File > New > Application Project**.
 - a. Enter **fsbl_a53_0** as the Project name. Click **Next**.
 - b. Select **Zynq MP FSBL**. Click **Finish**. See [Figure 10](#).

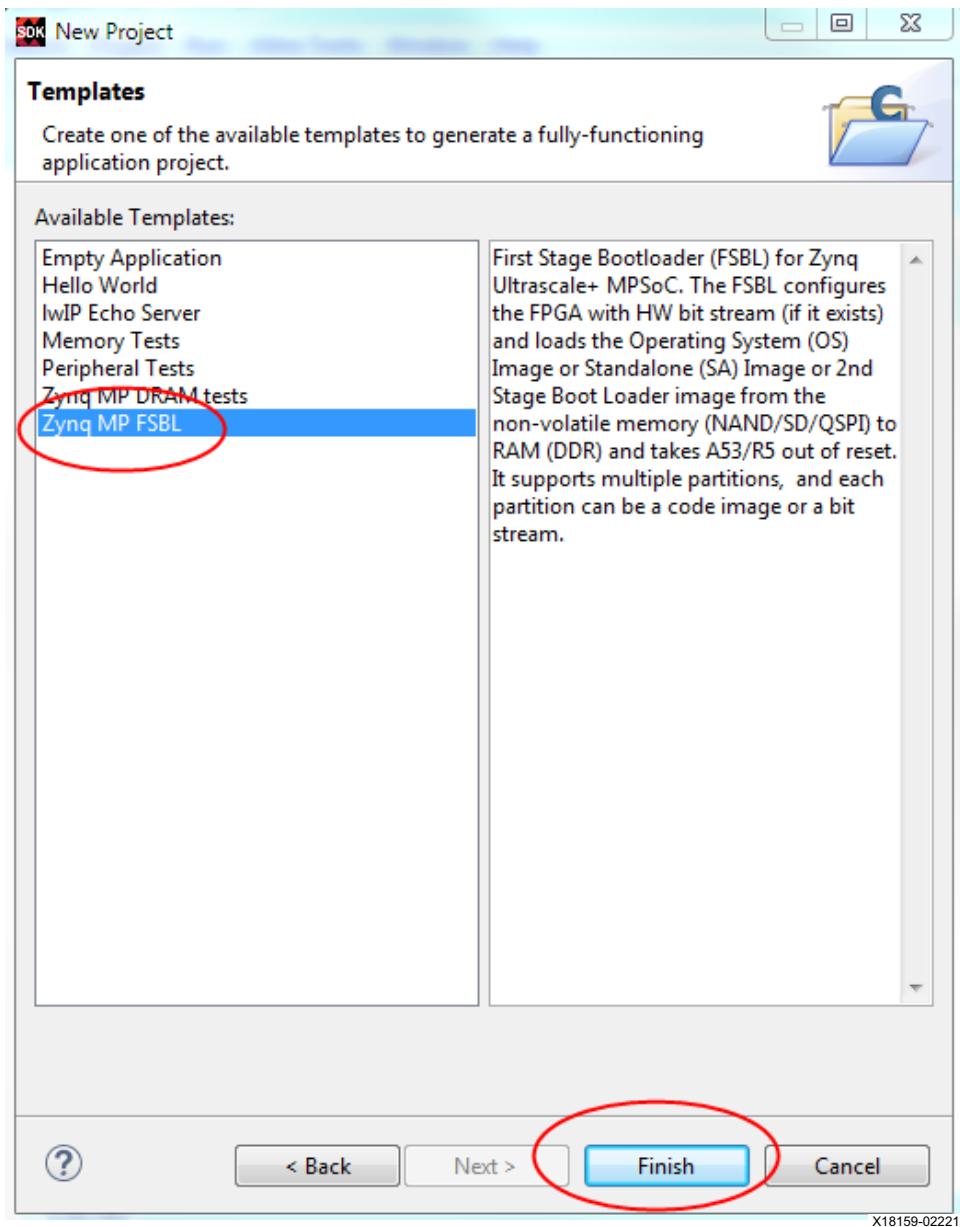


Figure 10: Design 1 - Zynq MP FSBL Template

2. Create the Application Project by selecting **File > New > Application Project**.
 - a. Enter the Project name **sem_icap_mboot_a53_0**. Click **Next**.
 - b. Select **Hello World** and click **Finish**.
 - c. Delete **helloworld.c** by right-clicking it, then select **Delete** in the project explorer. See [Figure 11](#).

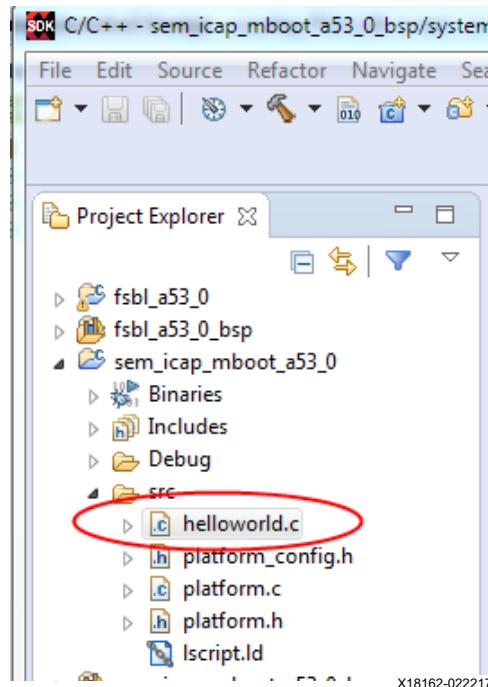


Figure 11: Design 1 - Delete helloworld.c

- d. Copy the `sem_icap_mboot_1.c` file from
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/source/sem_icap_mboot_1.c`
to `<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0/src/`

- e. Right-click the **src** directory. Select **Refresh** so the copied file appears. See [Figure 12](#).

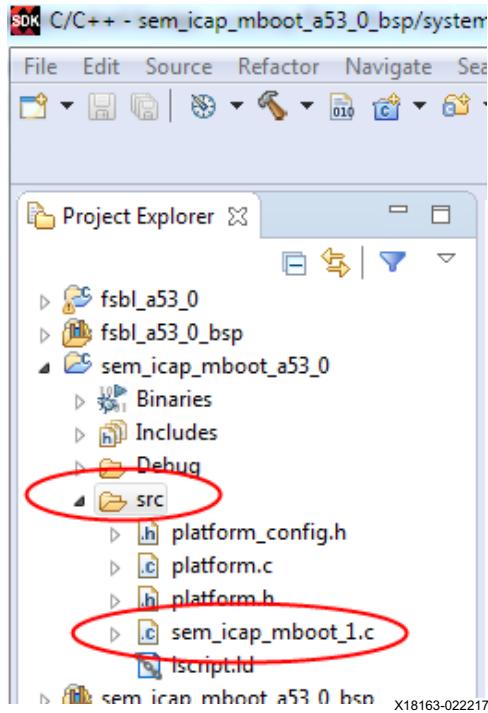


Figure 12: Design 1 - Project Explorer

Design 1 - Create Boot Image

1. Copy the FSBL executable and linkable format (ELF) file `fsbl_a53_0.elf`

```
from <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
fsbl_a53_0/Debug/
to the boot_img directory
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/.
```

2. Copy the BIT file to the boot_img directory

```
from <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
zu9eg_sem_wrapper_hw_platform_0/zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
to <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/
zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
```

3. Copy the sem_icap_mboot ELF file to the boot_img directory

```
from <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
sem_icap_mboot_a53_0/Debug/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf
to <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/
sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf
```

4. Select **Xilinx Tools > Create Boot Image**. Three partitions are added in the following order:
 - a. fsbl_a53_0.elf
 - b. zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
 - c. sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf
5. Change Architecture to **Zynq MP**.
6. In the **Create Boot Image** window, set Output BIF file path to
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/output.bif`
 - a. Verify the Output path is the same as the Output BIF file path. See [Figure 13](#).

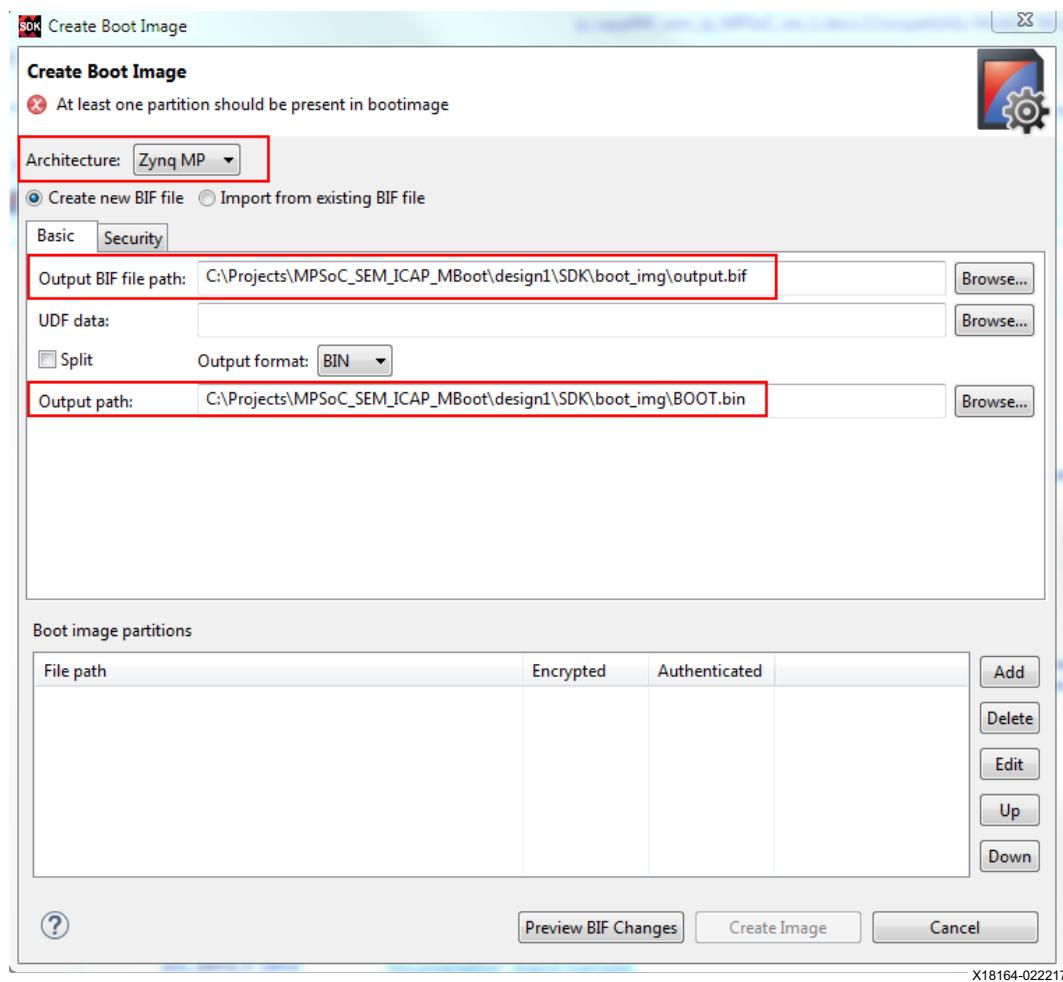


Figure 13: Design 1 - Create Boot Image

7. Add the partitions by selecting **Add**.
 - a. Add the `fsbl_a53_0.elf` partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
 - b. In the **Add Partition** window, set File path to
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/fsbl_a53_0.elf`. Select **OK**.

- c. Verify the Partition Type is **bootloader**, the Destination Device is PS, and the Destination CPU is **A53 x64**. See [Figure 14](#).

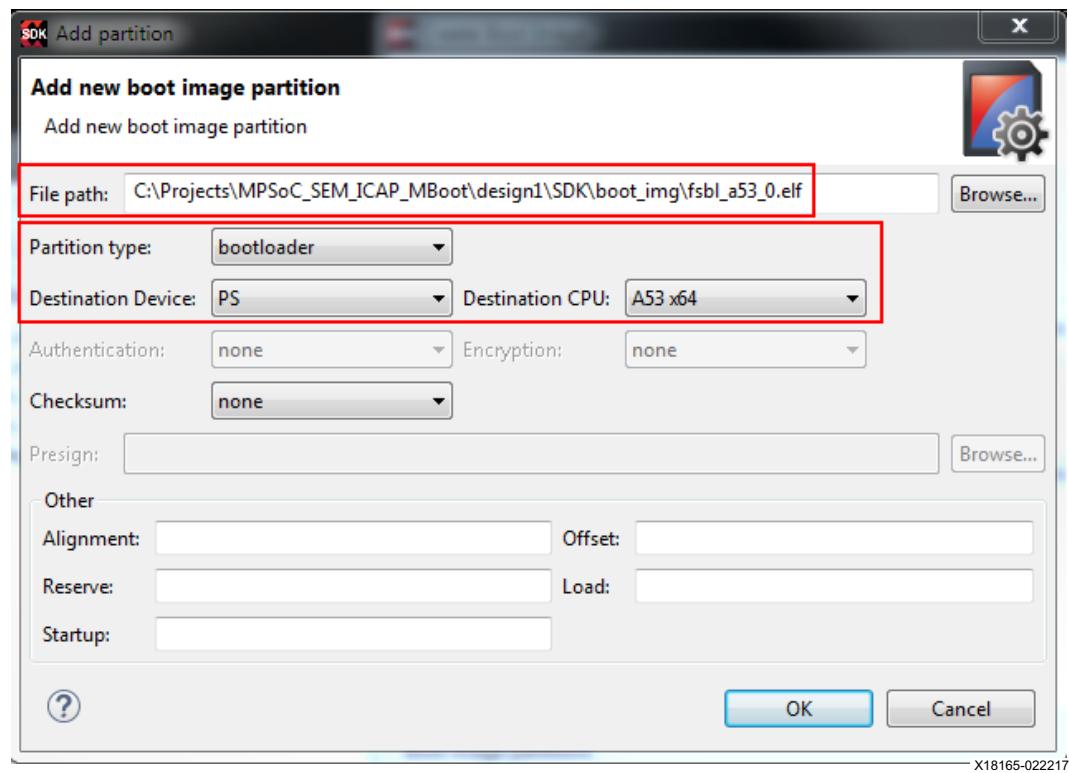


Figure 14: Design 1 - FSBL Boot Partition

8. Add the BIT file to the second partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
- In the **Add Partition** window, set File path to
<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit. Select **OK**.

- b. Verify the Partition type is **datafile** and the Destination Device is PL. See [Figure 15](#).

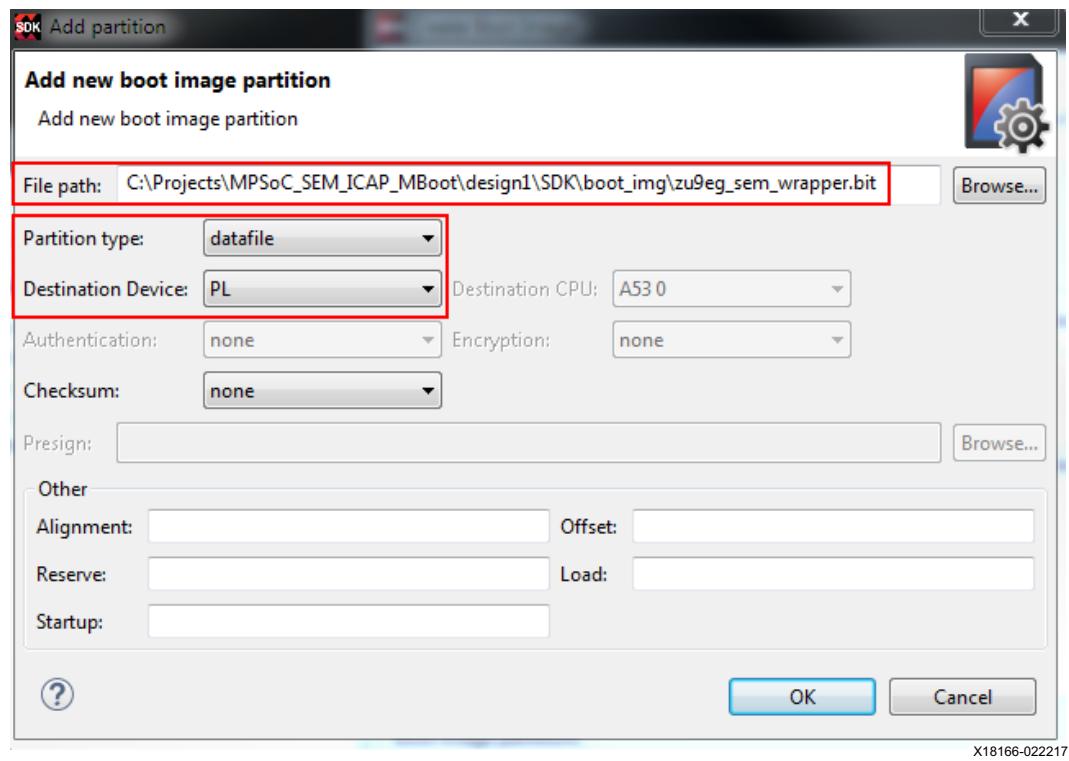


Figure 15: Design 1 - BIT Partition

9. Add the `sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf` file to the third partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
 - a. In the Add Partition window, set File path to
`<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf`. Select **OK**.

- b. Verify the Partition type is **datafile**, the Destination Device is **PS**, and the Destination CPU is **A53 0**. See [Figure 16](#).

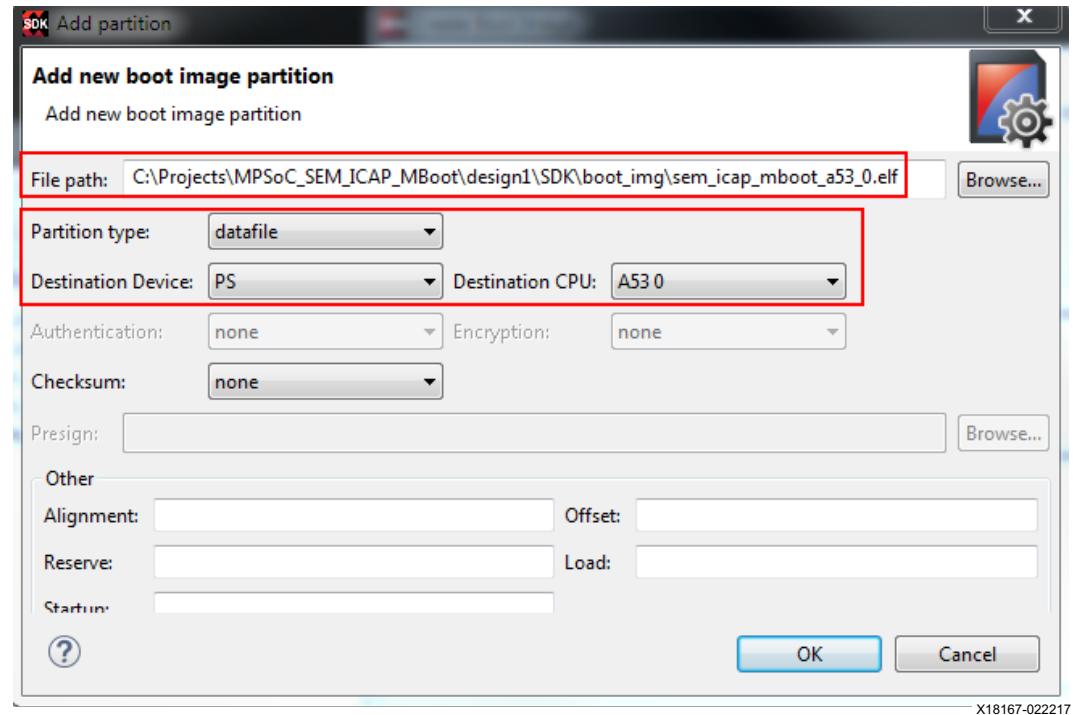


Figure 16: Design 1 - SEM ICAP MultiBoot Partition

10. Verify the Boot image partitions paths. See [Figure 17](#). Click **Create Image**.

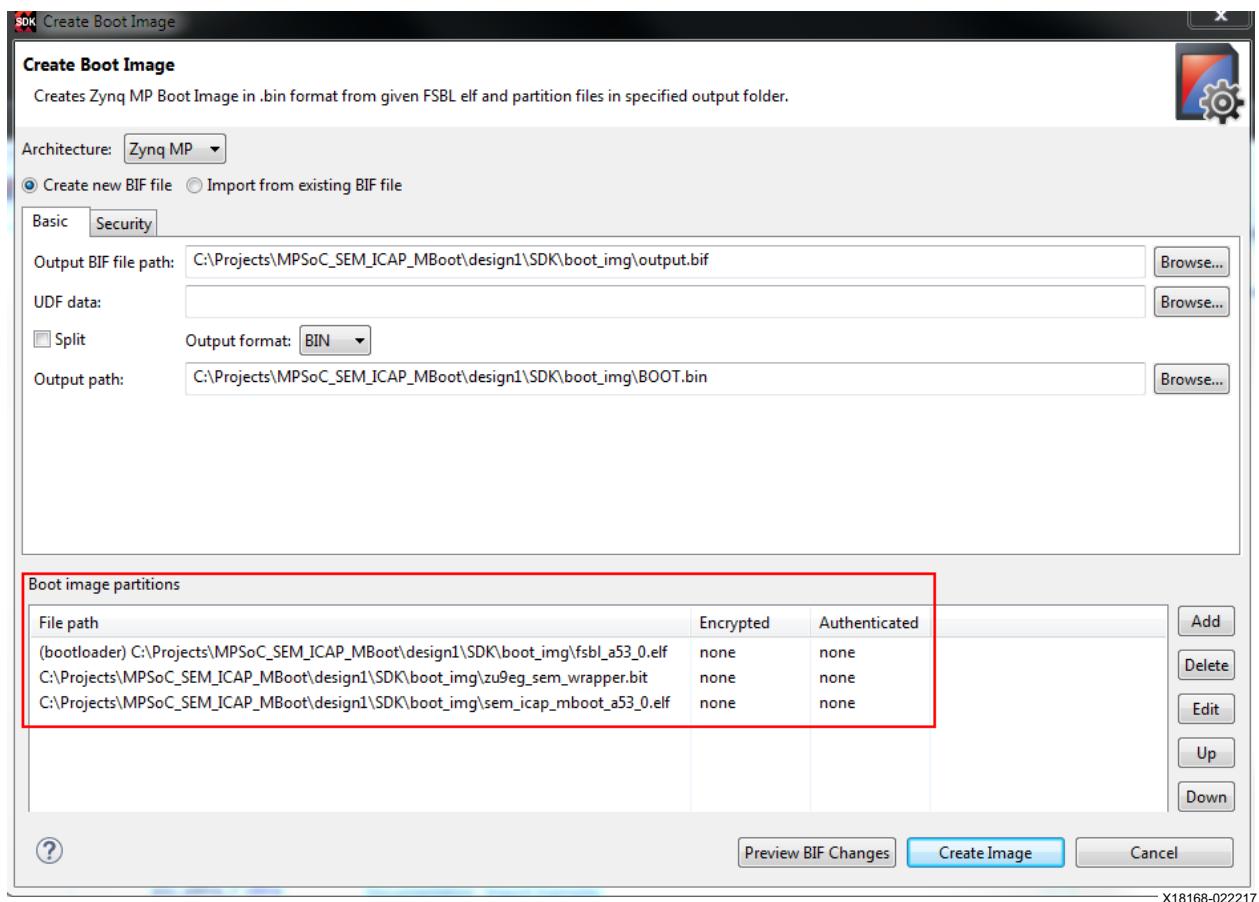


Figure 17: Design 1 - Create Boot Image

Design 2 - Generate PL Design

These sections contain instructions to generate the PL bitstream for Design 2 of the reference design from scratch.

Create Project

These instructions describe how to generate this portion of the reference design from scratch.

Note: <path> = C:/Projects in the following steps.

1. Change directory to MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_Mboot.
2. Open the Vivado Design Suite.
3. Before creating a project, in the Tcl console set the path to the zcu102 board repository files:
 - a. Set `set_param board.repoPaths` to the path to zcu102 board files. For example:

```
set_param board.repoPaths C:/Projects/zcu102
```

4. Create a new project and configure it as follows:
 - a. Project name: **zu9eg_sem**
 - b. Project location: **<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2.**
 - c. Select **RTL Project** and **Do not specify sources at this time**.
 - d. Select **Boards**, set **Xilinx** as the vendor, and select the **Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 Evaluation Board**. See [Figure 18](#).

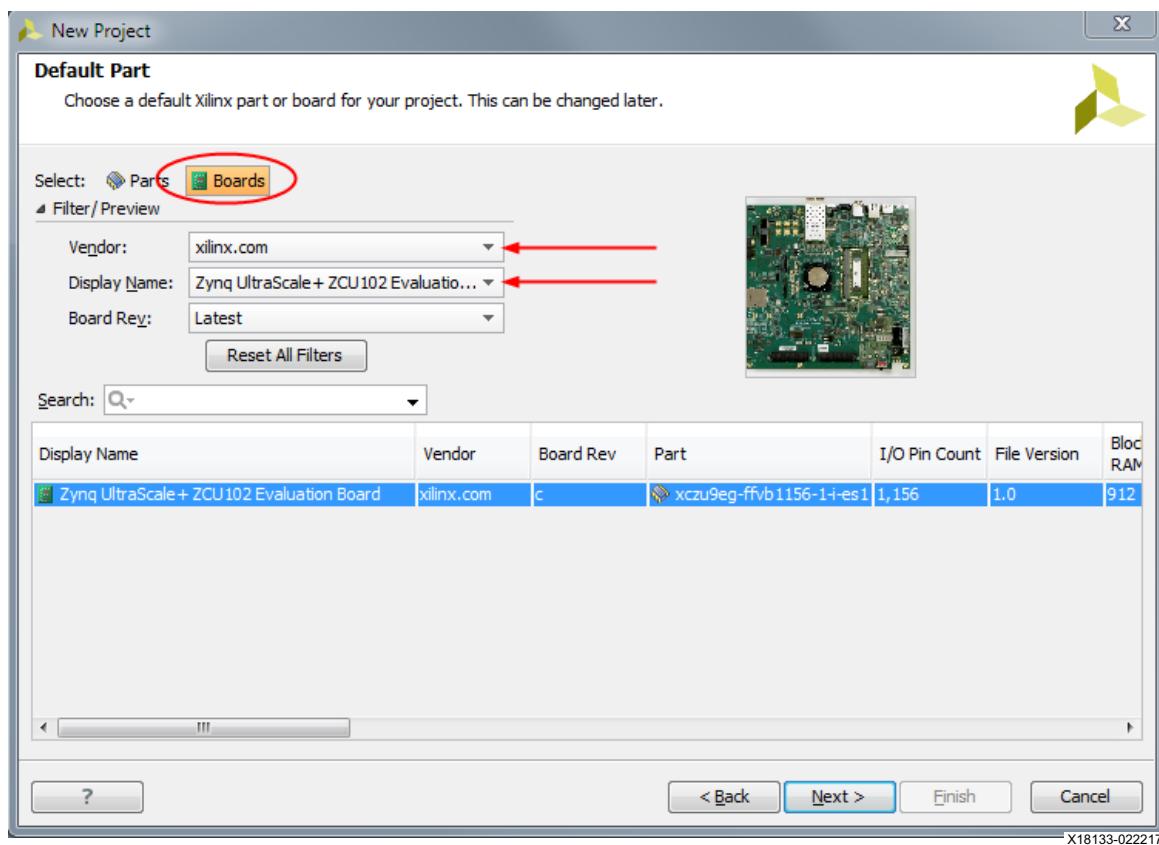


Figure 18: Design 2 - Board Selection

- e. Click **Next**, then **Finish**.
5. Set the IP repository path for the ZU3EG SEM controller included in the application note ZIP file.
 - a.

```
set_property ip_repo_paths  
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1> [current_project]
```

For example, in the Vivado Tcl console enter:

```
set_property ip_repo_paths  
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1 [current_project]
```

b.

```
update_ip_catalog -rebuild
```

Ignore this duplicate IP warning:

WARNING: [IP_Flow 19-1663] Duplicate IP found for xilinx.com:ip:sem_ultra:3.1. The one found in IP location c:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip/sem_ultra_v3_1 will take precedence over the same IP in the Xilinx installed IP.

Add Files

1. Add the constraints file via the Vivado Tcl console:

```
a. add_files -fileset constrs_1 -norecurse
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/Vivado/hdl/constraints/
zu9eg_sem.xdc

b. import_files -fileset constrs_1 -force
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/Vivado/hdl/constraints/
zu9eg_sem.xdc
```

2. Add four SEM UART files to the project:

```
a. add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v}

b. add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v}

c. add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v}

d. add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

For example:

```
add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes
{C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
C:/Projects/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

3. Import four SEM UART files to the project:

```
a. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v}

b. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v }

c. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v }

d. import_files -force -norecurse
{<path>/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/
sem_ultra_0_example/sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/
example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

For example:

```
import_files -force -norecurse
{C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/sem_ultra_0_uart_fifo.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_piso.v
C:/Projects/MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/sem_uart_src/project_1/sem_ultra_0_example/
sem_ultra_0_example.srcs/sources_1/imports/example_design/support/
sem_ultra_0_uart_sipo.v}
```

4. Select **Create Block Design** and set the Design name to **zu9eg_sem**.

Add IP to the Diagram

- In the Vivado **Diagram** tab, right-click **Add IP** and select **ZYNQ UltraScale+ MPSoC**.
 - Select **Run Block Automation**. See [Figure 19](#).

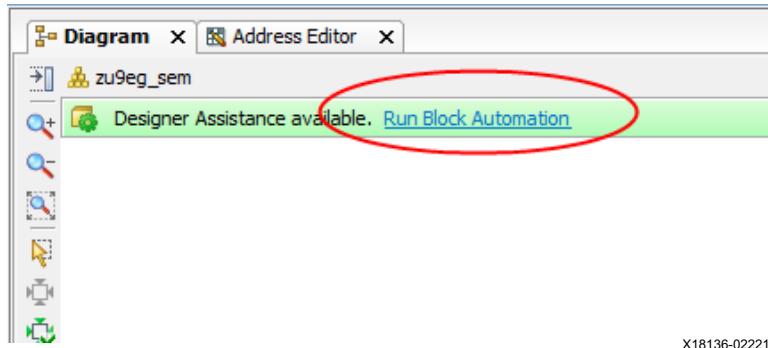


Figure 19: Design 2 - Run Block Automation

- Verify **Apply Board Presets** is selected.
- Configure the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block to enable EMIO GPIO. Deselect **UART 1**. Click **OK**. See [Figure 20](#).

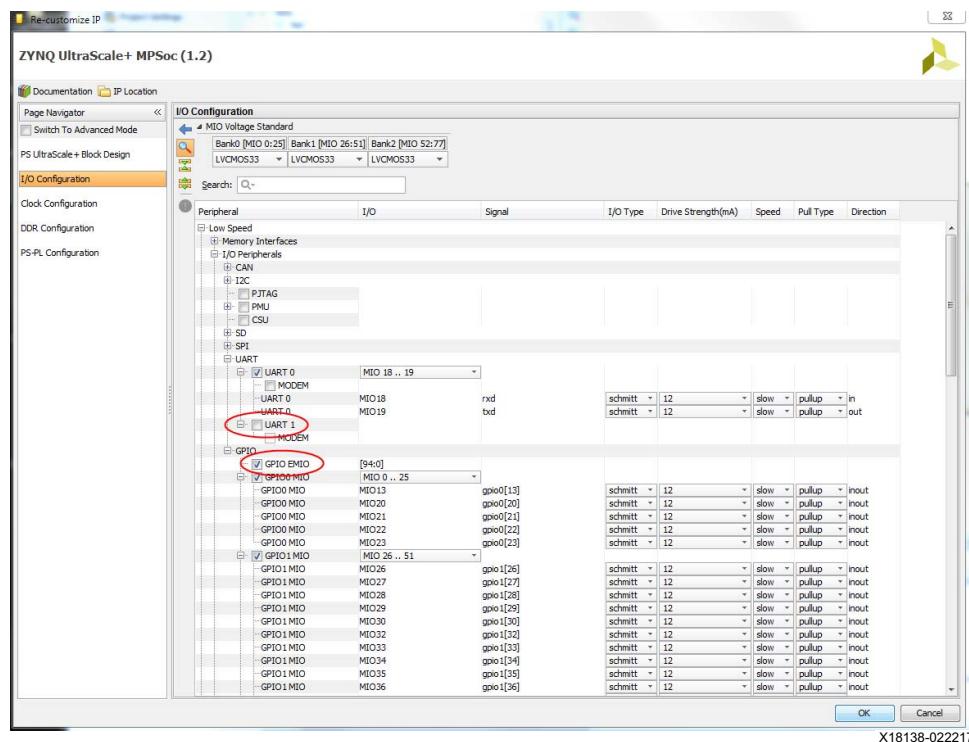


Figure 20: Design 2 - Enable EMIO GPIO

2. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Utility Buffer** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Double click the utility buffer and select the **BUFGCE** type. Click **OK**.
3. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. In the **Duplicate IP** window, click **Add Active IP**.
 - c. Double-click the icon. Select **Mitigation and Testing**, and make sure the Controller Clock Period is set to **10000ps (100MHz)**. Click **OK**.
 - d. In the diagram, select the **cap_req** pin. Right-click and select **Make External**.
4. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add Module**.
 - a. Type **sem_ultra_0_uart.v** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Right-click the **uart_tx** and **uart_rx** pins and select **Make External**.
5. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **1-bit wide** and to output **0** (connects to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation `command_strobe` and `aux_error_cr_ne`, `aux_error_cr_es`, and `aux_error_uc` signals).
6. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **44-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to UltraScale Soft Error Mitigation `command_code` signal.)
7. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **5-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to `In0[4:0]` Concat.)
8. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **2-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to `In2[1:0]` Concat.)
9. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
 - a. Type **Constant** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to be **85-bits wide** and to output **0**. (Connects to `In5[84:0]` Concat.)

10. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.

- Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
- Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **0**
 - Din Down To: **0**
 - Click **OK**.
- Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. A port named Dout is created.
- Change the name of Dout. Select the **Dout** port in the Diagram tab. In the External Port Properties General Tab, change Dout to **bufgce_enabled**. See [Figure 21](#).

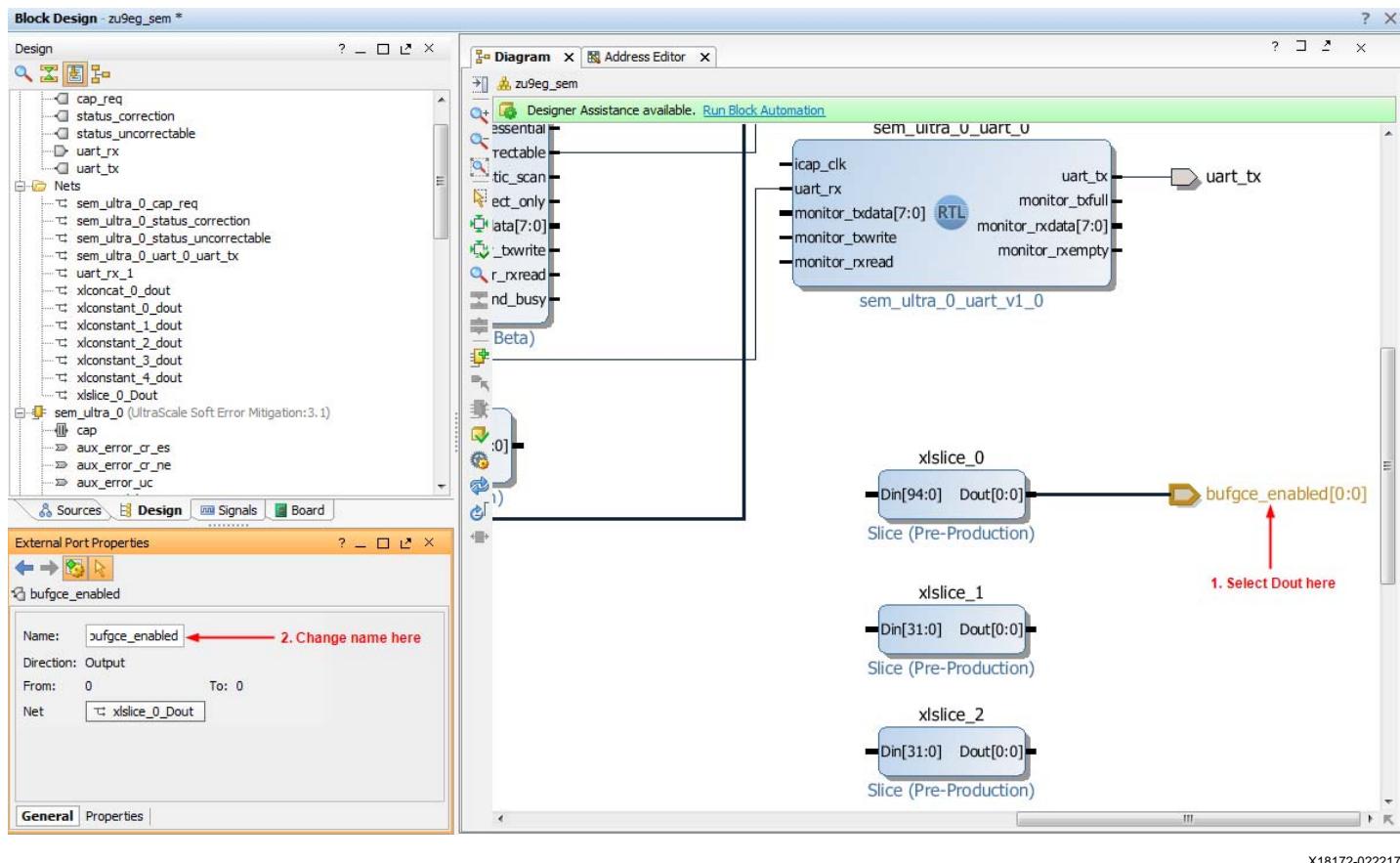


Figure 21: Design 2 - Configure External Port - bufgce_enabled

11. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.

- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
- b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **1**
 - Din Down To: **1**
- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_1**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.

12. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.

- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
- b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **2**
 - Din Down To: **2**
- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_2**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.

13. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.

- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
- b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **3**
 - Din Down To: **3**
- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_3**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.

14. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.

- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
- b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **4**
 - Din Down To: **4**

- c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **gpio_led_4**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.
15. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **6**
 - Din Down To: **6**
 - c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **cap_gnt**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.
16. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Slice** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure as follows (connects to emio_gpio_o[94:0] on the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC block):
 - Din Width: **95**
 - Din From: **7**
 - Din Down To: **7**
 - c. Right-click on **Dout[0:0]** pin and select **Make External**. Change the name to **cap_rel**. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to change the pin name.
17. Right-click on an empty area of the **Diagram** tab and select **Add IP**.
- a. Type **Concat** in the search box, and select it.
 - b. Configure it to have **6** ports. Change Auto to **Manual** on all Ports. Set In0 Width to **5**, In1 Width to **1**, In2 Width to **2**, In3 Width to **1**, In4 Width to **1**, and In5 Width to **85**. Click **OK**. See [Figure 22](#).

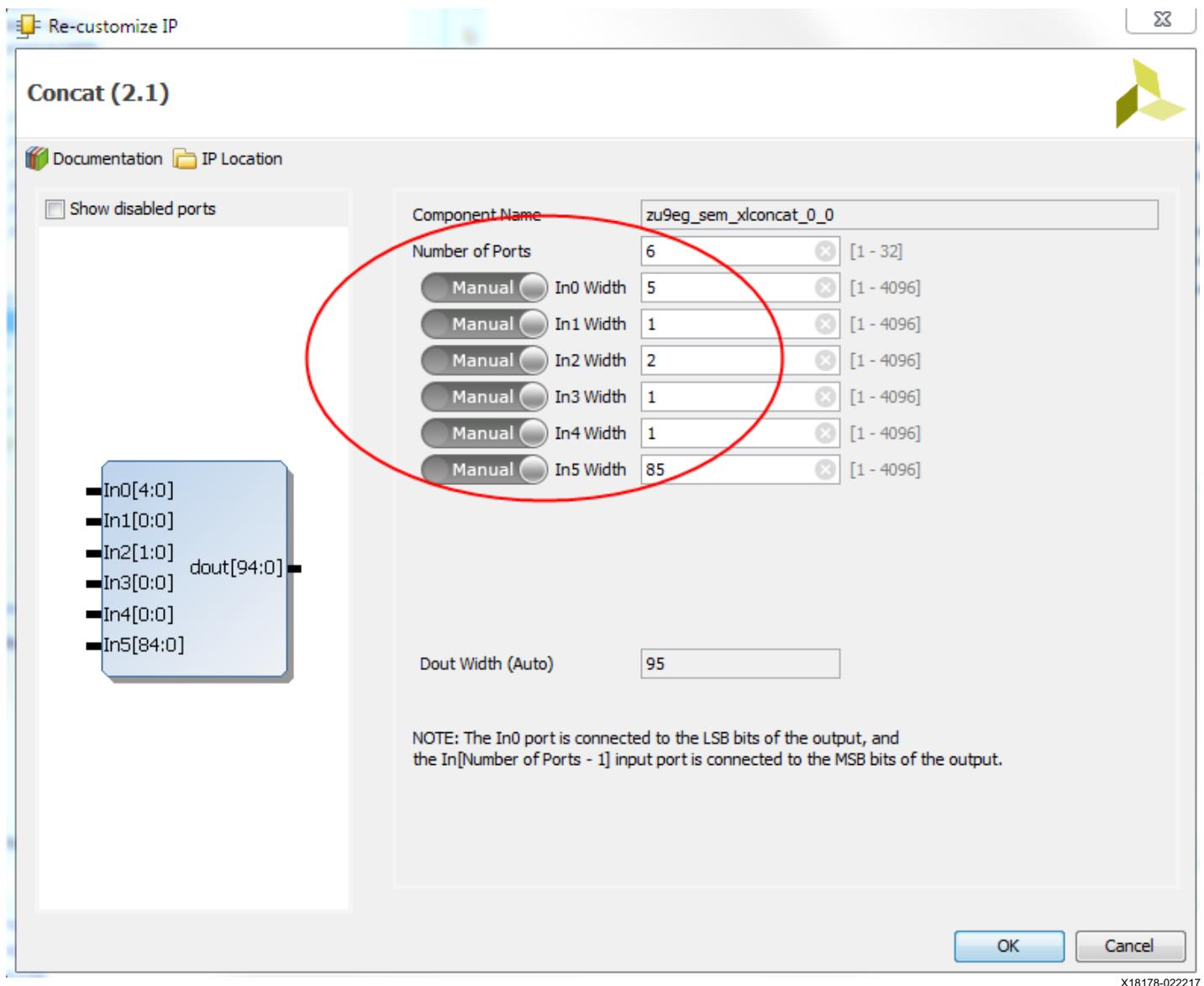


Figure 22: Design 2 - Configure Concat IP - Width 95

- c. See [Figure 3](#) to make the remaining connections to Concat IP:
 - Connect In0 to Const dout[4:0].
 - Connect In1 to external pin cap_req.
 - Connect In2 to Const dout[1:0].
 - Connect In3 to SW13_DIP1. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to right-click In3[0:0] pin, select **Make External**, then change name to SW13_DIP1.
 - Connect In4 to SW13_DIP2. Use the same process in [step 10 step d](#) to right-click In4[0:0] pin, select **Make External**, then change name to SW13_DIP2.
 - Connect In5 to Const dout[84:0].
 - Connect Concat dout[94:0] to Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC emio_gpio_i[94:0].

Make Final Diagram Connections

1. Connect all signals as shown in [Figure 3, Design 2 Vivado IP Integrator Diagram](#).
2. Right-click **zu9eg_sem.bd** and select **Create HDL Wrapper**.
 - a. Select **Let Vivado manage wrapper and auto-update** in the pop-up window.
3. Right-click **zu9eg_sem_wrapper.v** and select **Set As Top**.
4. Right-click in an open area of Block Design and select **Validate Design**.

Generate Block Design and Bitstream

1. Select **Generate Block Design** in the Flow Navigator. See [Figure 23](#).
 - a. Select **Generate**. See [Figure 23](#).

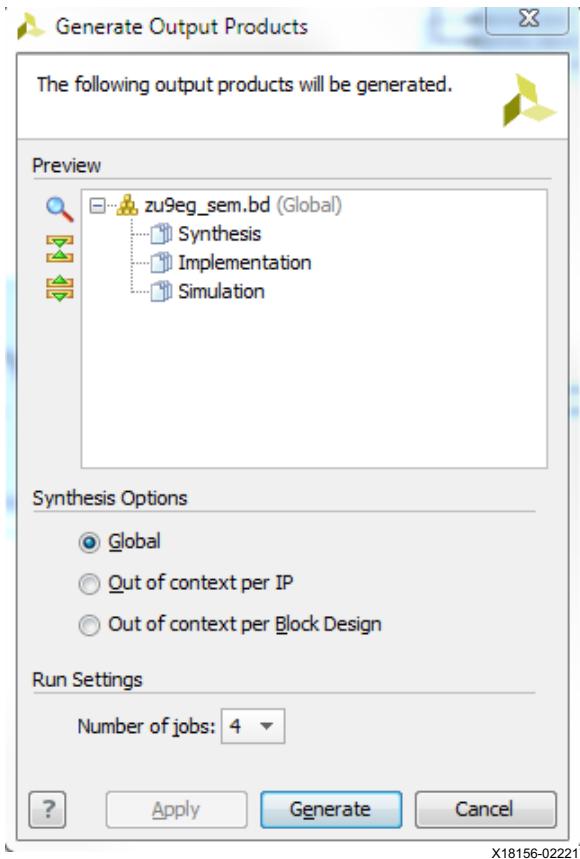


Figure 23: Design 2 - Generate Output Products

2. In the Flow Navigator, select **Generate Bitstream**, open the implemented design, and verify all timing was met.
3. To export the bitstream, select **File > Export > Export Hardware**. Check **Include bitstream**.
4. Select **File > Launch SDK**.

This launches the SDK where the Software application can be created. Proceed to [Design 2 - Generate the PS Software Application](#).

Design 2 - Generate the PS Software Application

These instructions describe how to generate the PS software application for Design 2 of the reference design from scratch.

1. Create the FSBL Application Project by selecting **File > New > Application Project**.
 - a. Enter **fsbl_a53_0** as the Project name. Click **Next**.
 - b. Select **Zynq MP FSBL**. Click **Finish**. See [Figure 24](#).

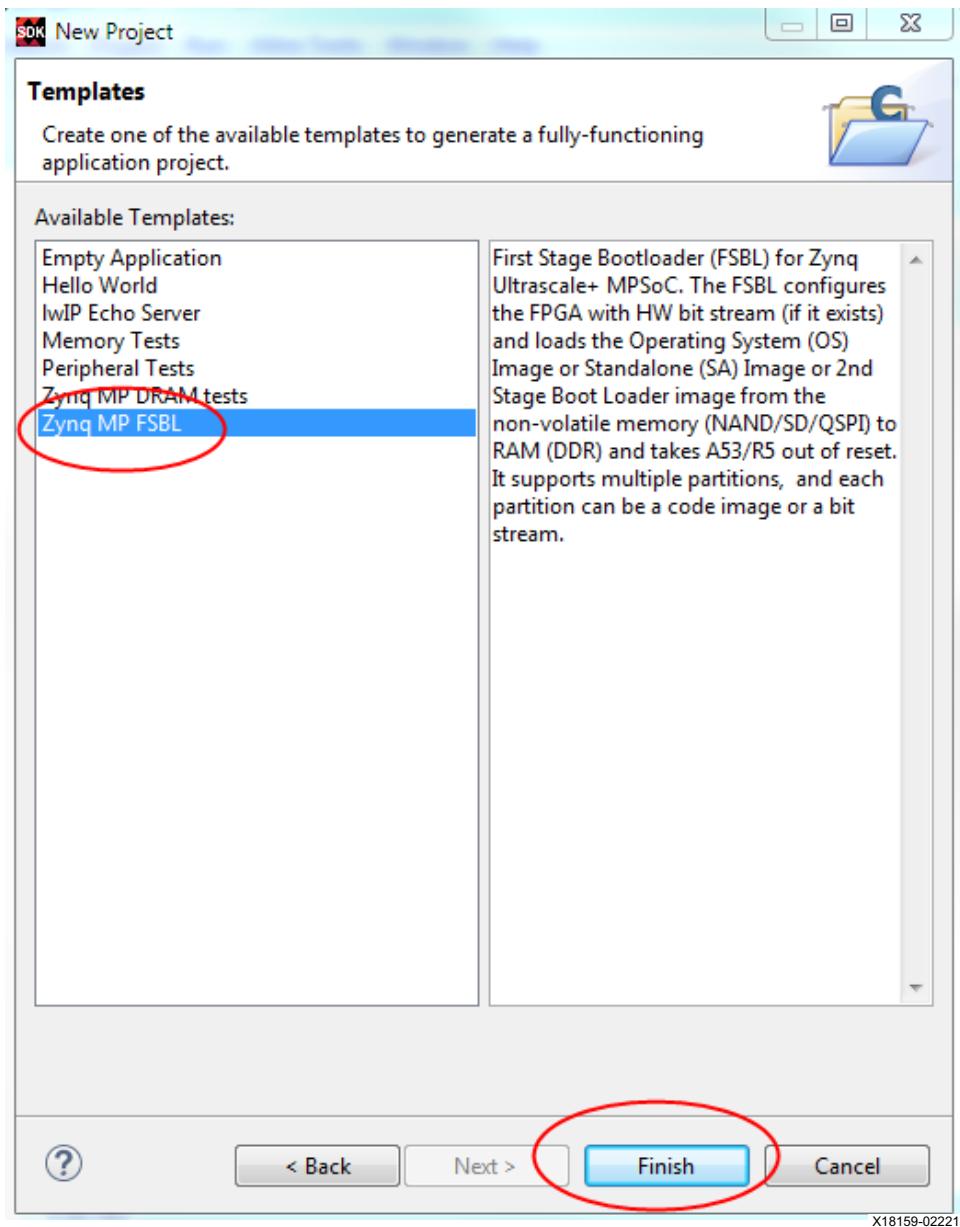


Figure 24: Design 2 - Zynq MP FSBL Template

2. Create the Application Project by selecting **File > New > Application Project**.
 - a. Enter the Project name **sem_icap_mboot_a53_0**. Click **Next**.
 - b. Select **Hello World** and click **Finish**.
 - c. Delete **helloworld.c** by right-clicking it, then select **Delete** in the project explorer. See [Figure 25](#).

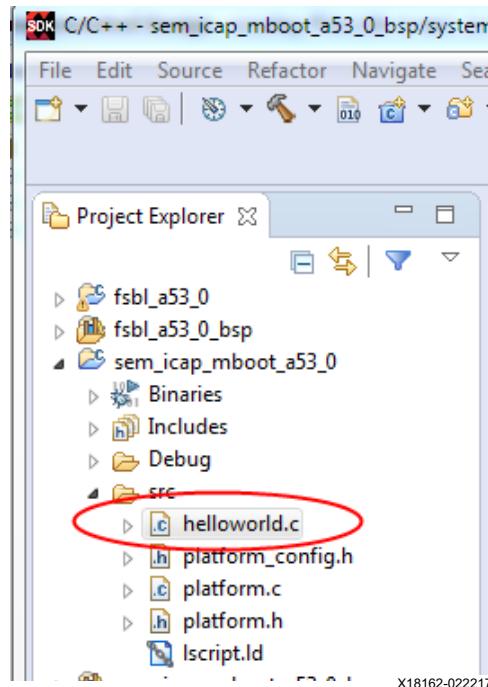


Figure 25: Design 2 - Delete helloworld.c

- d. Copy the `sem_icap_mboot_2.c` file from
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/source/sem_icap_mboot_2.c`
to `<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0/src/`

- e. Right-click the **src** directory. Select **Refresh** so the copied file appears. See [Figure 26](#).

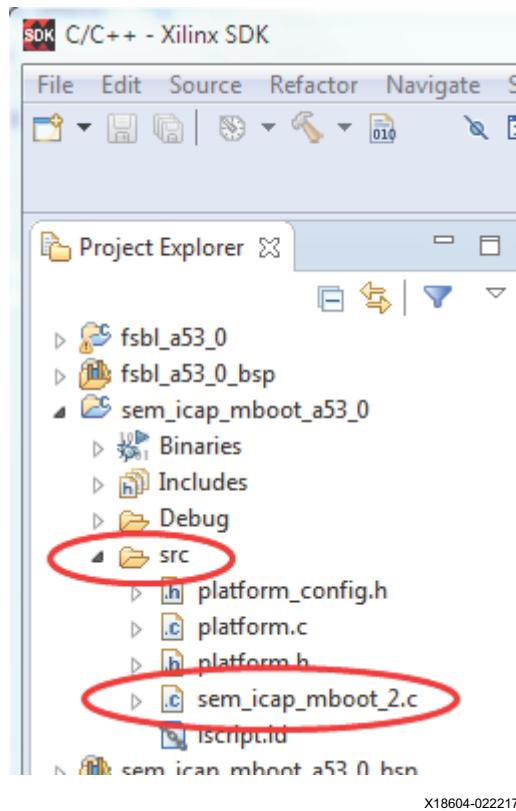


Figure 26: Design 2 - Project Explorer

Design 2 - Create Boot Image

1. Copy the FSBL executable and linkable format (ELF) file `fsbl_a53_0.elf` to the `boot_img` directory.

Copy from

```
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
fsbl_a53_0/Debug/
```

to the `boot_img` directory

```
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/.
```

2. Copy the BIT file to the `boot_img` directory.

Copy from

```
<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
zu9eg_sem_wrapper_hw_platform_0/zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
```

to `<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/
zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit`

3. Copy the sem_icap_mboot ELF file to the boot_img directory.

Copy from

<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/zu9eg_sem/zu9eg_sem.sdk/
sem_icap_mboot_a53_0/Debug/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf

to <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/
sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf

4. Select **Xilinx Tools > Create Boot Image**. Three partitions are added in the following order:

- a. fsbl_a53_0.elf
- b. zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit
- c. sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf

5. Change Architecture to **Zynq MP**.

6. In the **Create Boot Image** window, set Output BIF file path to <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/output.bif
 - a. Verify the Output path is the same as the Output BIF file path. See [Figure 27](#).

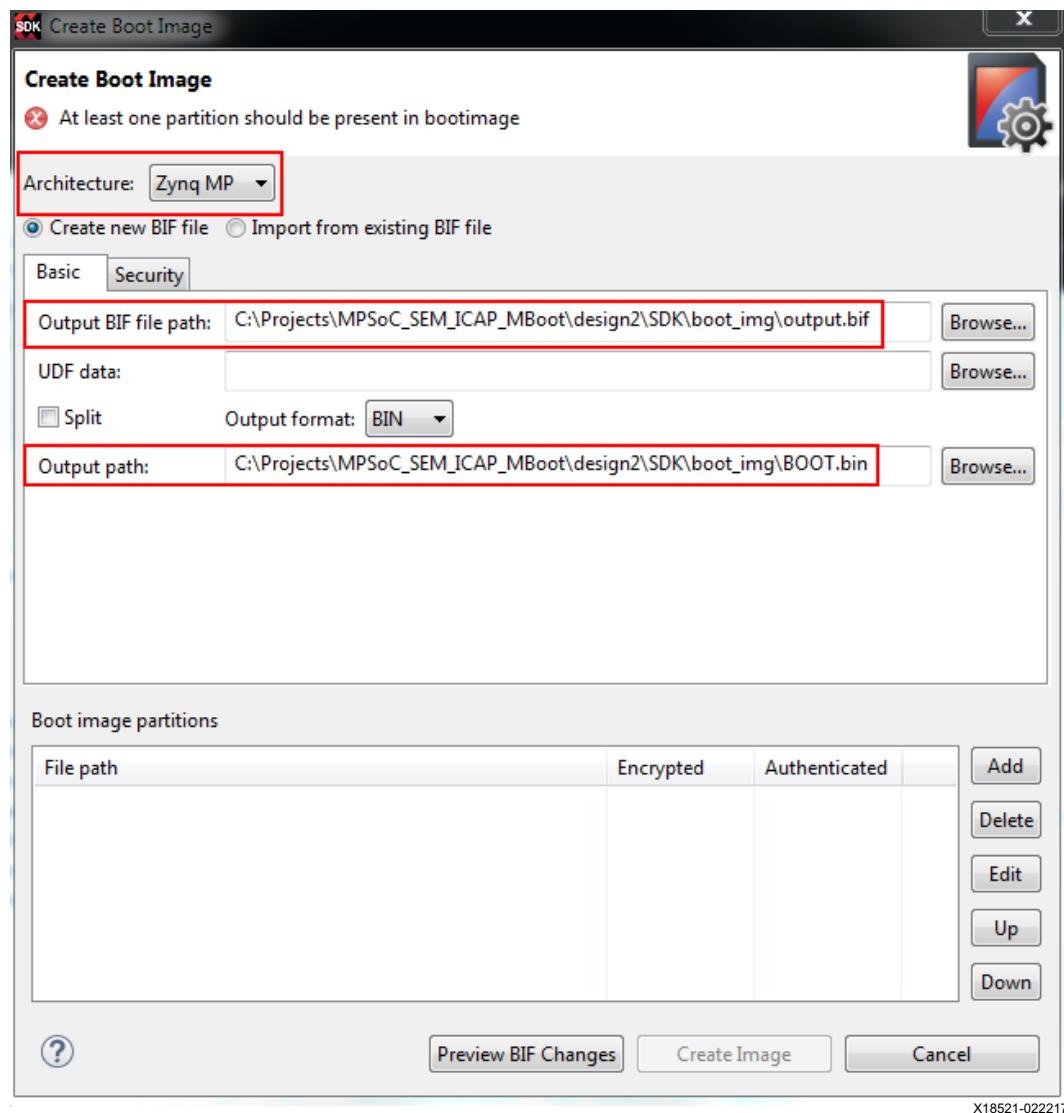


Figure 27: Design 2 - Create Boot Image

7. Add the partitions by selecting **Add**.
 - a. Add the `fsbl_a53_0.elf` partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
 - b. In the **Add Partition** window, set File path to
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/fsbl_a53_0.elf`. Select **OK**.
 - c. Verify the Partition Type is **bootloader**, the Destination Device is **PS**, and the Destination CPU is **A53 x64**. See [Figure 28](#).

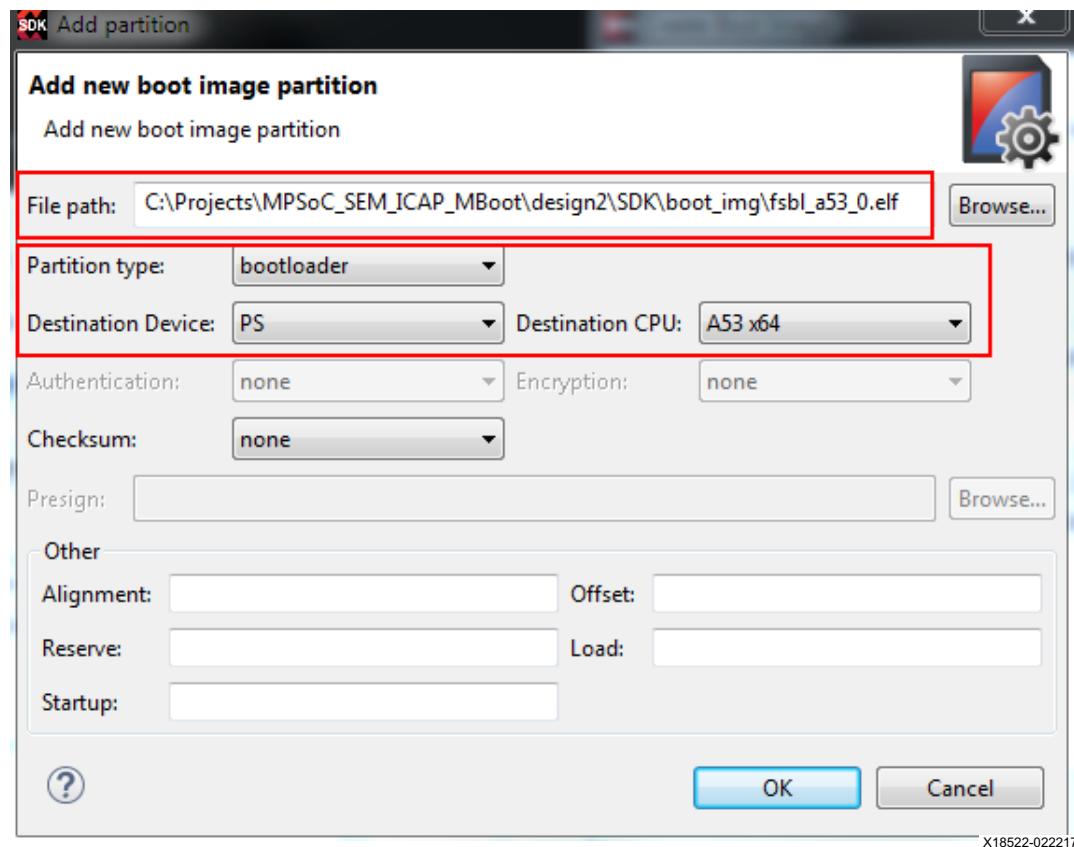
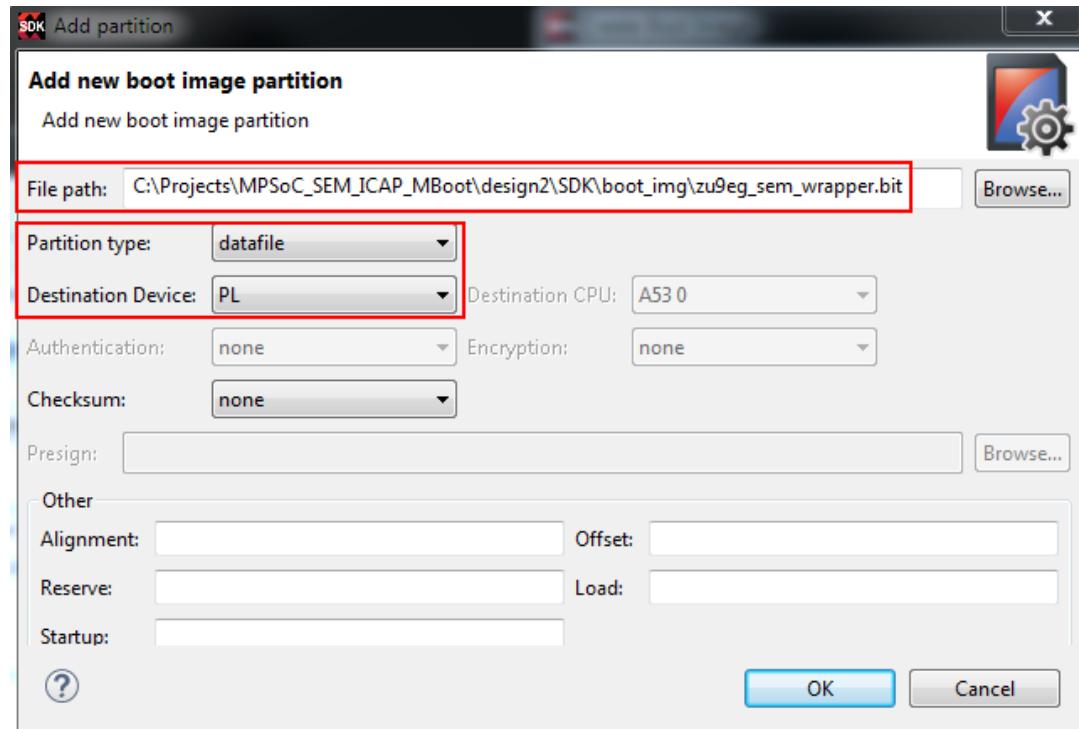


Figure 28: Design 2 - FSBL Boot Partition

8. Add the BIT file to the second partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
 - a. In the **Add Partition** window, set File path to <path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/zu9eg_sem_wrapper.bit. Select **OK**.
 - b. Verify the Partition type is **datafile** and the Destination Device is **PL**. See [Figure 29](#).



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Figure 29: Design 2 - BIT Partition

9. Add the `sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf` file to the third partition by selecting **Add** in the **Create Boot Image** window.
 - a. In the **Add Partition** window, set **File path** to
`<path>/MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/sem_icap_mboot_a53_0.elf`. Select **OK**.
 - b. Verify the Partition type is **datafile**, the Destination Device is **PS**, and the Destination CPU is **A53 0**. See [Figure 30](#).

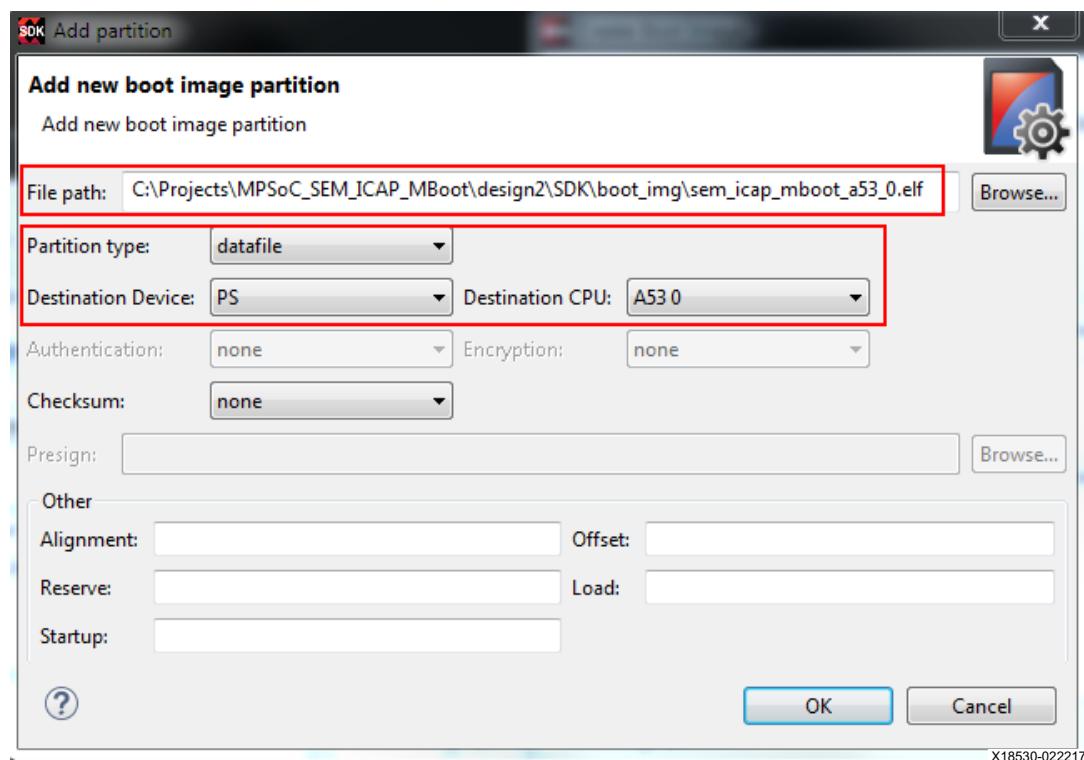


Figure 30: Design 2 - SEM ICAP MultiBoot Partition

10. Verify the **Boot image partitions** paths. See [Figure 31](#). Click **Create Image**.

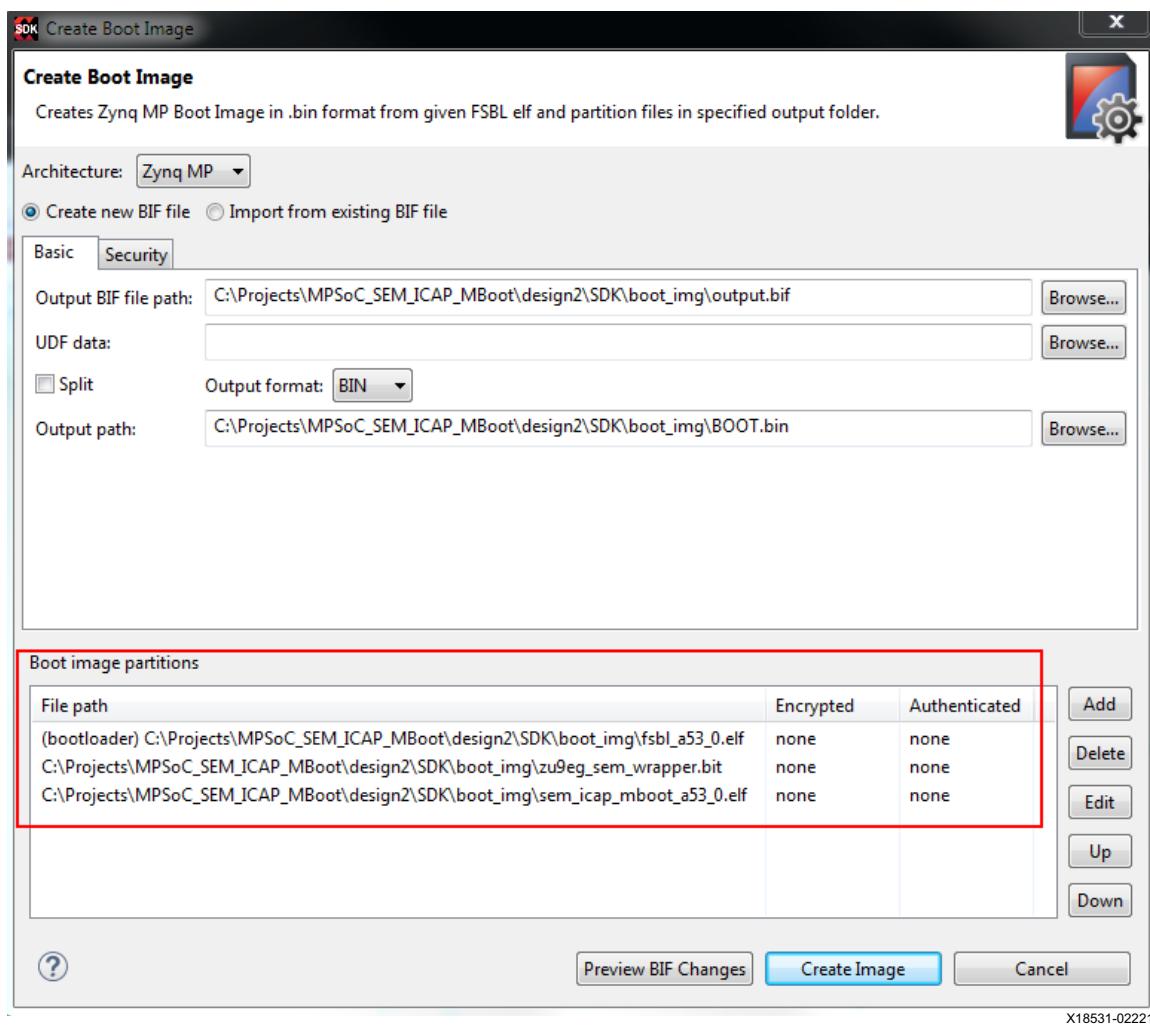


Figure 31: Design 2 - Create Boot Image

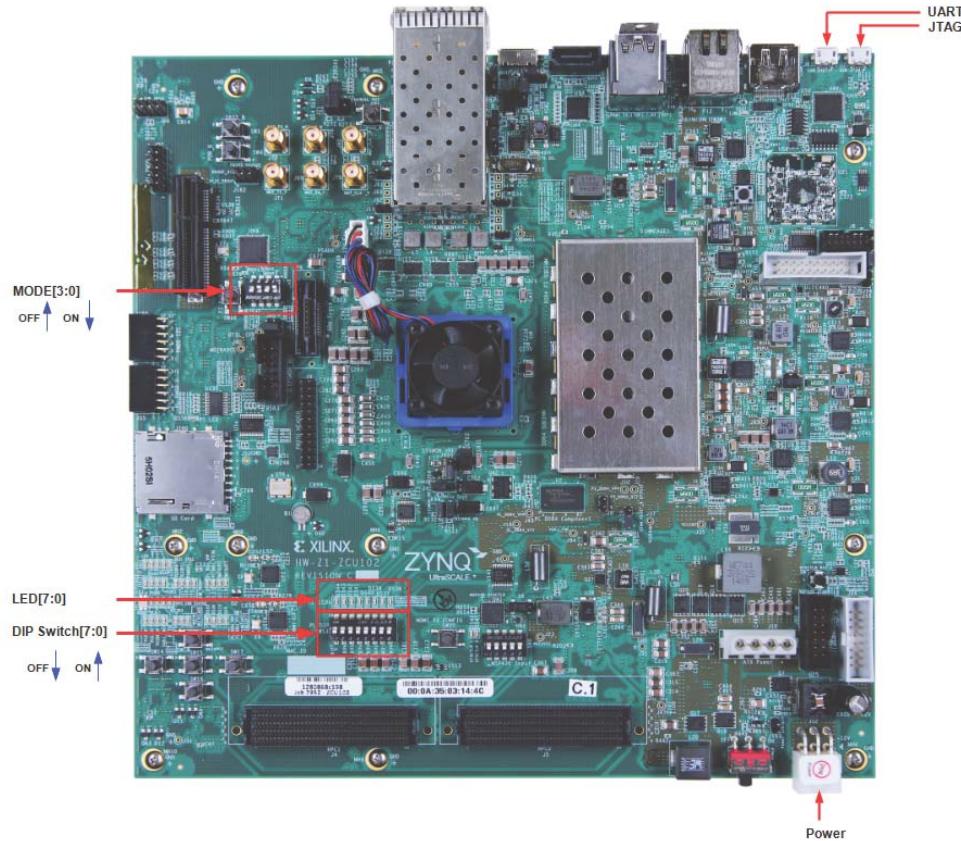
The reference design can be run with the created design files. Proceed to [Running the Reference Design step 2](#). Set up the board.

Running the Reference Design

This section provides a guide for downloading the image files through JTAG to the ZCU102 board. It also shows how to use the PS to initialize the SEM controller and reads status from the SEM controller via the PS EMIO GPIO interface. The SEM UART terminal is used to send commands to the SEM controller.

1. **Unzip the reference design:** Unzip the `xapp1298-integrating-sem-ip.zip`. See the `readme.txt` file in the `MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot` folder.

2. **Set up the board:** Connect the power, USB UART cable, and JTAG programming cable to the board. Set MODE[3:0] pins to ON ON ON ON (SW6). Note that for this DIP switch, in relation to the arrow, moving the switch toward the label ON is a 0. DIP switch labels 1 through 4 are equivalent to Mode pins 0 through 3. See [Figure 32](#) and [Figure 33](#). Apply power.



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Figure 32: ZCU102 Board

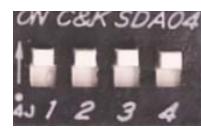


Figure 33: MODE[3:0] DIP Switch Setting (ON ON ON ON)

IMPORTANT: Ensure the ZCU102 board is powered on, the USB UART cable is connected, the JTAG cable is connected, and the JTAG cable drivers have been installed. See [step 3](#) below.



3. Set up the UART driver and select the COM port:

- a. Open two Tera Term terminals and set up a serial connection with these settings:

Baud	115200
Settings	Data 8; Parity None; Stop 1
Flow Control	None
Terminal ID	VT100
New-line Transmit	CR (terminal transmits CR as end of line)
New-line Receive	CR + LF (terminal receives CR as end of line and expands to CR + LF)
Local Echo	No



RECOMMENDED: The Silicon Labs USB UART drivers might need to be installed to get this connection to work for the first time. For more information, see the Silicon Labs CP210x USB-to-UART Installation Guide (UG1033) [Ref 3].

- b. In Tera Term, select the **COM XX** port associated with the **Silicon Labs Quad CP210x USB to UART Bridge: Interface 0 (COMXX)** for the PS UART and **Silicon Labs Quad CP210x USB to UART Bridge: Interface 2 (COMXX)** for the SEM UART in the **Device Manager**, where **COM XX** depends on your computer. See [Figure 34](#).

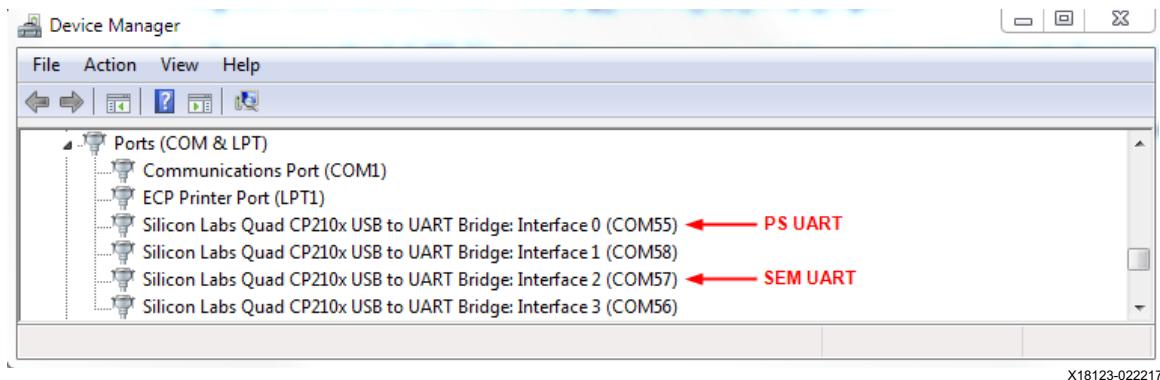


Figure 34: COM Port Selection

Program the Flash Memory

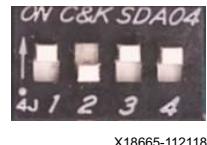
1. Open SDK.
2. **Xilinx Tools > Program Flash** (for Design 1). Settings follow:

Image File	MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/BOOT.bin
Offset	0x00000000
Flash Type	qspi_quad_parallel
FSBL File	MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design1/SDK/boot_img/fsbl_a53_0.elf

3. **Xilinx Tools > Program Flash** (for Design 2). Settings follow:

Image File	MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/BOOT.bin
Offset	0x02000000
Flash Type	qspi_quad_parallel
FSBL File	MPSOC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/design2/SDK/boot_img/fsbl_a53_0.elf

4. After programming finishes, turn off power to the board.
5. Set MODE[3:0] pins (SW6) to ON ON OFF ON. Note that for this DIP switch, in relation to the arrow, moving the switch toward the label ON is a 0. DIP switch labels 1 through 4 are equivalent to Mode pins 0 through 3. See [Figure 35](#).



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Figure 35: MODE[3:0] DIP Switch Setting (ON ON OFF ON)

6. Turn on power to the board.
7. The application starts. Follow the directions in the PS UART terminal and verify SEM controller is operational in the SEM UART terminal. Refer to [Results for Design 1 Application](#) and [Results for Design 2 Application](#) for more details on the software application.

Results

All UART logs are provided under the main directory of the application note ZIP file:

- teraterm_sem_icap_mboot.log - Log file that contains the UART output from the PS.
- teraterm_sem_uart.log - Log file that contains the UART output from the SEM controller.

Results for Design 1 Application

This application initializes the PS UART, controls the transfer of control of the PL configuration logic from PCAP to ICAP (ICAP is required by SEM), and uses the PS EMIO GPIO pins. The application requires your input. A snippet of the output from PS UART of this application is provided alongside of the SEM UART log in [Figure 36](#).

The PS disables PCAP and enables ICAP. Then the BUFGCE is enabled which activates the clock to the SEM logic. This also turns on GPIO LED 0. After GPIO LED 1 and GPIO LED 2 on the evaluation board are turned on by the PS, the PS checks that the SEM controller has asserted ICAP Request. If it is asserted, the PS gives ICAP control to the SEM controller by asserting ICAP Grant. At this point, the SEM controller initializes and automatically transitions to the Observation state. You are instructed to inject a correctable error. This can be performed by entering the following case-sensitive commands in the SEM UART terminal:

I

N C000A098000

O

This is shown in [Figure 36](#) by the top red arrow. After transitioning to the Observation state, the SEM controller detects and corrects the error. GPIO LED 3 flashes on very quickly. You are instructed to inject an uncorrectable error. This can be performed by entering the following case-sensitive commands in the SEM UART terminal:

I

N C000A098000

N C000A098004

O

This is shown in [Figure 36](#) by the middle red arrow. After transitioning to the Observation state, the SEM controller detects the error, but is unable to correct it. GPIO LED 4 turns on and remains on until the device is reconfigured. To reconfigure the device, the PS needs to have control of the CAP interface via PCAP, so SEM must relinquish control of the ICAP interface.

The PS asserts ICAP Release (GPIO LED [7]) and waits for the SEM controller to deassert ICAP Request (GPIO LED [5]). After SEM deasserts ICAP Request, it automatically transitions to the Idle state. The PS disables the BUFGCE clock (GPIO LED [0]). The SEM controller is now ready for reconfiguration to occur.

The PS enables the PCAP and performs multiboot. This is represented by the bottom red arrow in [Figure 36](#). Refer to the application (`sem_icap_mboot_1.c`) for more details.

```

Xilinx Zynq MP First Stage Boot Loader
Release 2016.2 Jun 29 2016 - 10:38:55
FlashID=0x20 0xBB 0x20
UltraScale+ Zynq MPSoC with SEM IP Boot Image #1
*** PCAP Register Access ***
| INFO : PCAP is disable, ICAP is enabled
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** BUFGCE Enablement ***
| INFO: ICAP Clock is enabled. Verify LED 0 is illuminated.
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Turn ON GPIO LED 1
*** Turn ON GPIO LED 2
| INFO: GPIO LED's are properly illuminated
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Wait for ICAP Request from SEM IP ***
| INFO: SEM IP has asserted ICAP Request
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Assert ICAP Grant, but continue to Deassert ICAP Release ***
| INFO: ICAP Release and ICAP Grant are LOW and HIGH respectively.
Verify SEM IP Initialization completed!!!
Inject a single bit error at LFA 0xC000A098000
Enter the following commands in the SEM IP Monitor Interface.
After each command press Return/Enter:
| I
| N C000A098000
| O
INFO: SEM IP went into the Correction state.
Check the SEM IP Monitor output for the report!!!
Create an uncorrectable error by injecting 2 single bit errors at
LFA 0xC000A098000 and LFA 0xC000A098004
Enter the following commands in the SEM IP Monitor Interface.
After each command press Return/Enter:
| I
| N C000A098000
| N C000A098004
| O
*** Uncorrectable Error Detected. Rebooting with new image file... ***
Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Return control to PCAP ***
| Assert ICAP Release, and continue to assert ICAP Grant
| INFO :ICAP Release is asserted!
| Wait for SEM IP to deassert ICAP Request
| INFO : SEM IP has Deasserted ICAP Request
Verify SEM IP is in the Idle State.
Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** BUFGCE Disable ***
| INFO : ICAP Clock is disabled. LED 0 is OFF. SEM IP is now non-responsive.
Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** PCAP Register Access ***
| INFO : PCAP is enabled, ICAP is disabled
| Press Enter/Return to load a different boot image...
This will perform a soft reset
*** Setting up mulXilinx Zynq MP First Stage Boot Loader

```

SEM_ULTRA_V3_1
SC 01
FS 04
AF 01
ICAP OK
RDBK OK
INIT OK
SC 02
O> *** user enters correctable error here ***
I
SC 00
I> N C000A098000
SC 10
SC 00
I> O
SC 02
O>
RI 00
SC 04
ECC
TS 000006ED
PA 00180200
LA 0000A098
COR
WD 00 BT 00
END
FC 00
SC 08
FC 40
SC 02
O> *** user enters uncorrectable error here ***
I
SC 00
I> N C000A098000
SC 10
SC 00
I> O
SC 02
O>
RI 00
SC 04
ECC
TS 00000A72
PA 00180200
LA 0000A098
COR
END
FC 60
SC 08
FC 60
SC 00
I> *** SEM IP Boot Image #2 is loaded ***

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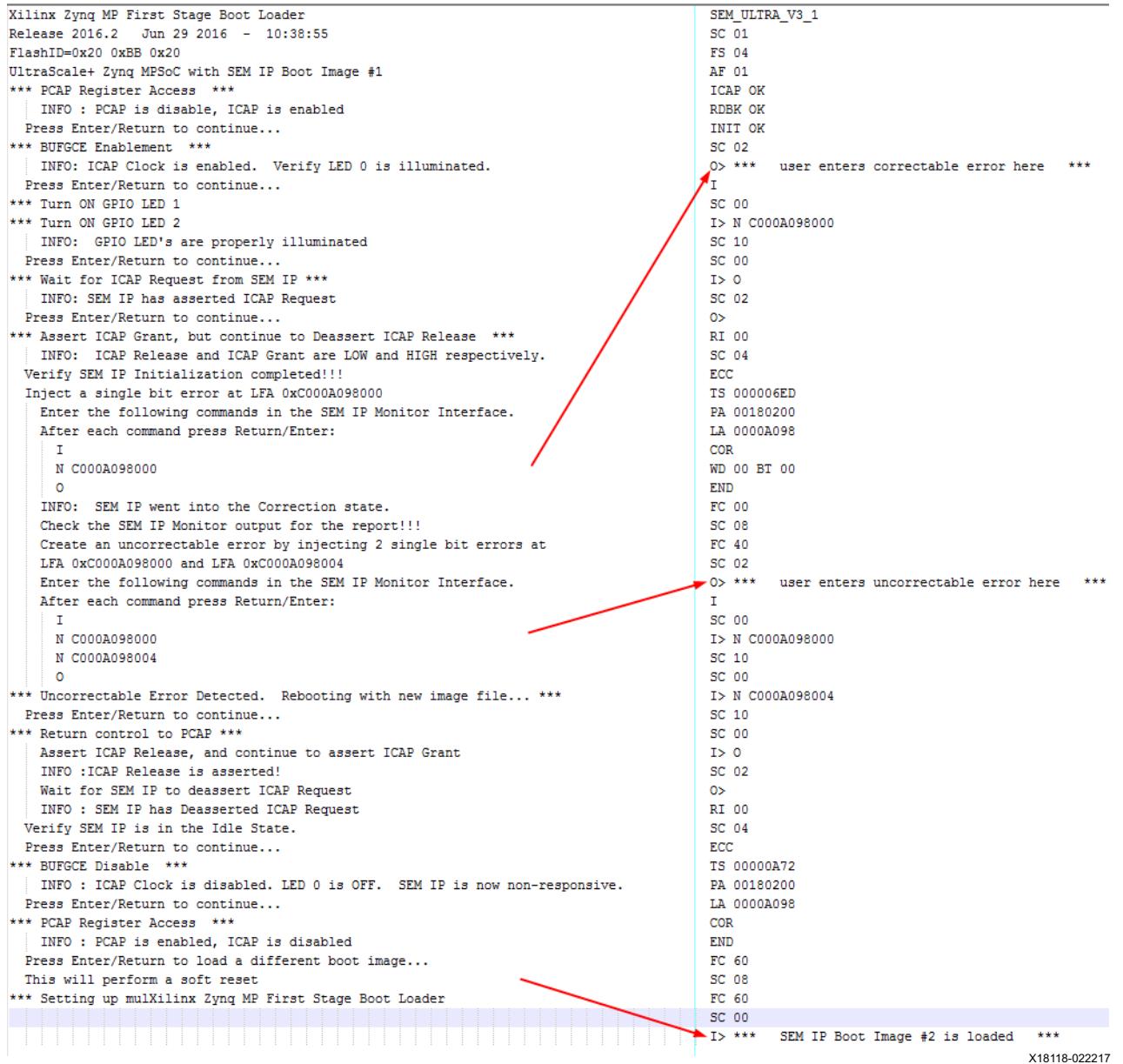


Figure 36: Design 1 PS and SEM UART Output

Results for Design 2 Application

This application initializes the PS UART, controls the transfer of control of the PL configuration logic from PCAP to ICAP (ICAP is required by SEM), and uses the PS EMIO GPIO pins and user input from the DIP switches on the evaluation board. A snippet of the output from PS UART of this application is provided alongside of the SEM UART log in [Figure 37](#).

The PS disables PCAP and enables ICAP. Then the BUFGCE is enabled which activates the clock to the SEM logic. This also turns on GPIO LED 0. After you turn on DIP switch 1, GPIO LED 1 blinks. Then you must turn off DIP switch 1, and turn on DIP switch 2. This causes GPIO LEDs 1

to 4 to flash on and off in succession of each other. You must turn off DIP switch 2. Then the PS checks that the SEM controller has asserted ICAP Request. If it is asserted, the PS gives ICAP control to the SEM controller by asserting ICAP Grant. At this point, the SEM controller initializes and automatically transitions to the Observation state.

You are instructed to perform a short manual test to verify the SEM controller is operating correctly. This is represented by the red arrow in [Figure 37](#). After this, the PS performs multiboot again and the PL is configured with the boot image from Design 1. However, to reconfigure the device, the PS needs to have control of the CAP interface via PCAP, so SEM must relinquish control of the ICAP interface.

The PS asserts ICAP Release (GPIO LED [7]) and waits for the SEM controller to deassert ICAP Request (GPIO LED [5]). After SEM deasserts ICAP Request, it automatically transitions to the Idle state. The PS disables the BUFGCE clock (GPIO LED [0]). The SEM controller is now ready for reconfiguration to occur.

The PS enables the PCAP and performs multiboot. Refer to the application (`sem_icap_mboot_2.c`) for more details.

```

Release 2016.2 Jun 29 2016 - 16:05:47
FlashID=0x20 0xBB 0x20
UltraScale+ Zynq MPSoC with SEM IP Boot Image #2
*** PCAP Register Access ***
| INFO : PCAP is disable, ICAP is enabled
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** BUFGCE Enablement ***
| INFO: ICAP Clock is enabled. Verify LED 0 is illuminated.
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Turn SW13 DIP Switch 1 ON to start blinking LED 1 ***
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
| INFO: SW13 DIP Switch 1 is ON, LED 1 should blink
| Turn OFF SW13 DIP Switch 1 to continue
*** Turn SW13 DIP Switch 2 ON to start blinking LED 2 ***
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
| INFO: SW13 DIP Switch 2 is ON, LED 1, 2, 3, and 4 will blink in sequence
| Turn OFF SW13 DIP Switch 2 to continue. LED 1, 2, 3, and 4 will turn off.
*** Wait for ICAP Request from SEM IP ***
| INFO: SEM IP has asserted ICAP Request
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Assert ICAP Grant, but continue to Deassert ICAP Release ***
| INFO: ICAP Release and ICAP Grant are LOW and HIGH respectively.
| Verify SEM IP Initialization completed!!!
| Perform short manual test to verify SEM IP is operating as expected
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** Return control to PCAP ***
| Assert ICAP Release, and continue to assert ICAP Grant
| INFO :ICAP Release is asserted!
| Wait for SEM IP to deassert ICAP Request
| INFO : SEM IP has Deasserted ICAP Request
| Verify SEM IP is in the Idle State.
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** BUFGCE Disable ***
| INFO : ICAP Clock is disabled. LED 0 is OFF. SEM IP is now non-responsive.
| Press Enter/Return to continue...
*** PCAP Register Access ***
| INFO : PCAP is enabled, ICAP is disabled
| Press Enter/Return to load a different boot image...
| This will perform a soft reset
*** Setting up mulXilinx Zynq MP First Stage Boot Loader
Release 2016.2 Jun 29 2016 - 10:38:55
FlashID=0x20 0xBB 0x20
UltraScale+ Zynq MPSoC with SEM IP Boot Image #1
*** PCAP Register Access ***
| INFO : PCAP is disable, ICAP is enabled
| Press Enter/Return to continue...

```

I> *** SEM IP Boot Image #2 is loaded ***
 SEM_ULTRA_V3_1
 SC 01
 FS 04
 AF 01
 ICAP OK
 RDBK OK
 INIT OK
 SC 02
 O> *** user short manual test here ***
 I
 SC 00
 I> N C000A098000
 SC 10
 SC 00
 I> O
 SC 02
 O>
 RI 00
 SC 04
 ECC
 TS 000006ED
 PA 00180200
 LA 0000A098
 COR
 WD 00 BT 00
 END
 FC 00
 SC 08
 FC 40
 SC 02
 O> I
 SC 00
 I>

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Figure 37: Design 2 PS and SEM UART Output

Debugging

Ensure all diagram connections match those in [Figure 2](#) and [Figure 3](#).

Limitations and Considerations



IMPORTANT: *This application and all supporting files are for **demonstration purposes only**. All files are delivered **as is**. This reference design is not intended to be a drop-in solution. After integrating this reference design into a new design, thorough verification is required to ensure the resulting solution meets functional and reliability goals.*

SEM Controller IP

For the latest information, see the *UltraScale Architecture Soft Error Mitigation Controller LogiCORE IP Product Guide* (PG187) [\[Ref 2\]](#). Note the following:

- The SEM controller does not operate on soft errors in block memory, distributed memory, or flip-flops. Soft error mitigation in these memory resources must be addressed by the user logic through preventive measures such as redundancy or error detection and correction codes.
- The SEM controller initializes and manages the FPGA integrated silicon features for soft error mitigation and when included in a design, does not include any design constraints or options that would enable the built-in detection functions. For example, do not set POST_CRC, POST_CONFIG_CRC, or any other related constraints. Similarly, do not include options to modify GLUTMASK.
- Software-computed ECC and CRC values are not supported.
- Design simulations that instantiate the SEM controller are supported. However, it is not possible to observe the controller behaviors in simulation. Design simulation including the controller compiles, but the controller does not exit the Initialization state. Hardware-based evaluation of the controller behaviors is required.
- Use of bitstream security (encryption and authentication) is currently not supported by the controller.
- Use of SelectMAP persistence is not supported by the controller.
- Only a single ICAP instance is supported for each SEM controller and it must reside at the primary/top physical location.

SEM IP are not supported when targeting UltraScale+ ES1 devices where the GTH and GTY transceivers' dynamic reconfiguration port (DRP) is connected to user logic or IP.

Targeting Other Software Versions

SEM IP

The ZCU102 board uses a ZU9EG device. SEM IP support of this device is not available in the Vivado IP integrator IP catalog before Vivado release 2016.3. The MPSoC_SEM_ICAP_MBoot/ip directory contains the SEM UltraScale+ packaged design (sem_ultra_v3_1) which is required only for designs before 2016.3. From 2016.3 onward, you can generate the SEM IP directly in the Vivado IP integrator using the IP catalog.

ZCU102 Board Files

Starting in Vivado release 2016.4, the ZCU102 board files are included with the Vivado tools. These board files are for board revision 1.0. For designs targeting release 2016.4 or later with board revision 1.0 or later, you do not need to download any board files.

Download the board files from the [Zynq UltraScale+ ZCU102 HeadStart](#) website:

- If you are using Vivado release 2016.4 with a board revision before 1.0 (such as Rev D).
- If you are using a Vivado release prior to 2016.4.

IMPORTANT: Be careful to download the board files for your specific Vivado release and board revision.



References



RECOMMENDED: This application note was developed using Vivado Design Suite 2016.2. It is preferable to use the 2016.2 versions of Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Technical Reference Manual (UG1085) [Ref 3] and Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Register Reference (UG1087) [Ref 4].

1. *Integrating LogiCORE SEM IP with AXI in Zynq UltraScale+ Devices* ([XAPP1303](#))
2. *UltraScale Architecture Soft Error Mitigation Controller LogiCORE IP Product Guide* ([PG187](#))
3. *Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Technical Reference Manual* ([UG1085](#))
4. *Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Register Reference* ([UG1087](#))
5. *Silicon Labs CP210x USB-to-UART Installation Guide* ([UG1033](#))
6. *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP* ([UG896](#))
7. *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Embedded Processor Hardware Design* ([UG898](#))

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Changes
02/10/2017	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
02/13/2017	1.0.1	Made typographical changes.
02/27/2017	1.0.2	An important note was added to the Reference Design and Limitations and Considerations sections.
11/29/2018	1.1	Added clarification about GPIO LED[1] in Reference Design . Updated step 5 in Design 1 - Generate PL Design and step 5 in Design 2 - Generate PL Design . Removed UltraScale Architecture Libraries Guide (UG974) from References .

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